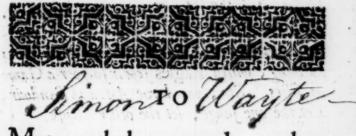
Hæc laue, hie apen Sapienties eft ea vivencem appetere, que morienti forent appe-



London Printed for I Williams at The Crowne in St. Pauls Churchyard 168 &

Hæc laus, hic apex Sapientiæ est ea viventem appetere, quæ morienti forent appetenda.



My much honoured, and no

less truly beloved FRIEND,

EDW. BENLOWES,

besid ESQUIRE.

My dear Friend,

ov have put the Theorboe into my hand, and I have played: You gave the Musician the first encouragement; the Musick returneth to you for Patronage. Had it been a Light Air, no doubt but it had taken the most, and among them the worst; but being a Grave Strain, my hopes are, that it will please the best, and among them you. Toyish Aires please trivial A 2 Ears;

Ears; they kiss the Fancy, and betray it. They cry, Hail, first; and after, Crucifie: Let Dorrs delight to immerd themselves in dung, whilst Eagles scorn so poor a Game as Flies. Sir, you have Art and Candour; Let the one judge, let the other extuse

Your most

affectionate Friend

FRA. QUARLES.

TO



TO THE

READER.

Let not the tende Eye check, to fee the allustor to our blessed Saviour figured in these Types. In Holy Scripture he is sometimes called a Sower; sometimes, a Fisher; sometimes, a Physician: And why not presented so as well to the Eye as to the Ear? Before the knowledge of Letters, God was known by Hieroglyphicks. And indeed what are the Heavens, the Earth, nay, every Creature, but Hieroglyphicks and Emblemes of his Glory? I have no more to say, I wish thee as much pleasure in the Reading, as I had in writing. Farewel R E A DE R.

A 3

By

BY Fathers back'd, by Holy Writ led on,
Thou show'st away to Heav'n by Helicon:
The Muses Font is consecrate by Thee;
And Poesie baptiz'd Divinity:
Blest Soul that here embark'st: Thou sail'st apace,
'Tis hard to say, mov'd more by Wit or Grace,
Each Muse so plies her Oar: but O, the Sail
Is fill'd from Heaven with a Diviner Gale:
When Poets prove Divines, why should not I
Approve in Verse this divine Poetry?
Let this suffice to license thee the Press:
I must no more; nor could the Truth say less.

Sic approbavit

RICH. LOVE

Procan. Cantabrigiensis.

Tot Flores QUARLES, quot Paradisus habet, Lectori bene-male-volo.

Qui legit ex Horto hoc Flores, Qui carpit, uterque

Jure potest Violas dicere, jure Rosas,

Non è Parnasso VIOLAM, Festive, ROSETO

Carpit Apollo, magis quæ sit amcena, ROSAM.

Quot Versus VIOLAS legis; & Quem verba locutum

Credis, verba dedit: Nam dedit ille ROSAS.

Utque Ego non dicam hæc VIOLAS suavissima; Tute

Ipse sacis VIOLAS, Livide, si violas.

Nam velut è VIOLIS sibi sugit Aranta virus:

Vertis at in succos Hasque ROSASque tuos.

Quas violas Musas, VIOLAS puto, quasque recusas

Dente tuo rosas, has, reor, esse ROSAS:

Sic rosas, sacis esse ROSAS, dum, Zoile, rodis:

Sic sacis has VIOLAS, Livide, dum violas.

Brent Hall , 1 6 3 4.

EDW. BENLOWES.

A4 THE

Tot Flores QUARLES, quot Paradell's habet, Ledori bene-male-volo.



SOW. DENEOUES

That glide their waves with their own Native flines ; No, we make to like Lade Harl our Rhimes Must mount to Hardn', and reach the Olympick Em-

First BOOK Winds

Change, O cleanie un claire Soul Have padled; Ownethee, my Soul; and drein thee from the dress Of vulgar dioughts : Scrue up the heightnest pegs 11 Of thy fublime Theorboe four notes highen, I and , iled will And higher yet, that to gethe finil-mouth'd Quire you do not Of swift-wing'd Seraphins may come and own one you mail the And make thy Confort more than half divine a signorily half Invoke no Musery Let Heav'n be thine Apollo 30 vds young And let his facred-Influences hallow! firm norm to arrand ad!" Thy high-bred ftrains: Let his full beams inspire an awo D Thy ravish'd brains with more heroick fire : Snatch thee a Quill from the spread Eagles wing, And, like the morning Lark, mount up and fing: Cast off these dangling plummets, that so clog Thy lab'ring heart, which gropes in this dark fog Of dungeon Earth; let Flesh and Blood forbear To ftop thy flight, till this base World appear A thin blew Landskip: Let thy pinions foar So high a pitch, that men may feem no more Than Pismires, crawling on this Mole-hill Earth, Thy Ear untroubled with their frantick mirth; Let not the frailty of thy flesh disturb Thy new-concluded peace; Let Reason curb Thy hot mouth'd Passion; and let heav'ns fire season The fresh conceits of thy corrected Reason. Disdain to warm thee at lusts smoky fires, Scorn . Scorn to feed on thy old bloat defires : Come, come, my Soul, hoise up thy higher sails, The wind blows fair; hall we still creep like Snails,

That

Carcoll incide deserting

I be a section of the content of the light of the content of the c

That glide their wayes with their own Native slimes; No, we must fly like Eagles, and our Rhimes Must mount to Heav'n, and reach th'Olympick Ear; Our Heav'n-blown fire must seek no other Sphear.

Thou great Theanthropos, that giv'ft and ground'ft.
Thy gifts in dust, and from our daughil crown'ft.
Reflecting honour, taking by retail,
What thou hast giv'n in gross, from lapsed frail,
And finful man: that drink'st full draughts, wherein
Thy Childrens leprous fingers, scurs'd with fin,
Have padled; Cleanse, O cleanse my crasty Soul
From secret crimes, and lot my thoughts controus
My thoughts: O, teach me stoutly to deny
My self, that I may be no longer I:
Enrich my Fancy, clarific my thoughts,
Refine my dross; O, wink at human faults;
And through the slender Conduct of my Quil
Convey thy Current, whose clear streams may fill
The hearts of men with love, their tongues with prasse:
Crown me with Glory, take who lift the Bayes.

Emblenes

L



Tone mundus in maligno (mali ligno) bosinis eft.

I.

I A M, 1. 14.

Every man is tempted, when he is drawn away by his own lust and enticed.

Serpent.

Eve.

Strp. Not ear? Not tafte? Not touch? Not cast an eye Upon the fruit of this fair Tree? And why? Why eat'ft thou not what Heav'n ordain'd for food? Or can'ft thou think that bad which Heav'n call'd Good ? Why was it made if not to be enjoy'd? Neglect of favours makes a favour void : Bleffings unus'd, pervert into a Waft, As well as Surfeits: Woman, Do but raft: See how the laden boughs make filent fuit To be enjoy'd: Look how their bending fruit Meet thee half-way; Observe but how they crouch To kis thy hand; Coy Woman, Do but touch: Mark what a pure vermilion bluff has dy'd Their swelling cheeks, and how for shame they hide Their palfie heads to fee themselves stand by Neglected: Woman, Do but cast an Eye. What bounteous Heav'n ordain'd for ule, refule nor; Come, pull and ear: Yabuse the thing ye use not.

Evi. Wisest of Beasts, our great Creator did Reserve this Tree, and this alone forbid; The rest are freely ours, which doubtless are As pleasing to the tast; to th'eye as fair: But touching this his strict commands are such, 'Tis death to tast, no less than death to touch.

Serp. Pish; Death's a fable: Did not Heav'n inspire
Your equal Elements with living Fire,

Blown

Blown from the spring of life? is not that breath Immortal? Come; ye are as free from death As he that made ye. Can the flames expire Which he has kindled? Can ye quench his fire? Did not the great Creatours voice proclaim What ere he made (from the blew spangled frame To the poor leaf that trembles) very good? Bleft he not both the seeder and the Food? Tell, tell me then, what danger can accrue From such bleft Food, to such half-gods as you? Curb needless fears, and let no fond conceit Abuse your freedome; Woman take and eat.

Eve. 'Tis true, we are immortal; death is yet Unborn, and till Rebellion make it debt, Undue; I know the fruit is good, until Prefumptuous disobedience make it ill. The lips that open to this Fruit's a Portal To let in death and make immortal mortal.

Serp. You cannot die: come, woman, taste, and sear not:

Eve. Shall Eve transgress? I dare not, O I dare not.

Serp. Afraid? why draw it thou back thy tim rous arm?

Harm only falls on such as fear a harm.

or pull and ears T shole the thing to a Wilela of Earles

Som the Deub's a man . Did not bear nichbire

Refere this Tree, and this slone forbid: The religion freely ours, which doublest rea As pleating to the critic activities as fair:

Your equilibring will being the . . .

Heav'n knows and fears the virtue of this Tree,
'Twill make ye perfect Gods as well as He.

Stretch forth thy hand, and let thy fondness never

Fear death: Do, pull, and eat, and live for ever.

Eve. 'Tis but an Apple; and it is as good,
To do, as to defire. Fruit's made for food:
I'le pull, and taffe, and tempt my Adam too
To know the secrets of this Dainty. Seep. Do.

the singular to the state of th

-No.

S. CHRYS. fup. Matth.

He forced him not: He touched him not: Only faid, Cast thy self down; that we may know, that whosever obeyeth the Devil casteth himself down: for the Devil may suggest, compel he cannot.

S. BERN. in Ser.

It is the Devils part to suggest : Ours, not to consent. As oft as we resist him, so often we overcome him: as often as we overcome him, so often we bring joy to the Angels, and Glory to God, who proposeth us, that we may contend, and assisted us, that we may conquer.

EPIG. I.

Unlucky Parliament! wherein at last, Both Houses are agreed, and firmly past An act of Death confirm'd by higher Powers: O had it had but such success as Ours! Emblemes.

Book I.

S. CHAYS, tup. Math

the condition of the same was confident, Calling and advantage of the same confidence of the same and the same at the same and the same at the same at

E. BERN. in Scr.



Sie makon creuit vricion in onne makem

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Unlucker Performent & wherein as lift.

The Houses are some of, and firstly properties of Deeth configuration by higher for sets

O had it had but then people as Orgel.

HI.

JAMES 1. 15.

Then when lust hath conceived, it bringeth forth sin; and sin when it is finished, bringeth of forth death.

t.

Lament, lament; Look, look, what thou hast done?

Lament the world's, Lament thy own estate:

Look,look, by doing how thou art undone?

Lament thy fall, lament thy change of State:

Thy faith is broken, and thy freedom gone,

See, see too soon, what thou lament'st too late.

O thou that wert so many men, nay, all

Abridg'd in one, how has thy desp'rate fall

Destroy'd thy unborn seed, destroy'd thy self withal.

Ż.

Uxorious Adam, whom thy Maker made
Equal to Angels that excel in pow'r,
What haft thou done? O why haft thou obey'd
Thy own deftruction? Like a new cropt flower
How does the glory of thy beauty fade!
How are thy fortunes blafted in an hour!
How art thou cow'd that hadft the pow'r to quel
The spite of new fal'n Angels, baffle Hell,
And vie with those that stood, and vanquish those that fell.

3.

See how the world (whose chast and pregnant womb Of late conceiv'd, and brought forth nothing ill) Is now degenerated, and become

A base Adulteres, whose false births do fill

The earth with Monsters, Monsters that do rome

And rage about, and make a trade to kill:

Now Glutt'ny paunches; Lust begins to spawn;

Wrath takes revenge; and Avarice a pawn;

Pale Envy pines, Pride swells, and Sloth begins to yawn.

4

The Air that whisper'd, now begins to rore;
And blustring Boreas blows the boyling Tide;
The white mouth'd Water now usurps the shore,
And scorns the pow'r of her tridental guide;
The fire now burns, that did but warm before,
And Rules her ruler with refissless pride:
Fire, Water, Earth, and Air, that first were made
To be subdu'd, see how they now invade; (obey'd.
They rule whom once they serv'd, command where once

5

Behold; that nakedness, that late bewray'd

Thy glory; now's become thy shame, thy wonder;
Behold; those trees whose various fruits were made

For food, now turn'd a shade to shrowd thee under;
Behold; that voice (which thou hast disobey'd)

That late was musick, now, affrights like thunder:

Poor man; Are not thy joynts grown fore with shaking

To view th' effect of thy bold undertaking,

That in one hour did'st marr what heav'n six days was

(making;

S. AUGUST. lib. 1. de lib. arbit.

It is a most just punishment, that man should lose that freedom, which man could not use, yet had power to keep, if he would; and that he who had knowledge to do, what was right, and did not, should be deprived of the knowledge of what was right; and that he who would not do righteously, when he had the power, should lose the power to do it, when he had the will.

HUGO de anima.

They are justly punished that abuse lawful things, but they are most justly punished, that use unlawful things: Thus Lucifer stell from Heaven: thus Adam lost his Paradise.

EPIG. 2.

See how these fruitful kernis, being cast Upon the earth, how thick they spring! how sast! A full ear'd crop and thriving, rank and proud; Prepost'rous man first sow'd, and then he plough'd.

III.

III.



Depotiar, pation Patieris, non potieris.

. .

III.

web swell

III.

PROV. 14. 13.

Even in laughter the heart is sorrowful, and the end of that mirth is beaviness.

A Las fond Child,
How are thy thoughts beguil'd,
To hope for honey from a neft of wasps?
Thou may'ft as well
Go seek for ease in Hell,
Or sprightly Nectar from the mouths of asps.

2.

The world's a hive,
From whence thou can'ft derive
No good, but what thy Souls vexation brings:
Put case thou meet
Some petti-petti-sweet,
Each drop is guarded with a thousand stings.

3.

Why doft thou make
These murm'ring troups forsake
The safe protection of their waxen homes?
Their hive contains
No sweet that's worth thy pains;
There's nothing here, alas, but empty combes.

4.

For traff and toyes, And grief ingend'ring joyes,

What

What torment feems too sharp for flesh and blood!
What bitter pills,
Compos'd of real ills,
Man swallows down to purchase one false good!

The dainties here,
Are least what they appear;
Though sweet in hope, yet in fruition sowre;
The fruit that's yellow,
Is found not always mellow:
The fairest Tulip's not the sweetest flowre.

Fond youth give ore,
And vex thy Soul no more
In feeking what were better far unfound;
Alas! thy gains
Are only prefent pains
To gather Scorpions for a future wound.

Sagand a way good who could a beings:

From the contains. Fig. freet that's vorth thy palm; There's redding that a large but on

And grief ingenelime joyes ...

What's earth? or in it,
That longer than a minute,
Can lend a free delight that can endure?
O who would droyl,
Or delve in such a soyl,
Where gain's uncertain and the pain is sure.

S. AUGUST.

S. AUGUST.

Sweetness in temporal matters is deceitful: It is a labour and a perpetual fear; it is a dangerous pleasure, whose beginning is without providence, and whose end is not without repentance.

HUGO.

Luxury is an enticing pleasure, a bastard mirth, which bath honey in her mouth, gall in her heart, and a sting in her tail.

EPIG. 3,1

What, cupid, are thy fhafts already made? And feeking honey, to fet up thy trade True Embleme of thy fweets? Thy Bees do bring Honey in their mouths, but in their tails a fting.

I

iv.

The gift with a first state of the state of



Quis levior! cui plus ponderi addit amor

EPIG. E.

Wiler, the the day finds at a tymide!

And feeting bearing to far up day to de

Local Emblette and fivenes? The Local Offing

Local Emblette and fivenes? The Local Offing.

How has the breath of the Vil 1 client Heaving from Hames Vil 1 client

PSALM 62. 9.

To be laid in the ballance, it is altogether lighter than vanity.

Put in another weight: 'Tis yet too light:

And yet. Fond Cupid, puranother in;

And yet another: Still there's under weight:

Put in another hundred: Put again;

Add world to world; then heap a thousand more

To that, then to renew thy wasted store,

Take up more worlds on trust, to draw thy ballance lower.

2

Put in the flesh with all her loads of pleasure;
Put in great Mammon's endless inventory;
Put in the ponderous acts of Mighty Cesar;
Put in the greater weight of Swedens glory;
Add Scipie's gauntlet; put in Plato's gown,
Put Circus charms; put in the triple crown.
Thy ballance will not draw; thy ballance will not down.

3

Lord what a world is this, which day and night,

Men feek with so much toil, with so much trouble?

Which weigh'd in equal scales is found so light,

So poorly overballane'd with a bubble?

Good God! That frantick mortals should destroy

Their higher hopes, and place their idle joy!

Upon such airy trash, upon so light a toy!

4.

Thou bold Impostor, how hast thou befool'd The tribe of Man with counterfeit desire!

How

How has the breath of thy false bellows cool'd,

Heav'ns free born flames, and kindled bastard fire!

How hast thou vented dross instead of treasure,

And cheated man with thy false weights and measure,

Proclaiming bad for good; and gilding death with pleasure,

5

The world's a crafty Strumpet most affecting,
And closely following those that most reject her;
But seeming careless, nicely disrespecting
And coyly flying those that most affect her:
If thou be free, she's strange; if strange, she's free;
Flee, and she follows; follow, and she's free:
Than she there's none more coy, there's none more fond than
the coyle could be seen to she will be shown than the coyle could be she will be shown to she will be she will be shown to she will be she will be shown to she will be shown to she will be shown that the she will be she wil

6

O what a Crocodilian world is this,
Compos'd of treacheries, and enfnaring wiles!
She clothes deftraction in a formal kifs,
And lodges death in her deceitful finiles;
She hugs the foul she hates; and there does prove
The veryest Tyrant, where she vows to love,
And is a Serpent most, when most she seems a Dove.

7

Thrice trappy he, whose nobler thoughts despise
To make an object of so casie gains;
Thrice happy he who scorns so poor a prize
Should be the crown of his heroick pains:
Thrice happy he, that he're was born to try
Her frowns or smiles; or being born, did lie
In his sad nurses arms an hour or two, and die.

S. A UGUST. lib. Confest.

O you that dote upon this world, for what victory do ye fight? Your hopes can be crowned with no greater reward, than the world can give; and what is the world but a brittle thing full of dangers, wherein we travel from lesser to greater perils? O let all her vain, light, and momentany glory perish with her self, and let us be conversant with more eternal things. Alas, this world is miserable; life is short, and death is sure.

EPIG. 4.

My Soul, what's lighter, than a feather? Wind.
Than wind? The fire. And what, than fire? The mind,
What's lighter, than the mind? A thought. Than thought?
This bubble world. What, than this bubble? Nought.

v.

20

Emblemes.

Book I.

V.



His pertitur orbis.

tight of the court A through a start of the court of the

20

V.

V.

1 Cor. 7. 31.

The fashion of this World passeth away.

One are those golden dayes, wherein T Pale Conscience started not at ugly fin. When good old Saturn's peaceful Throne Was unufurped by his beardless Son : When jealous Ops ne'r fear'd th' abuse Of her chaft bed, or breach of muptial Truce: When just Astrea pois'd her Scales In mortal hearts, whose absence earth bewails: When froth-born Venus and her brat, With all that spurious brood Young Fove begat, In horrid shapes were yet unknown; Those Halcyon dayes, that golden age is gone. There was no Client then to wait The leifure of this long tayl'd Advocate; The Talion Law was in request, And Chancery Courts were kept in ev'ry breft : Abused Statutes had no Tenters, And men could deal secure without indentures: There was no peeping hole to clear The wittals eye from his incarnate fear; There were no luftful Cinders then To broil the Carbonado'd hearts of men: The rofie cheeks did then proclaim A shame of Guilt, but not a Guilt of shame: There was no whining Soul to flart At cupid's twang, or curse his flaming dart; The Boy had then but callow wings, And fell Erinnys Scorpions had no stings:

The better acted world did move
Upon the fixed poles of Truth and Love,
Love effenc'd in the hearts of men!
Then Reason rul'd, there was no passion then;
Till Lust and rage began to enter,
Love the Circumserence was, and love the Center
Until the wanton days of Jove
The simple world was all compos'd of Love;
But Jove grew stessly, falle, unjust:
Inseriour beauty sill'd his veins with lust;
And Cucquean Juno's sury hurld
Fierce balls of rape into th'incessuous world:
Astrea fled, and love return'd
From earth, earth boys'd with lust, with rage it burn'd:
And ever fince the world hath been

Kept going with the scourge of Lust and Spleen.

S. AMBROS.

S. AMBROS:

Luft is a sharp spur to vice, which always putteth the affections into a false gallop.

HUGO.

Lust is an immoderate wantonness of the slesh, a sweet poylon, a cruel pestilence; a pernitious poyson, which weakneth the body of man, and effeminateth the strength of an heroick mind.

S. AUGUST.

Envy is the hatred of anothers felicity: in respect of Superiours, because they are not equal to them; in respect of Inseriours, less he should be equal to them; in respect of equals, because they are equal to them: Through envy proceeded the fall of the world, and death of Christ.

EPIG. 5.

What, Cupid, must the world be lash'd so soon? But made at morning, and be whipt at noon? 'Tis like the wagg, that plays with Venus Doves, The more 'tis lash'd, the more perverse it proves.

Emblemes.

.G D L H. .

Book I.

24

20 V I.

consider the eye per robe the afficience



In cruce tute quies

24

EFIG. C.

Village VI aint die regeldte bûndt. I ân r bit obele at receing, die de wite at pron? Telle che vilog, the day with real Drugs. The lice the vilog, the days with real Drugs.

VI.

VI.

ECCLE S. 2. 17.

All is vanity and vexation of Spirit.

Í.

In his defire,
That thinks an Hectick feaver may be cool'd
In flames of fire;
Or hopes to rake full heaps of burnish'd gold
From nasty mire!
A whining Lover may as well request
A scornful breast
To melt in gentle tears, as woo the world for rest.

2

Let wit, and all her studied plots effect
The best they can;
Let smiling Fortune prosper and persect
What wit began;
Let Earth advise with both, and so project
A happy man;
Let wit or fawning Fortune vie their best;
He may be blest
With all that Earth can give: but Earth can give no rest.

3.

Whose gold is double with a careful hand, His cares are double, The Pleasure, Honour, Wealth of Sea and Land Bring but a trouble

The World it felf, and all the Worlds command. Is but a bubble.

The ftrong defires of mans infatiate breaft May fland possest

Of all that Earth can give; but earth can give no rest.

All is certify and a cation of Se-

The World's a seeming Par'dise, but her own And man's tormentor;

And man's tornicitor,
Appearing fix'd, yet but a rolling stone Without a tenter;
It is a vast Circumference, where none

Can find a Center.

Can find a Center.

Of more than Earth, can Earth make none possest; And he that least

Regards this reftless world, shall in this world find reft.

True rest confists not in the oft revving Of worldly drofs;

Earth's miry purchase is not worth the buying;

Her gain is los; Her rest but giddy toil, if not relying

Upon her cross.

How worldlings droyl for mouble! That fond breaft That is posses'd

Of Earth without a cross has Earth without a reft.

CASS.

Margin and bar of

S.

CASS. in Pf.

The Cross is the invincible sanctuary of the humble: The dejection of the proud, the victory of Christ, the destruction of the Devil, the confirmation of the saithful, the death of the unbeliver, the life of the just.

DAMASCEN.

The Cross of Christ is the key of Paradise: the weak mans staff: the Converts convoy: the upright mans persection: the Soul and Bodies health: the prevention of all evil; and the procurer of all good.

EPIG. 6.

Worldlings, whose whimpering folly holds the losses of honour, pleasure, health, and wealth such crosses; Look here, and tell me, what your Arms engross, When the best end of what ye hugg's a cross.

VIL

Emblemes.

retrible of a land to very a

Book I

28

VII.



Latet hostis, et otia ducis!

Worldings, whose will be hill hill the lows of horard, places, but he and we do had seeings took bere, and we do had seeings.

28

LLV

outself end or a star or length a cro

VII

VII.

1 Pet. 5. 8.

Be sober, be vigilant, because your Adversary the Devil as a roaring Lion walketh about, seeking whom he may devour.

T.

Dull Cyprian Lad, into thy wanton brows?

Is this a time to pay thine idle vows

At Morpheus shrine? Is this a time to sleep

Thy brains in wasteful slumbers? up and rouze

Thy leaden Spirit: Is this a time to sleep?

Adjourn thy sanguine dreams: awake, arise,

Call in thy thoughts; and let them all advise,

Had'st thou, as many heads, as thou hast wounded eyes.

2

Look, Look, what horrid furies do await
Thy flatt'ring flumbers! If thy drowzy head
But chance to nod, thou fall'ft into a bed
Of fulph'rous flames, whose torments want a date.
Fond boy, be wise, let not thy thoughts be fed
With Phrygian wisdom: fools are wise too late:
Be ware betimes, and let thy reason sever
Those gates which passion clos'd; wake now or never;
For if thou nod'st thou fall'st, and falling fall'st for ever.

3.

Mark, how the ready hands of death prepare:
His bow is bent, and he hath notch'd his dart;
His aims, he levels at the flumb'ring heart;

The

The wound is posting, O be wise, beware,
What? has the voice of danger lost the art
To raise the Spirit of neglected care?
Well, sleep thy fill, and take thy soft reposes:
But know withal sweat tasts stave sowr closes;
And he repents in thorns, that sleeps in beds of roses.

4.

Yet fluggard, wake, and gull thy Soul no more
With earth's false pleasure, and the worlds delight,
Whose fruit is fair, and pleasing to the fight,
But sowr in tast, false as the putrid core:
Thy slaring glass is gems at her half light,
She makes thee seeming rich, but truly poor:
She boasts a kernel; and bestows a shell;
Performs an inch of her fair promis'd ell:
Her words protest a Heaven: her works produce an heli.

5.

O thou the fountain of whose better part,
Is earth'd and gravell'd up with vain desire:
That daily wallow'st in the stelly mire
And base pollution of a lustful heart,
That seel'st no passion, put in wanton fire,
And ownst no torment but in Cupid's dart;
Echold thy type: Thou sitt'st upon this ball
Of earth, secure, while death that slings at all,
Stands arm'd to strike thee down, where slames attend thy
(fall.

Those gressibles pullion doe'd a wake now or naver; it those not not as a sale by and the breath for ever.

I.

S. BERN.

Security is no where: neither in Heaven nor in Paradife, much less in the World: in heaven the Angels sell from the divine presence; in Paradise, Adam sell from his place of pleasure; in the world, Judas sell from the School of our Saviour.

HUGO.

I eat secure, I drink secure, I sleep secure, even as though I had past the day of death, avoided the day of judgment, and escaped the torments of hell fire: I play and laugh, as though I were already triumphing in the Kingdom of Heaven.

EPIG. 7.

Get up, my Soul; Redeem thy slavish eyes From drowzy bondage: O beware; be wise: Thy Fo's before thee; thou must fight or fly: Life lyes most open in a closed eye.

VIII

VIII.



Et risu necat

32

Gecum, and T. P. Jeconda Landhered From elevery conditions to be super the Lorentz trace, demands the or the Landrey or the condition described LIIIV I.

VIII.

LUKE 6. 25.

Woe be to you that laugh now, for ye shall mourn and weep.

He world's a popular disease, that reigns Within the froward heart and frantick brains Of poor distemper'd mortals, oft arising From ill digeftion, through th' unequal poifing Of ill-weig'd Elements, whose light directs Malignant humours to malign effects: One raves and labours with a boyling liver; Rends hair by handfuls, curfing Cupids quiver: Another with a bloody-flux of oaths Yows deep revenge: one dotes: the other loaths: One frisks and fings, and vies a flaggon more To drench dry cares, and make the Welkin rore: Another droops: the Sun-shine makes him sad; Heav'n cannot please: One's mop'd; the other's mad: One huggs his gold; another lets it fly: He knowing not for whom; nor t'other why. One spends his day in plots, his night in play; Another fleeps and flugs both night and day: One laughs at this thing; t'other cries for that: But neither one nor t'other knows for what. Wonder of wonders! What we ought t' evite As our disease, we hug as our delight: 'Tis held a symptome of approaching danger, When disacquainted Sense becomes a Stranger, And takes no knowledge of an old disease; But when a noisom grief begins to please

The

The unrelifting fense, it is a fear That death has parli'd, and compounded there: As when the dreadful Thund'rers awful hand Pours forth a vial on th' infected land. At first th' affrighted Mortals quake and fear; And every noise is thought the Thunderer: But when the frequent foul-departing bell Has pay'd their ears with her familiar knel. It is reputed but a nine dayes wonder . . They neither fear the Thund'rer nor his Thunder: So when the world (a worfe disease) began To fmart for fin, poor new created Man Could feek for thelger , and his gen rons Son Knew by his wages, what his hands had done: But bold-fac'd Mortals in our blushless times Can fing aud fmile and make a sport of crimes, Transgress of cultom and rebel in ease; We false-joy'd-fools can triumph in disease, And (as the careless Pilgrim, being bit By the Tarantula, begins a fit Of life-concluding laughter) waste our breath In lavish pleasure, till we laugh to death.

He has some Accelerations and soften which the Court of t

lacing as one noriforh rlower for what woneye weaked view se crain revent As one seeds, we have wear deligher

oromete an exclaine dinger.

Shall or a Del Lingui

HUGO de anima.

What profit is there in vain-glory, momentany mirbh, the worlds power, the fleshes pleasure, sull riches, noble descent, and great desires? Where is their laughter? where is their mirth? Where their insolence? their arrogance? From how much joy'to how much sadness! After how much mirth, how much misery. From how great glory are they sallen, to how great torments! What hath sallen to them, may befall thee, because thou art a man: Thou art of earth; thou livest of earth; thou shalt return to earth. Death expecteth thee every where: be wise therefore, and expect death every where.



EPIG. 8.

What ayls the fool to laugh? Does something please His vain conceit? Or is't a meer disease? Fool, giggle on, and waste thy wanton breath: Thy morning laughter breeds an evining death. the many transfer that the mark arrivers to the mark.

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IX.



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What eyls the fool to lead ? Door following please

Part, siegleon, and waterdry wanter has it:

In value conceie? O If a meer difeale ?

36

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XI

IX.

1 JOHN 2. 17.

The World passeth away and all the lusts thereof.

I.

Raw near, brave Sparks, whose Spirits scorn to light
Your hallow'd tapers, but at Honours slame;
You, whose heroick actions take delight
To varnish over a new-painted name;
Whose high-bred thoughts disdain to take their flight,
But on th' Icarian wings of babbling same;
Behold how tott'ring are your high-built stories (ries.
Of Earth, whereon you trust the ground work of your glo-

2.

And you more brain-fick Lovers, that can prife
A wanton smile before eternal Joyes;
That know no Heav'n, but in your Mistrifs Eyes;
That feel no pleasure, but what sense enjoyes:
That can like crown-distemper'd fools despise
True riches, and like babies whine for toyes:
Think ye the Pageants of your hopes are able
To stand secure on earth, when earth it self's unstable?

2.

Come dung-hill worldlings, you that root like fwine,
And cast up golden trenches, where ye come:
Whose only pleasure is to undermine,
And view the secrets of your Mothers womb:
Come bring your Saint pouch'd in his leather shrine,
And summon all your griping Angels home;
Behold your World, the bank of all your store,
The World ye so admire, the World ye so adore.

4

A feeble world whose hot-mouth'd pleasures tire
Before the race; before the start, retrait;
A faithless world, whose false delights expire
Before the term of half their promis'd date:
A fickle world, not worth the least desire,
Where ev'ry chance proclaims a change of State:
A feeble, faithless, fickle world, wherein
Each motion proves a vice: and ev'ry act a fin.

5

The beauty, that of late was in her flower,
Is now a ruin, not to raise a lust:
He that was lately drench'd in Danaes shower,
Is master now of neither good nor trust;
Whose honour late was mann'd with Princely power,
His glory now lies buried in the dust;
O who would trust this world, or prize what's in it,
That gives and takes, and chops and changes ev'ry minute!

6.

Come bring your Sales and air Latin bear guird amou

Nor length of days nor folid strength of brain,
Can find a place wherein to rest secure:
The World is various, and the Earth is vain:
There's nothing certain here, there's nothing sure:
We trudge, we travel, but from pain to pain,
And what's our only grief's our only cure:
The world's a torment; he that would endeavour
To find the way to rest must seek the way to leave her.

S. GREG. in ho.

Behold the world is withered in it self, yet flourisheth in our hearts, every where death, every where grief, every where desolution: On every side we are smitten; on every side filled with bitterness, and yet with the blind mind of carnal desire we love her bitterness: It slieth, and we follow it; it falleth, yet we slick to it: And because we cannot enjoy it fallen, we fall with it, and enjoy it, fallen.

EPIG. 9.

If Fortune fail, or envious Time but spurn, The world turns round, and with the world we turn: When Fortune sees, and Lynx-ey'd Time is blind, the trust thy joys, O world till then, the wind.

. X .



Utriusge crepundia Merces. 40

X.

X.

JOHN 8. 44.

Ye are of your Father the Devil, and the lusts of your Father you will do.

TEre's your right ground: wag gently o're this black: 'Tis a short cast, y'are quickly at the jack; Rub, rub'an inch or two; two crowns to one On this bowls fide: blow wind, 'tis fairly thrown: The next bowl's worse that comes, come bowl away; Mammon, you know the ground untutor'd, play; Your last was gone, a yard of strength well spar'd. Had touch'd the block, your hand is ftill too hard. Brave pastime, Readers, to consume that day, Which without pastime ffies too swift away : See how they labour; as if day and night Were both too fhort to ferve their loofe delight: See how their curved bodies wreath, and skrue Such antick shapes as Proteus never knew: One rapps an oath, another deals a curse; He never better bowl'd; this never worse: One rubs his irchless elbow, shrugs and laughs, The t'other bends his beetle brows, and chafes: Sometimes they whoop, sometimes their Stygian cries Send their black Santo's to the blushing skies : Thus mingling humours in a mad confusion, They make bad premises, and worse conclusion: But where's the Palm that Fortunes hand allows To bles the victors honourable brows? Come, Reader, come; I'le light thine Eye the way To view the prize, the while the Gamesters play:

Close by the jack, behold, gill Fortune stands To wave the game, see in her partial hands

The glorious garland's held in open show,

To chear the Lads, and crown the congress brow.

The world's the jack; the gamesters that contend, Are Cupid, Mammon: that judicious Friend,

That gives the ground, is Satan: and the bowls
Are finful thoughts; the prize, a crown for Fools.

Who breaths that bowls not? what bold tongue can fay Without a blush, he hath not bowl'd to day?

It is the trade of man, and every finner

Has plaid his rubbers: Every Soul's a winner.

The vulgar Proverb's croft, He hardly can Be a good Bowler and an honest man.

Good God! turn thou my Brazil thoughts anew; New fole my bowls, and make their bias true:

I'le cease to game, till fairer ground be given, Nor wish to win, until the mark be Heaven.

S. BERN-

S. BERNARD. lib. de Confid.

O you sons of Adam, you covetous generation, what have ye to do with earthly riches, which are neither true, nor yours? Gold and Silver are real Earth, red and white, which the only errour of man makes, or rather reputes, precious: In short, if they be yours, carry them with you.

S. HIBRON. in Ep.

O Lust, thou infernal fire, whose sewel is gluttony, whose stame is pride; whose sparkles are wanton words; whose smoke is infamy; whose ashes are uncleanness; whose end is Hell.

EPIG. 3.

Mammon well followed: Cupid bravely led;
Both Touchers; equal Fortune makes a dead:
No need can measure where the conquest lies;
Take my advice; compound, and share the prize:

XI

K LARMARE X



Assumes well followed: explit beauty less a Floth Touchers, could beautife make a strict: No need an meating where the coupable has Takeny adults, composed, and more the place: สาเลาสาเลาสาเลา

EPHES. 2. 21

Tewalked according to the course of this world, according to the Prince of the air.

Whither will this mad brain World at last Be driv'n? where will her reftless wheels arrive? Why hurries on her ill match'd pair fo faft? O whither means her furious groom to drive? What will her rambling fits be never past? For ever ranging? never once retrive? Will Earths perpetual progress ne'r expire? Her Team continuing in their fresh carier. And yet they never reft, and yet they never tire.

Sol's hot-mouth'd Sreeds, whose nostrils vomit flame, And brazen lungs belch forth quotidian fire Their twelve hours task perform'd grow stiff and lame, And their immortal Spirits faint and tire : At th' azure mountains foot their labours claim The priviledge of rest, where they retire To quench their burning ferlocks, and go sleep Their flaming nostrils in the western deep, And fresh their tired Souls with thrength restoring sleep.

But these prodigious hackneys, basely got Twixt men and Devils, made for race nor flight, Can drag the idle World, expeding not The bed of rest, but travel with delight; Who never weighing way nor weather, trot

Through

46

Through dust and dirt, and droil both night and day; Thus droil these fiends incarnate, whose free pains Are fed with dropfies and venereal blains. No need to use the whip; but firength to rule the rains.

Poor caprive world! How has thy lightness given A just occasion to thy foes illusion? O how art thou betray'd thus fairly driven In feeming triumph to thy own confusion? How is thy empty Universe bereaven Of all rue joyes, by one falle joyes delufion? So I have feen an unblown virgin fed With fugar'd words fo full, that she is led A fair attended Bride to a false Bankrupts bed.

Pull gracious Lord; Let not thine arm forfake The world impounded in her own devices: Think of that pleasure that thou once did'it take Amongst the Lilies and sweet Beds of spices. Hale firongly, thou whose hand has pow'r to slack The swift foot sury of ten thousand vices: Let not thy dust devouring Dragon boast, His craft has won what Juda's Lion loft; Remember what is cary'd; recount the price it cost.

I SI DOR. lib. 1. De summo bono.

By how much the nearer Satan perceiveth the world to an end, by so much the more fiercely be troubleth it with persecution; that knowing himself is to be damned, he may get company in his damnation.

CYPRIAN. in Ep.

Broad and spacious is the road to infernal life: there are enticements and Death-bringing pleasures. There the Devil flattereth that he may deceive; smileth that he may endamage; allureth that he may destroy,

EPIG. II.

Nay fost and fair, good world; post not too fast; Thy journies end requires not half this hast. Unless that arm thou so disdain'st, reprieves thee, Alas thou needs must go: the Devil drives thee.

XIL

XIL



Inopem me copie fecit.

XII.

Thy skin's a biadder blown with notice means; Thy field a resulting Log PhX mer will of Lancour.

ISAIAH 66. II.

Ye may suck, but not be satisfied with the breast of her consolation.

I.

Thou rak'ft a furfet where thou fhould'ft but taft,
And mak'ft too much not half enough to please thee.
Ah, fool, forbear; thou swallowst at one breath
Both food and poison down; thou draw'ft both milk and
Death.

2.

The ub'rous breafts, when fairly drawn, repaft
The thriving infant with her Milky floud;
But being overftrain'd, return at laft
Unwholfom gulps compos'd of wind and bloud.
A mod'rate use does both repast and please;
Who strains beyond a mean draws in and gulps disease.

idea: shoon telabat toog n to oll'

But, O that mean, whose good the least abuse
Makes bad; is too too hard to be directed;
Can thorns bring grapes, or Crabs a pleasing juice?
There's nothing whossom, where the whose's infected.
Unseise thy lips: Earth's Milk's a rip'ned core
That drops from her disease, that matters from her sore.

4

Think'st thou that paunch, that burlyes out thy coat, Is thriving fat, or flesh, that seems so brawny? Thy paunch is dropsied and thy cheeks are bloat; Thy lips are white, and thy complexion tawny;

Thy

Thy skin's a bladder blown with watry tumors; Thy flesh a trembling bog, a quagmire full of humours.

¢.

And thou whose thriveless hands, are ever straining

Earths fluent breasts into an empty sieve,

That always hast, yet always art complaining,

And whin'st for more than Earth has power to give;

Whose treasure flows and slees away as fast;

That ever hast, and hast, yet hast not what thou hast;

6.

Go choose a substance, Fool, that will remain
Within the limits of thy leaking measure:
Or esse go seek an urn that will retain
The liquid body of thy slipp'ry treasure:
Alas, how poorly are thy labours crown'd?
Thy liquor's never sweet, nor yet thy vessel sound.

min 10 7.

What less, than Fool, is man, to prog and plot,
And lavish out the cream of all his care,
To gain poor seeming goods, which being got,
Make firm possession but a thorow-fare;
Or, if they stay, they surrow thoughts the desper;
And being kept with care, they lose their careful keeper.

S. GREG. Hom. 2. fecund. parte Ezech.

If we give more to the flesh than we ought, we nourish an enemy; if we give not to her necessity what we ought, we destroy a Citizen: the flesh is to be satisfied so far as suffices to our good, whosever alloweth so much to her as to make her proud, knowth not how to be satisfied: to be satisfied is a great art; lest by the satiety of the flesh we break forth into the inequity of her folly.

HUGO de anima.

The heart is a small thing, but descreth great matters. It is not sufficient for a Kites dinner, yet the whole world is not sufficient for it.

EPIG. 12.

What makes thee, Fool, fo fat? Fool, thee so bare? Ye suck the self same milk, the self-same air: No mean betwixt all paunch, and skin, and bone? The mean's a virtue, and the world has none.

XIII.

S. GRE G. U. m. g. Reard, pair 1 red...

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JOHN 3, 19.

If picature hed as with Ler Lat riving

Men love darkness rather than light, because

How dull, how flug are we!

How backward! how preposterous is the motion

Of our ungain devotion!

Our thoughts are Militones, and our Souls are lead,

Our vows are failly promised, faintly padding on might only off or broken or not made:

Our better work (if any good) attends Upon our private ends:

In whose performance one poor worldly scoff Foils us or beats us off;

If thy sharp scourge find our some secret fault, We grumble or revolt.

And if thy gentle hand forbear, we ftray, Or idly lofe the way.

Is the road fair? we loyter: clogg'd with mire?
We flick or else retire:

A lamb appears a Lion; and we fear,

Each bush we see's a bear.

When our dull Souls direct our thoughts to thee,
The soft-pac'd snail is not so slow as we:
But at Earth we dart our wing'd defire,

Like as the am rous needle joyes to bend To her magnetick friend:

1.

Or as the greedy Lovers Eye-balls fly At his fair Mistris Eve:

So, so we cling to Earth; we fly and puff, Yet flie not fast enough.

If pleasure becken with her balmy hand,

Her beck's a ffrong command:

If honour call us with a courtly breath, An hour's delay is Death:

If profits golden finger'd charms enveigles,

We clip more swift than Eagles : Let Auster weep or blust ring Boreas rore

Till Eyes or lungs be fore:

Let Neptune fwell until his dropfy fides Burft into broken tides:

Nor threatning Rocks, nor Winds, nor Waves, nor Fire, Can curb our fierce defire;

Cob : make a bill

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Nor Fire, nor Rocks, can ftop our furious minds, Nor Waves, nor Winds:

How faft and fearless do our foot-fteps flee; The light-foot Roe-buck's not fo swift, as we.

S. AUGUST. fup. Pfal. 64.

Two several lovers built two several Cities; the love of God buildeth a Jerusalem; the love of the world buildeth a Baby-lon: Let every one enquire of himself what he loveth, and he shall resolve himself of whence he is a Citizen.

S. AUGUST. lib. 3. Confest.

All things are driven by their own weight, and tend to their own center; my weight is my love; by that I am driven whither sower I am driven.

Ibidem.

Lord, he loveth thee less, that loveth any thing with thee, which he loveth not for thee.

EPIG. 13.

Lord, scourge my As is she should make no hast, And curb my Stag, if he should sty too fast. If he be over swift, or she prove idle, Let Love lend him a spur; Fear, her a bridle.

XIV

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Lord, focurge my A6 habe flucted myles no haft.
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If he he over fulfic, or he woweldle,

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XIV.

P,SALM 13. 3.

Lighten mine Eyes, O Lord. lest I sleep the sleep of death.

VII't ne'r be morning? Will that promis'd Light
Ne'r break, and clear those clouds of Night?
Sweet Phospher, bring the Day,
whose conquiring ray
May chase these fogs; sweet Phospher, bring the Day.

How long! how long shall these benighted Eyes
Languish in shades, like feeble slies
Expecting Spring? How long shall darkness soyl
The face of Earth, and thus beguile
Our Souls of sprightful action? when, when will day
Begin to dawn; whose new born ray
May gild the weather-cocks of our devotion,
And give our unsoul'd Souls new motion?
Sweet Phospher, bring the day,
Thy Light will fray
These horrid mists? Sweet Phospher, bring the day.

Let those have Night that slightly love t'immure
Their cloyster'd crimes, and fin secure;
Let those have Night that blush to let men know
The baseness they ne'r blush to do:
Let those have Night, that love to have a map
And loll in Ignorances lap:
Let those whose Eyes, like Owls, abhor the Light,
Let those have Night that love the Night:

Sweet

58

th

be

Sweet Phospher bring the day; How fad delay Afflicts dull hopes? Sweet Phospher, bring the day.

Alas! my Light in vain expecting Eyes
Can find no object but what rife
From this poor mortal blaze, a dying spark
Of Vulcan's forge, whose stames are Dark,
'A dangerous, a dull blue burning Light,
As Melancholy as the Night:
Here's all the Suns that glister in the Sphere
Of Earth: Ah me! what comfort's here?
Sweet Phospher bring the day;
Haste, haste away
Heav'ns love'ring lamp; sweet Phospher, bring the day.

Blow, ignorance: O thou, whose idle knee
Rocks Earth into a Lethargy,
And with thy sooty singers hast bedight
The Worlds fair cheeks, blow, blow thy spight;
Since thou hast pust our greater Taper; do
Puff on, and out the lesser too:
If e're that breath exiled slame return,
Thou hast not blown, as it will burn:
Sweet Phaspher bring the day;
Light will repay
The wrongs of Night: Sweet Phaspher, bring the day.

S. AUGUST.

S. AUGUS T. in Joh. Ser. 19.

God is all to thee: If thou be hungry, he is bread; if thirsty, he is Water; If in Darkness, he is Light; If naked, he is a robe of immortality.

ALANUS de conq. mt.

God is a Light that is never Darkned; An unwearied life that cannot die; a Fountain always flowing; a garden of life; a seminary of wisdom; a radical beginning of all goodness.

EPIG. 14.

My Soul, if Ignorance puff out this light, She'l do a favour that intends a spight: 'T seems dark abroad; but take this Light away, Thy windows will discover break a day.

XY.

XV.



Debilitate fides: Terras Aftraa religion

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XV.

REV. 12. 12.

The Devil is come unto you, having great wrath, because he knoweth that he hath but a short time.

ata t. on halledo. . saleh hober

Ord! can'ft thou see and suffer? is thy hand
Still bound to th' peace? Shall earths black Monarch
A sull possession of thy wasted land?
O, will thy slumb'ring vengeance never wake,
Till sull-ag'd law-resisting Custom shake,
The pillars of thy right by salse command?
Unlock thy clouds, great Thund'rer, and come down;
Behold whose Temples wear thy sacred Crown;
Redress, redress our wrongs; revenge, revenge thy own.

2

See how the bold Usurper mounts the seat.

Of Royal Majesty; How overstrawing

Perils with Pleasure, pointing ev'ry threat

With bugbear death, by torments over-awing.

Thy frighted subjects; or by favours drawing.

Their tempted hearts to his unjust retreat:

Lord can'st thou be so mild, and he so bold?

Or can thy slocks be thriving, when the fold

Is govern'd by a Fox? Lord, can'st thou see and hold?

3.

That swift wing'd Advocate, that did commence Our welcome suits before the King of Kings, That sweet Embassadour, that hurries hence
What ayres th' harmonious Soul or sighs or sings,
See how she flutters with her idle wings;
Her wings are clipt, and Eyes put out by sense;
Sense conqu'ring Faith is now grown blind and cold,
And basely craven'd, that in times of old
Did conquer Heav'n it self, do what th' Almighty could.

4

Behold how double fraud does scourge and rear Astrea's wounded sides, plough'd up, and rent. With knotted cords, whose sury has no ear; See how she stands a pris'ner to be sent A slave into eternal banishment,

I know not whither, O, I know not where:
Her Patent must be cancell'd in disgrace:
And sweet-lipt Fraud, with her divided face,
Must ast Astrea's part, must take Astrea's place.

4.

Faith's pinion's clipt! And fair Astrea gone?
Quick-seeing Faith now blind? And Justice see?
Has Justice now found wings: and has Faith none?
What do we here? who would not wish to be
Dissolv'd from Earth, and with Astrea slee
From this blind dangeon to that Sun bright Throne?
Lord, is thy Scepter lost, or laid aside?
Is Hell broke loose and all her fiends unried?
Lord, rise, and rouze, and rule, and crush their surious (pride.

K].

PETR. RAV. in Matth.

The Devil is the author of Evil, the Fountain of wickedness, the adversary of the truth, the corrupter of the World, mans perpetual Enemy; he planteth snares, diggeth ditches, spurreth Bodies, he goadeth souls, he suggesteth thoughts, belcheth anger, exposeth virtues to hatred, maketh vices beloved, soweth errors, nourisheth contention, disturbeth peace, and scattereth affection.

MACAR.

Let us suffer with those that suffer: and be erucified with those that are crucified, that we may be glorified with those that are glorified.

SAVANAR.

If there be no Enemy, no fight; if no fight, no victory; if no victory, no crown.

EPIG. 15.

My Soul, fit thou a patient looker on; Judge not the play before the play is done: Her plot has many changes: Every day Speaks a new Scene; the last act crowns the Play.

T.



Sie lumine lumen ademptum.

64

SPIG. 19

Soul . Fe dien a paient looket on :
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. plot has must element. Every day
. de a new be to y the left afterowes the Play

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THE

SECOND BOOK.

I.

ISAIAH 50. II.

You that walk in the Light of your own fire; and in the sparks that ye have kindled, ye shall lie down in sorrow.

Do, filly Cupid, fouff and trim
Thy falle, thy feeble Light,
And make her felf-confuming flames more bright;
Methinks fhe burns too dim.
Is this that fprightly fire,
Whose more than sacred beams inspire
The ravisht hearts of men, and so instame defire?

See, Boy, how thy unthriffy blaze
Confumes, how fast she wains;
She spends her felf, and her, whose wealth maintains
Her weak, her idle rayes.
Cannot thy lustful blast,
Which gave it lustre, make it last?
What hearr can long be pleased, where pleasure spends so

Go, Wanton, place thy pale-fac'd Light
Where never breaking Day
Intends to vifit mortals, or display
Thy sullen shades of Night:
Thy torch will burn more clear
In nights un-Titan'd Hemisphere;
Heav'ns scornful stames and thine can never co-appear.

4

In vain thy busic hands address
Their Labour to display
Thy reasie blaze within the Verge of day;
The greater drowns the less:
If Heav'ns bright glory shine;
Thy glim'ring sparks must needs resign;
Puff out heav'ns glory then, or heav'n will work out thine.

¢.

Go, Cupid's rammish Pander, go,
Whose dull, whose low desire
Can find sufficient warmth from Natures fire,
Spend borrow'd breath, and blow,
Blow wind made strong with spight;
When thou hast pust the greater Light,
Thy lesser spark may shine, and warm the new-made Night.

all to indiana defice?

Deluded mortals, tell me when
Your daring breath has blown
Heav'ns Taper out, and you have spent your own,
What fire shall warm ye then;
Ah Fools, perpetual Night
Shall haunt your Souls with Stygian fright,
Where they shall boil in stames, but stames shall bring no
(Light.

Wanten, place for pale fac'd Liebe

to a forestal dames and chare can bever co-app

S. AUG.

II.

S. AUGUST.

The sufficiency of my merit is to know, that my merit is not sufficient.

S. GR EG. Mor. 25.

By how much the less man seeth himself, by so much the less be displeaseth himself; and by how much the more be seeth the Light of Grace, by so much the more be distained the Light of Nature.

S. GREG. Mor.

The Light of the understanding, humility kindleth, and pride covereth.

EPIG. I.

Thou blow'ft Heav'ns fire, the whil'ft thou go'ft about, Rebellious fool, in vain to blow it out:
Thy folly adds confusion to thy Death;
Heav'ns fire confounds, when fann'd with Follies breath.

II.

68

Emblemes.

Book II.

SAUGUST.

S G C Wor. 25



Donce totum expleat ordem.

disconficing the final with P list prais-

Then blow'th Research of the state of their street of the about,

Edulling fool, in values block it on :

68

II.

ECCLE S. 4. 8.

There is no end of all his labour, neither is his
Eye satisfied with riches.

How our wid'ned arms can over-firetch Their own dimensions! How our hands can reach Beyond their distance! How our yielding breast Can shrink to be more full, and full possest Of this inferiour Orb! How Earth refin'd Can cling to fordid Earth! How kind to kind! We gape, we grasp, we gripe, and store to store; Enough requires too much: too much craves more, We charge our Souls fo fore beyond their flint, That we recoil or burft: the bufie Mint Of our laborious rhoughts is ever going . And coyning new defires; defires not knowing Where next to pitch, but like the boundless Ocean Gain, and gain ground, and grow more strong by motion, The pale-fac'd Lady of the black ey'd Night First tips her horned brows with easie Light, Whose curious train of spangled Nymphs artire Her next nights glory with increasing fire; Each Ev'ning adds more luftre, and adorns The growing beauty of her grasping horns: She fucks and draws her Brothers golden flore, Until her glutted orb can fuck no more. Ev'n to the Vulture of infatiate minds Still wants, and wanting feeks, and feeking finds New fewel to increase her rav'nous fire . The grave is sooner cloy'd than mens defire: We cross the Seas, and midst her waves we burn, Transporting lives, perchance that n'er return;

We fack, we ranfack to the utmost fands Of native Kingdoms, and of foreign Lands; We Travel Sea and Soil, we pry, we proul, We progress, and we prog from pole to pole; We frend our mid-day fweat, our midnight oyl, We tire the Night in thought, the day in toil: We make Art servile, and the Trade gentile, (Yerboth corrupted with ingenious guile) To compass Earth, and with her empty store To fill our Arms and grafe one handful more; Thus feeking reft, our Labours never cease, But as our years, our hor defires increase: Thus we , poor little Worlds! with bloud and fwear In vain attempt to comprehend the great; Thus, in our gain, become we gainful lofers, And what's enclosed, encloses the enclosers. Now Reader close thy Book, and then advise: Be wifely worldly, be not worldly wife; Let not thy nobler thoughts be always raking The World's base dunghil; vermin's took by taking : Take heed thou truft not the deceitful lap Of wanton Dalilah; The World's a Trap. with the court of the same of

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HUGO de anima.

Tell me where he those now, that so lately loved and hugg'd the World? Nothing remaineth of them but Dust and worms; Observe what those men were; what those men are: They were like thee; they did Eat, Drink, Laugh, and led merry daies: and in a moment slipt into Hell. Here their sless is food for worms; there their Souls are sewel for sire, till they shall be rejoyned in an unhappy sellowship, and cast into eternal torments; where they that were once companions in sin, shall be bereaster partners in punishment.

EPIG. 2.

Gripe, Cupid, and gripe still, until that wind, That's pent before, find secret vent behind: And when th'ast done, hark here, I tell thee what, Before I'le trust thy armful, I'le trust that.

IIL

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IIT.

JOB 18. 8.

He is cast into a net by his own feet, and walketh upon a snare.

I.

That? nets and quiver too? what need there all
These slie devices to betray poor men?
Die they not sast enough when thousands fall
Before thy dart? what need these engines then?
Attend they not, and answer to thy call,
Like nightly convoys where thou list and when?
What needs a stratagem where strength can sway?
Or what need strength compel, where none gainsay?
Or what need stratagem or strength, where hearts obey?

2

Husband thy flights: it is but vain to waste

Hony on those that will be catch'd with gall:

Thou canst not, ah! thou canst not bid so sast
As men obey: thou art more slow to call,

Than they to come: thou canst not make such hast

To strike, as they being struck, make haste to fall:

Go save thy nets for that rebellious heart

That scorns thy pow'r, and has obtain'd the art

T' avoid thy flying shaft, to quench thy si'ry dart.

3

Loft mortal, how is thy destruction sure,
Between two bawds, and both without remorse!

The one's a Line, the t'other is a Lure;
This to entice thy Soul; that to enforce:
Way-laid by both, how canft thou ftand fecure?
That draws; this wooes thee to th'eternal curse.
O charming Tyrant, how hast thou befool'd
And slav'd poor man, that would not if he could
Avoid thy line, thy lure; nay could not if he would!

4

Alas, thy sweet perfidious voice betrayes
His wanton ears with thy Syrenian baits;
Thou wrapst his Eyes in mists, then boldly layes
Thy Lethal gins before their crystal gates;
Thou lock'st up ev'ry sense with thy false keyes,
All willing pris'ners to thy close deceits:
His Ear most nimble, where it Deaf should be,
His Eye most Blind, where most it ought to see,
And when his Heart's most bound, then thinks himself.

5.

Thou grand Impostor, how hast thou obtain'd
The wardship of the World? Are all men turn'd
Idiots and Lunaticks? Are all retain'd
Beneath thy servile bands? Is none return'd
To his forgotten self? Has none regain'd
His senses? Are their senses all adjourn'd?
What none dismist thy Court? will no plump see
Bribe thy false fifts to make a glad decree,
T' unfool whom thou hast fool'd, and set thy pris'ners free?

II.

nfeli ree

N.

S. BERN. in Ser.

In this World is much treachery, little truth; here all things are traps: here every thing is beset with snares; here Souls are endangered, Bodies are afflicted; here all things are zanity and vexation of Spirit.

EPIG. 3.

Nay, Cupid, pitch thy trammel, where thou please, Thou canst not fail to take such fish as these; Thy thriving sport will ne'r be spent: no need To sear, when ev'ry cork's a World, thou'k speed.

IV.

IV.



Quam grane forminm est qual louis esca part.

76

IV.

IV.

HOSEA 13. 3.

They shall be as the chaff that is driven with a whirlwind out of the floor, and as the smoke out of the chimney.

Lint-hearted Stoicks, you, whose marble Eyes Contemn a wrinkle, and whose Souls despise To follow natures too affected fashion, Or travel in the Regent walk of paffion; Whose rigid hearts disdain to shrink at fears, Or play at fast and loose with smiles and tears; Come burft your spleens with laughter to behold A new found vanity, which daies of old Ne'r knew: a vanity, that has befet The World, and made more flaves than Mahomet: That has condemn'd us to the servile yoke Of flavery, and made us flaves to smoke, But flay: why tax I thus our modern times, For new-born follies, and for new-born crimes? Are we fole guilty, and the first age free? No, they were smok'd and slav'd as well as we. What's sweet-lipt Honors blast, but smoke? what's treasure But very smoke? And what more smoke than pleasure? Alas! they're all but shadows, fumes, and blasts; That vanishes, this fades, the other wastes. The restless Merchant, he that loves to steep His brains in wealth, and laves his Soul to fleep In bags of Bullion, fees th' immortal crown, And fain would mount, but Ingots keep him down: He brags to day, perchance, and begs to morrow: He lent but now, wants credit now to borrow;

Blow

Blow winds, the treasure's gone, the merchant's broke; A flave to filver's but a flave to fmoke. Behold the Glory-vying child of fame, That from deep wounds fuck fuch an honour'd name. That thinks no purchase worth the stile of good. But what is fold for sweat, and seal'd with Blood; That for a point, a blaft of empty breath, Undaunted gazes in the face of Death; Whose dear bought bubble, fill'd with vain renown, Breaks with a phillop, or a Gen'rals frown: His stroke-got Honour staggers with a stroke; A flave to honour is a flave to fmoke. And that fond fool, which wastes his idle dayes In loofe delights, and sports about the blaze Of cupid's Candle; he that daily spies Twin babies in his Mistris Geminies, Whereto his fad devotion does impart The sweet burnt-offering of a bleeding heart : See, how his wings are kindg'd in Cyprian fire, Whose flames consume with youth, in age expire: The World's a bubble, all the pleasures in it, Like morning vapours vanish in a minute; The vapours vanish, and the bubble's broke; A flave to pleasure is a flave to smoke. Now, Stoick, cease thy laughter, and repast Thy pickled cheeks with tears, and weep as fast.

11.

N.

S. HIERON.

That rich man is great, who thinketh not himself great, because he is rich: the proud man (who is the poor man) braggeth outwardly, but beggeth inwardly: He is blown up but not full.

PETR. RAV.

Vexation and anguish accompany riches and honour: the pomp of the world, and the favour of the People are but smoke: and a blast suddenly vanishing : which if they commonly please, commonly bring repentance, and for a minute of joy, they bring en age of forrow.

EPIG. 4.

Cupid, thy diet's strange: It dulls, it rowzes, It cools, it hears, it binds, and then it loofes: Dull-sprightly-cold-hot fool, if ev'r it winds thee Into a looseness once, take heed, it blads thee.

V.



Non somme, quod his micat women est

80

I

V.

PROV. 23, 5.

Wilt thou set thine eyes upon that which is not? for riches make themselves wings, they slie away as an Eagle.

I.

The least delight:
The least delight:
The favours cannot gain a Friend,
They are so slight:
Thy morning pleasures make an end
To please at Night:
Poor are the wants that thou supply'st:
And yet thou vaunt'st, and yet thou vy'st
With Heaven; sond Earth thou boasts; salse World thou

2

Thy babling tongue tels golden tales
Of endless treasure;
Thy bounty offers easie sales
Of lasting pleasure;
Thou ask'ft the Conscience what she ails,
And swear'st to ease her:
There's none can want where thou supply'st:
There's none can give where thou deny'st.
Alas, fond world thou boasts; false world thou ly'ft.

ı.

What well advised ear regards
What Earth can say?
Thy words are gold, but thy rewards
Are painted clay:

Thy cunning can but pack the cards:

Thou canst not play:

Thy game at weakest still thou vy'st;

If seen, and then revy'd, deny'st!

Thou art not what thou seem'st: false World, thou ly'st,

Thy tinfil bosome seems a mint,
Of new-coin'd treasure;
A Paradise, that has no stint,
No change, no measure;
A painted cask, but nothing in't,
Nor wealth, nor pleasure:
Vain Earth! that falsy thus comply'st
With man: Vain man! that thou rely'st
On Earth: Vain man thou doat'st: Vain Earth thou ly'st.

5.

What mean dull Souls, in this high measure
To habberdash
In Earths base wares, whose greatest treasure
Is dross and trash?
The height of whose inchanting pleasure
Is but a stash?
Are these the goods that thou supply'st
Us mortals with? Are these the high'st?
Can these bring cordial peace? false World thou ly'st,

II.

PET. BLES.

The World is deceitful: Her end is doubtful; Her conclusion is horrible; her Judge is terrible; and her punishment is intolerable.

S. AUGUST. lib. Confess.

The Vain glory of this world is a deceitful sweetness, a fruitless labour, a perpetual sear, a dangerous honour: Her beginning is without providence, and her end not without repentance.

EPIG. 5.

World, th'art a Traytor; thou hast stampt thy base And chymick metal with great Casar's face, And with thy bastard bullion thou hast barter'd For wares of price; how justly drawn and quarter'd!

VI.



Sie accipit orfis.

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VI.

JOB 15. 31

Let not him that is deceived, trust in vanity, for vanity shall be his recompence.

È.

B Elieve her not, her glass diffuses
False portraichures: thou canst espie
No true reflection: She abuses
Her mis-inform'd beholders Eye;
Her Crystal's falsly steel'd: it scatters
Deceitful beams: Believe her not, she statters.

2.

This flaring mirrour represents

No right proportion, hue or feature:
Her very looks are complements;
They make thee fairer, goodlier, greater:
The skilful gloss of her reflection
But paints the Context of thy course complexion.

3.

Were thy dimension but a stride,
Nay wert thou statur'd but a span,
Such as the long-bill'd troops desi'd,
A very fragment of a man?
She'l make thee Mimas, which ye will,
The Jove-slain Tyrant, or th' Ionick hill.

2.

Had furfets, or th' ungracious Star Compir'd to make one common place

1.

Of all deformities that are
Within the volume of thy face,
She'd lend thee favour should out-move
The Troy-bane Hellen, or the Queen of Love.

5.

Were thy consum'd estate as poor
As Laz'rus or afflicted Job's:

Shee'l change thy wants to seeming store,
And turn thy rags to purple robes;

Shee'l make thy hide-bound sank appear
As plump as theirs that feast it all the year.

6.

Look off, let not thy Opricks be
Abus'd: thou feeft not what thou should'st a
Thy self's the object thou should'st see,
But 'tis thy shadow thou behold'st:
And shadows thrive the more in stature,
The nearer we approach the Light of nature.

7.

Where Heav'ns bright beams look more direct,
The shadow shrinks as they grow stronger:
But when they glance their fair aspect,
The bold-fac'd shade grows larger, longer:
And when their lamp begins to fall,
Th' increasing shadows lengthen most of all.

8.

The Soul that seeks the noon of grace,
Shrinks in, but swells if grace retreat;
As Heav'n lifts up, or veils his face,
Our self esteems grow less or great,
The least is greatest, and who shall
Appear the greatest are the least of all.

H U G O lib. de anima.

In Vain he lifteth up the Eye of his heart to behold his God, who is not first rightly advised to behold himself: First, thou must see the visible things of thy self, before thou canst be prepared to know the invisible things of God; for if thou canst not apprehend the things within thee, thou canst not comprehend the things above thee: the best looking-glass, wherein to see thy God, is perfectly to see thy self.

EPIG. 6.

Be not deceiv'd great Fool: there is no loss In being small: great bulks but swell with dross. Man is heav'ns Master piece: If it appear More great, the value's less; if less, more dears

GO

VII.



V 11.

Come

VII

DEUTERONOMY 30. 19.

I have set before thee Life and Death, blessing and cursing, therefore choose Life, that thou and thy seed may Live.

Ť.

The World's a Floor, whose swelling heaps retain The mingled wages of the Ploughmans toyl; The World's a heap, whose yet unwinnowed grain Is lodg'd with chaff and buried in her soyl; All things are mixt, the useful with the vain; The good with bad, the noble with the vile; The world's an Ark, wherein things pure and gross Present their loss-ful gain, and gainful loss, Where ev'ry dram of gold contains a pound of dross.

á.

This furnish'd Ark presents the greedy view
With all that Earth can give, or Heav'n can add;
Here lasting joyes; here pleasures hourly new,
And hourly fading, may be wish'd and had:
All points of Honour, counterfeir and true,
Salute thy Soul, and wealth both good and bad:
Here maist thou open wide the two-leav'd door
Of all thy wishes, to receive that store
Which being empty most, does overslow the more.

3.

Come then my Soul, approach this Royal Burle,
And see what wares our great Exchange retains:
Come, come; here's that shall make a firm divorce
Betwixt thy wants and thee, if want complains;
No need to sit in council with thy purse,
Here's nothing good shall cost more price than pains.
But O my Soul take heed, if thou rely
Illian thy sighless Oppicies, thou will have

But O my Soul take heed, if thou rely
Upon thy faithless Opticks, thou wilt buy
Too blind a bargain: know, fools only trade by th' eye.

The worldly Wisdom of the Foolish man
Is like a fieve, that does alone retain
The grosser substance of the worthless bran:
But thou, my Soul, let thy brave thoughts disdain
So course a purchase, O be thou a fan
To purge the chaff, and keep the winnow'd grain:
Make clean thy thoughts, and dress thy mixt desires,
Thou art Heav'ns tasker; and thy God requires,
The purest of thy floor, as well as of thy fires.

Let Grace conduct thee to the paths of peace,
And Wisdom bless thy Souls unblemish'd waies,
No matter then, how short or long's the lease,
Whose date determines thy self-numbred daies:
No need to care, for wealths or fames increase,
Nor Mars his Palm, nor high Apollo's Bayes.
Lord, if thy gracious bountie please to fill

The floor of my defires, and teach me skill To dress and chuse the corn, take those the chaff that will

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S. AUGUS T. lib. 1. de Doct. Chrifti.

Temporal things more ravish in the expectation than in fruition : but things eternal more in the fruition than expectation.

Ibidem.

The Life of man is the middle between Angels and beafts: if man takes pleasure in carnal things, he is compared to beasts; but if he delights in Spiritual things, he is suted with Angels.

EPIG. 7.

in thon a Child? Thou wilt not then be fed, But like a Child, and with the Childrens bread: IST or thou art fed with chaff, or corn undreft: by Soul thou favour'ft too much of the beaft.

VIII.

92

Emblemes.

Book II

VIII.





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VIII.

PHILIPPIANS 3. 19.

They mind Earthly things, but our conversation is in Heaven.

Venus. Hat means this peevish brat? Whish, fullaby, Ven. T What ails my Babe? what ails my Babe to cry? Will nothing still it? Will it neither be Pleas'd with the nurses breast nor Mothers knee 3 What ails my bird? What moves my froward Boy To make such whimp'ring faces; Peace, my joy: Will nothing do? Come, come, this pettish brat, Thus cry and brawl, and cannot tell for what? Come bus and friends, my Lamb; whish, lullaby, What ails my Babe? What ails my Babe to cry? Peace, peace my dear; alas, thy early years Had never faults to merit half these tears; Come Smile upon me: Let thy Mother spie Thy Fathers image in her babies Eye: Husband these guiltless drops against the rage Of harder fortunes, and the gripes of Ages Thine Eye's not ripe for tears : whish, lullaby; What ails my Babe, my sweet-fac'd Babe to cry? Look, look, what's here! A dainty golden thing: See how the dancing hells turn round and ring To please my bantling! Here's a knack will breed An hundred kiffes: here's a knack indeed.

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So, now my bird is white, and looks as fair As Pelops shoulder, or my Milk-white pair: Here's right the Father's smile, when Mars beguil'd Sick Venus of her heart, just thus he smil'd.

Divine Cupid.

Well may they Smile alike; thy base-bred Boy And his base fire had both one cause, a toy: How well their subjects and their Smiles agree ? Thy cupid finds a toy, and Mars found thee: Falle Queen of beauty, Queen of falle delights, Thy knee presents an Embleme, that invites Man to himself, whose self-transported heart Ov'r-whelm'd with native forrows, and the fmart Of purchas'd griefs) lies whining Night and Day, Not knowing why , till heavy heel'd delay , The dull-brow'd Pander of despair, laies by His leaden buskings, and presents his Eye With antick trifles, which th' indulgent Earth Makes proper objects of mans childish mirth. These be the Coyn that pass, the sweets that please; There's nothing good, there's nothing great but these: These be the Pipes that base-born minds dance after And turn immod'rate tears to lavish laughter; Whilst Heav'nly raptures pass without regard; Their strings are harsh, and their high strains unheard: The ploughmans whistle or the trivial flute Find more respect than great Apollo's lute : We'll look to Heav'n, and trust to higher joyes; Let swine Love husks, and Children whine for toyes.

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S. BERN.

S. BERN.

That is the true and chief joy, which is not conceived from the creature, but received from the Creator, which (being once possess) none can take from thee: whereto all pleasure being compared is torment, all joy is grief, sweet things are bitter, all glory is baseness, and all delectable things are despicable.

S. BERN.

Joy in a changeable subject must necessarily change as the subject changeth.

EPIG. 8.

Peace, childish Cupid, peace: thy finger'd Eye But cries for what, in time, will make thee cry!: But are thy peevish wranglings thus appear'd? Well mayst thou cry, that art so poorly pleas'd.

DX.

IX.



Benturum exarrefe diem .

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IX.

IX.

ISAIAH 10. 3.

What will you do in the day of your visitation?
to whom will ye flie for help? and where
will you leave your glory?

I.

Is this that jolly God, whose Cyprian bow
Has shot so many flaming darts,
And made so many wounded Beauties go
Sadly perplex'd with whimp'ring hearts?
Is this that Sov'reign Deity that brings
The slavish World in awe, and stings. (Kings?
The blundring Souls of swains, and stoops the hearts of

2,

What Circean charm, what Hecatean fpight
Has thus abus'd the God of Love?
Great Jove was vanquish'd by his greater might;
(And who is stronger-arm'd than Jove?)
Or has our lustful God perform'd a rape,
And (fearing Argus Eyes would scape)
The view of jealous Earth, in this prodigious shape?

3.

Where be those rosie cheeks, that lately scorn'd
The malice of injurious Fates?
Ah, where's that pearl Percullis that adorn'd
Those dainty two-leav'd Ruby gates?
Where be those killing Eyes, that so control'd
The World? And locks that did infold
Like knots of staming wire, like curles of burnish'd gold?
No.

2.2000 PHP

No, no, 'twas neither Hecate an spite,
Nor charm below, nor pow'r above;
'Twas neither Circus spell, nor Stygian sp'rit,
That thus transform'd our God of Love;
'Twas owl-ey'd Lust (more potent far than they)
Whose Eyes and actions hate they day?
Whom all the world observe, whom all the world obey.

See how the latter Trumpets dreadful blaft
Affrights frout Mars his trembling Son!
See, how he ftartles! how he ftands agast,
And scrambles from his melting Throne!

Hark, how the direful hand of vengeance tears
The swelt ring clouds, whilst Hear'n appears
A circle fill'd with stame, and centred with his sears.

This is that day, whose oft report hath worn
Neglected tongues of Prophets bare;
The faithless subject of the worldlings scorn,
The Summ of men and Angels Pray'r:
This, this the day, whose All-discerning Light
Ransacks the secret dens of Night,
And severs good from bad; true joyes from false delight.

You grov'ling worldlings, you, whose wisdom trades
Where Light nev'r shot his golden ray;
That hide your actions in Cimmerian shades,
How will your Eyes endure this Day?
Hills will be Deaf, and mountains will not Hear;
There be no caves, nor corners there, (fear.
To shade your Souls from fire, to shield your hearts from

HUGO.

II.

m

HUGO.

O the extreme loathsomness of fleshly lust, which not only effeminates the mind, but enervates the body; which not only distaineth the Soul, but disquiseth the person! It is ushered with sury and wantonness; it is accompanied with silthiness and uncleanness; and it is followed with grief and repentance.

EPIG. 9.

What? Sweet-fac'd Cupid, has thy bastard-treasure. Thy boasted honours and thy bold-fac'd pleasure Perplex'd thee now? I told thee long ago, To what they'd bring thee, Fool, To wit, to wor.

100

Emblemes.

Book II.



Jinnit : inaue es E.

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NAHUM 2. 10.

She is empty, and void, and waste.

I.

She's empty: hark, the founds, there's nothing there
But noise to fill thy Ear;
Thy vain enquiry can at length but find
A blast of murm'ring wind:
It is a cask, that seems as full as fair;
But meerly tunn'd with air;
Fond youth, go build thy hopes on better grounds:
The Soul that vainly founds
Her joyes upon this World but feeds on empty sounds.

2.

She's empty: hark, she sounds: there's nothing in't,

The spark-ingend'ring flint
Shall sooner melt, and hardest raunce shall first
Dissolve and quench thy thirst,
E're this false World shall still thy stormy breast;
With smooth-fac'd calms of rest?
Thou mayst as well expect Meridian Light?
From shades of black-mouth'd Night,
As in this empty World to find a full delight.

She'

102

3.

She's empty: hark, she founds; 'tis void and vast;

What if some flatt'ring blast.

Of flatuous honour should perchance be there,

And whisper in thine Ear?

It is but winde, and blows but where it list,

And vanisheth like a mist.

Poor honour Earth can give! What gen'rous mind

Would be so base to bind

Her Heav'n-bred Soul a slave to serve a blast of wind?

4.

She's empty: hark, the founds: 'ris but a ball For Fools to play withall:

The painted film but of a stronger bubble,

That's lin'd with filken trouble:

It is a World, whose work and recreation

Is Vanity and vexation;

A Hag, repair'd with vice-complexion paint,

A quest-house of complaint:

It is a saint, a fiend, worse fiend, when most a saint.

5

She's empty: hark, fhe founds: 'tis Vain and void,

What's here to be enjoy'd

But grief and fickness, and large bills of forrow,
Drawn now, and cross'd to morrow?

Or what are men, but puffs of dying breath,
Reviv'd with living Death?

Fond lad, O build thy hopes on surer grounds
Than what dull flesh propounds:

Trust not this hollow world, she's empty: hark, she sounds

S. CHRYS.

S. CHR Y.S. in Ep. ad Heb.

Contemn riches, and thou shalt be rich; contemn glory and thou shalt be glorious; contemn injuries, and thou shalt be a conqueror; contemn rest, and thou shalt gain rest; contemn Earth, and thou shalt find Heaven.

HUGO lib. de Vanit, mundi.

The world is a vanity which afforded neither beauty to the amorous, nor reward to the laborious, nor encouragement to the industrious.

EPIG. 10.

This House is to be let for life or years; Her rent is forrow, and her Income tears: Cupid, 't has long stood void; her bills make known, She must be dearly let; or let alone.

XI.

XI.



Erras hac itur ad illam.

Will Marchail Song tot.

104

XI.

XI.

MATTH. 7. 14.

Narrow is the way that leadeth unto life; and few there be that find it.

Repostrous Fool, thou troul'st amis; Thou err'ft; that's not the way, 'tis this : Thy hopes instructed by thine Bye; Make-thee appear more near than I; My floor is not so flat, so fine, And has more obvious rubs than thine: 'Tis true my way is hard and strait, And leads me through a thorny gate: Whose rankling pricks are sharp and fell; The Common way to Heav'n's by Hell: 'Tis true; thy path is short and fair, And free from rubs : Ah , Fool beware , The fafeft road's not always ev'n; The way to Hell's a feeming Heav'n: Think'ft thou the Crown of Glory's had With idle ease, fond Cyprian lad? Think'st thou, that mirth, and vain delights, High feed, and shadow-shorming Nights, Soft knees, full Bones and beds of down, Are proper Prologues to a Crown? Or canst thou hope to come and view, Like prosperous Cafar, and subdue? The bond flave Usurer will trudge In spight of Gouts, will turn a drudge, And serve his Soul-condemning purse, T' increase it with the widows curse:

And

And shall the Crown of Glory stand Not worth the waving of an hand? The fleshly wanton to obtain His minute luft, will count it gain To lose his Freedom, his Estate, Upon so dear, so sweet a rate; Shall pleasures thus be priz'd, and must Heav'ns Palm be cheaper than a lust? The true-bred spark, to hoise his Name Upon the waxen wings of Fame, Will fight undaunted in a floud That's rais'd with brackish drops and Blood: And shall the promis'd Crown of life Be thought a toy, not worth a strife? An easie good brings easie gains: But things of price are bought with pains: The pleasing way is not the right: He that would conquer Heav'n must fight.

S. HIERON.

Th

S. HIERON. in Ep.

No Labour is hard, no time is long, wherein the glory of ternity is the mark we level at.

S. GREG. lib. 8. Mor.

The valour of a just man is to conquer the stells, to contradict is own will, to quench the delights of this present life, to enture and love the miseries of this world for the reward of a meter, to contemn the statteries of prosperity, and inwardly o overcome the sears of adversity.

EPIG. it.

D cupid, if thy smoother way were right, should mistrust this Crown were counterfeit: The way's not easie where the Prize is great: I hape no virtues, where I smell no sweat.

XII

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In cruce fat fecurus amor. EPIG. 16. 108

the second way were right. hould milliout o' le Crown were or uncertein? lla way's not care where the Prize is great : visuses , where I finell no tweat.

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1

XII.

GALAT. 6. 14.

God forbid that I should glory, save in the Cross.

I

My truft is in the Cook the beaut

Can my affections find out nothing best?

But still and still remove?

Has Earth no Mercy? will no Ark of rest

Receive my restless Dove?

Is there no good, than which there's nothing higher,

To bless my sull defire

With joyes that never change, with joyes that ne'r expire.

2.

I wanted wealth; and at my dear requeft,

Earth lent a quick supply;

I wanted mirth to charm my sullen breast;

And who more brisk than I?

I wanted fame to glorisie the rest;

My fame slew Eagle-high;

My joy not fully ripe, but all decay'd;

Wealth vanish'd like a shade,

My mirth began to slag, my same began to sade.

3.

The World's an Ocean, hurried to and fro With ev'ry blaft of passion: Her luftful streams, when either ebb or flow,
Are tides of Mans vexation:
They alter daily, and they daily grow
The worse by alteration:
The Earth's a cask full tunned, yet wanting measure;
Her precious Wine is pleasure;
Her yest is honours puff; Her lees are worldly treasure.

4

My trust is in the Cross: let beauty flag

Her loose, her wanton sail;

Let count nance-gilding honour cease to brag

In county reems, and vail;

Let ditch-bred wealth henceforth forget to wag

Her base, though Golden Tail;

False beauties conquest is but real loss;

And wealth, but Golden dross;

Best honour's but a blast: my must is in the Cross.

sover that ne's expire.

3.

My trust is in the Cross: There lies my rest;
My fast, my fole delight:
Let cold-mouth'd Boreas, or the hot mouth'd East
Blow rill they burst with spigla:
Let Earth and Hell conspire their worst, their best,
And joyn their twisted might;
Let showrs of thunder-bolts date down, and wound me
And troops of Friends surround me.
All this may well confront; all this shall me'r consound me

S. AUGUST

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S. AUGUST.

Christ's Cross is the Christross of all our happiness: It delivers us from all blindness of error, and enriches our darkness with light; It restoreth the troubled Soul to rest; It bringeth strangers to Gods acquaintance; It maketh remote foreigners near neighbours; It cutteth off discord; concludeth a league of everlasting peace; and is the bounteous author of all good.

S. BERN. in Ser. de resur.

We find glory in the Cross; to us that are saved, it is the power of God, and the fulness of all virtues.

EPIG. 12.

I follow'd rest, rest fled and soon forsook me; I ran from grief, grief ran and overtook me. What shall I do? lest I be too much tost On worldly crosses, Lord, let me be cross.

H 4

XIII

112

Emblemes.

Book #

XIII.



Post Vulnera Damon

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112

XIII

XIII.

PROV. 26. 11.

As a Dog returneth to his vomit, so a Foot returneth to his folly.

I am wounded! and my wounds do fmart Beyond my patience, or great chiron's art; I yield, I yield; the day, the Palm is thine; Thy bow's more true; thy shaft's more fierce than mine. Hold, hold, O hold thy cong'ring hand. What need To fend more darts? the first has done the deed: Oft have we struggled, when our equal Arms Shot equal shafts, inflicted equal harms? But this exceeds, and with her flaming head, Twy-fork'd with Death, has ftruck my conscience Dead. But must I die? Ah me! if that were all . Then, then I'd ftroke my bleeding wounds and call This dare a Cordial, and with joy endure These harsh ingredients, where my grief's my cure-But fomething whispers in my dving Ear, There is an after-day; which day I fear: The flender debt to Nature's quickly paid, Discharg'd perchance with greater ease than made ; But if that pale-fac'd Sergeant make arreft, Ten thousand actions would (whereof the least Is more than all this lower World can bail) Be entred, and condemn me to the jail Of Stygian darkness bound in red hor chains, And grip'd with tortures worse than Titlan pains.

Farewel my vain, Farewel my loose delights; Farewel my rambling dayes, my rev'ling Nights;

Twas

'Twas you betray'd me first, and when ye found My Soul advantage, gave my Soul the wound: Farewel my bullion gods, whose sovereign looks So often catch'd me with their Golden Hooks: Go feek another flave; ye must all go; I cannot serve my God and Bullion too. Farewel falle honour; you, whose arry wings Did mount my Soul above the thrones of Kings; Thep flatter'd me, took pet, and in dildain, Nipemy green buds; then kick'd me down again: Farewel my bow; Farewel my Cyprian Quiver; Farewel dear World, Farewel dear World for ever. O, but this most delicious World, how sweet Her pleasures relish! Ah! How jump they meet The grasping Soul, and with their sprightly fire, Revive, and raise, and rowze the wrapt defire! For ever? O, to part fo long? what? never Meet more? another Year, and then for ever: Too quick refolves do resolution wrong; What , part fo foon , to be divorc'd fo long? Things to be done are long to be debated; Heav'n is not day'd, Repentance is not dated.

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my vaja i Parastany loole deligies ;

s. August.

II.

S. AUGUST. lib. de util. agen. poen.

Go up my Soul into the tribunal of thy Conscience: there set thy guilty self before thy self: Hide not thy self behind thy self, lest God bring thee forth before thy self.

S. AUGUST. in Solilog.

In vain is that washing, where the next sin defileth: He hathill repented, whose sins are repeated: that Stomach is the worse for vomiting, that licketh up his vomit.

ANSELM.

God hath promised pardom to him that repenteth, but he that not promised repentance to him that sinneth.

EPIG. 13.

Brain-wounded Cupid, had this hafty dart,
As it hath prick'd thy fancy, pierc'd thy heart,
'T had been thy friend: O how hath it deceiv'd thee!
For had this dart but kill'd, this dart had sav'd thee.
XIV.

XIV.



Post lapfum fortius asto

116 .

Begin wounded out . Ind this hafly dans. as a burth prick the larger, piered the Flad becauty fit al: O hawhim and new dree! VIX his dant bas lives, this contract law'd there. 771 X

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XIV.

PROV. 24. 16.

A just man falleth seven times, and riseth up again, but the wicked shall fall into mischief.

I.

T is but a foil at best, and that's the most
Your skill can boast:
My slipp'ry footing fail'd me; and you tript
Just as I slipt:

My wanton weakness did her self betray With too much play:

I was too bold, He never yet flood fure:
That flands fecure:

Who ever trusted to his native strength,
But fell at length?

The title's craz'd, the tenure is not good,
That claims by th' evidence of flesh and Blood.

2

Boaft not thy skill, the righteous man falls oft, Yet falls but fost:

There may be dirt to mire him, but no Stones
To crush his Bones:

What if he staggers? Nay, put case he be Foil'd on his knee?

That very knee will bend to Heav'n, and woo For Mercy too:

The true-bred Gamester ups a fresh, and then Falls to't agen;

Whereas the leaden-hearted coward lies, And yields his conquer'd life, or craven'd dies.

3

Boast not thy Conquest, thou that ev'ry hour
Fall'st ten times lower,
May, hast not pow'r to rise, is not, in case,
To fall more base:
Thou wallow'st where I slip; and thou dost tumble;
Where I but stumble:
Thou glory'st in thy sav'ries dirty badges,
And fall'st for wages:
Sowr grief and sad repentance scowrs and clears
My stains with tears:
Thy falling keeps thy falling still in ure;
But when I ship, I stand the more secure.

4.

We call a Man!

What fenny trash maintains the smoth ring fires

Of his desires!

How slight and short are his resolves at longest,

How weak at strongest!

O if a sinner held by that fast hand;

Can hardly stand;

Good God! in what a desp'rate case are they,

That have no stay!

Mans state implies a necessary curse;

When not himself, he's mad; when most himself, he's worse.

Lord, what a nothing is this little span,

S. AMBROS

nis corque 'd i.o., c

(c)

S. AMBROS. in Ser. ad vincula.

Peter stood more firmly after he had lamented his fall than before he fell. Insomuch that he found more grace than he lost grace.

S. CHRYS. in Ep. ad Heliod. monach.

It is no such hainous matter to fall afflicted, as being down to lit dejected. It is no danger for a Souldier to receive a wound in battel, but after the wound received, through despair of recovery to resuse a remedy; for we often see wounded Champions wear the palm at last, and after fight, crowned with victory.

EPIG. 14.

numph not, Cupid, his mischance doth show
y trade; doth once, what thou dost alwayes do:
g not too soon: has thy prevailing hand
and him? Ah Fool, th' hast taught him how to stand.
X V.

XV.



Patet arthur; chiuditus oshi.

120

XV.

JEREMIAH 32. 40.

I will put fear in their harts, that they shall not depart from me.

CO, now the Soul's sublim'd: her fowr defires Are recason'd in heaven's well temp'red fires: The heart restor'd and purg'd from drossie nature Now finds the Freedom of a new-born creature: It lives another : life , it breaths new breath; It neither fears for feels the fling of Death. The ment Like as the idle vagrant (having none.) That boldly 'dopts, each House he views, his own; Makes ev'ry purse his chequer; and at pleasure, in sound to Walks forth, and taxes all the World like Cafar; At length by vertue of a just command, 10 a and n'visit A His fides are lent to a feverer hand; Whereon his Pass, not fully understood, Is texted in a manuscript of Blood: This past from town to town; until he come A fore repentant to his native home: Evo fo the rambling heart, that idly roves from crimes to fin, and uncontrol'd removes From lust to lust, when wanton flesh invites From old-worn pleasures to new choice delights, At length corrected by the filial rod Of his offended (but his gracious God) And lash'd from fins to fighs; and by degrees, from fighs to yows, from vows to bended knee;; from bended knees to a true pensive brest; from thence to torments, not by tongues exprest, Returns;

122

Returns; (and from his finful felf exil'd) Finds a glad Father, he a Welcome Child s O then it lives; O then it lives involv'd In secret raptures; pants to be dissolv'd: The Royal Off spring of a second Birth Sets ope to Heav'n, and fluts the doors to Earth: If love fick Jove commanded clouds should hap To rain such show'rs as quickned Danae's lap: Or Dogs (far kinder than their purple mafter) Should lick his fores, he laughs, nor weeps the fafter. If Earth (Heav'ns rival) dart her idle ray: To Heav'n, 'tis wax, and to the World, 'tis clay: If Earth present delights, it scorns to draw, But like the jet unrub'd, disdains that straw: No hope deceives it, and no doubt divides h; No grief disturbs it, and no errour guides it ; No guilt condemns, and no folly shames it; No floth befors it, and no lust enthralls it; No fcorn afflicts it, and no passion gawls it; It is a cark'net of immortal life; An Ark of peace; the lifts of facred strife; A purer piece of endless transitory; A shrine of Grace, a little throne of Glory: A Heav'n born Off-spring of a new-born birth; An Earthly Heav'n; an ounce of Heav'nly Earth.

S. AUGUST

5. A U G US T. de Spir. & Anima.

O happy heart, where piety affecteth, where bumility subjects, where repentance correcteth, where obedience directeth,
where perseverance persecteth, where power protecteth, where devotion projecteth, where charity connecteth.

S. GREG.

which way soever the heart turneth it self (if carefully) it shall commonly observe, that in those very things we lose God in those very things we shall find God: It shall find the heat of his power in consideration of those things, in the love of which things he was most cold, and by what things it fell, perverted, by those things it is raised, converted.

EPIG. 15

My heart! but wherefore do I call thee fo?
I have renounc'd my int'rest long ago:
When thou wert falle and fleshly, I was thine;
thine wert thou never, till thou wert not mine.

The



Lord all my defire is before the and my growing is not hid from the Pf:30

THE

THIRD BOOK

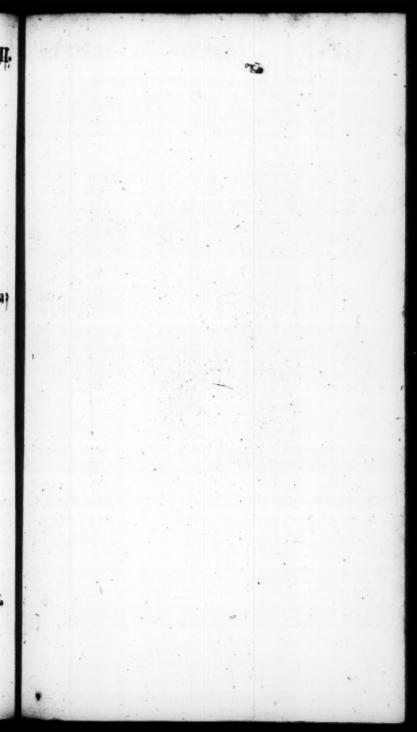
The Entertainment.

ALL you whose better thoughts are newly born, And (rebaptiz'd with holy fire) can scorn The world's base trash, whose necks distain to bear th' imperious yoke of Satan; whose chast ear No wanton Songs of Syrens can surprize With false delight; whose more than Eagle eyes Can view the glorious stames of Gold, and gaze On glittr'ng beams of honour, and do not daze; Whose Souls can spurn at pleasure, and deny The loose suggestions of the sless, draw nigh:

And you whose am'rous, whose select defires Would feel the warmth of those transcendent fires . Which (like the rifing Sun) put out the Light Of Venus star, and turn her day to Night; You that would love and have your passions crown'd With greater happiness, than can be found In your own wishes; you that would affect Where neither scorn, nor guile, nor disrespect Shall wound your tortur'd fouls; that would enjoy, Where neither want can pinch, nor fulness cloy, Nor double doubt afflicts, nor baser sear Unflames your courage in pursuit, draw near, Shake hands with Earth, and let your Soul respect Her joyes no further, than her joyes reflect Upon her makers glory: if thou swim In wealth, see him in all; see all in him:

I 3

Sink'ft thou in want, and is thy small cruse spent? See him in want : enjoy him in content : Conceiv'ft him lodg'd in Crofs, or loft in pain? In Pray'r and Patience find him out again: Make Heav'n thy Mistris, let'no change remove Thy Leval heart; be fond; be fick of Love: What if he stop his Ear, or knichis brow? At length he'l be as fond, as fick as thou: Darr up thy Soul in groans: thy secret groan Shall pierce his Ear, thall pierce his Ear alone; Dart up thy Soul in vows: Thy facred vow Shall find out, where Heav'n alone shall know: Dart up thy Soul in fighs: Thy wisp'ring figh Shall rouse his Ears, and fear no liftner nigh: Send up thy groans, thy fighs, thy closet-vow; There's none, there's none shall know but Heav'n and thou Groans fresh'd with vows, and vows made falt with tears, Unicale his Eyes, and scale his conquer'd ears; Shoot up the bosome shafts of thy defire, Feather'd with Faith, and double-fork'd with fire, And they will hit: Fear not, where Heav'n hids come: Heav'n's never deaf, but when man's heart is dumb.





My Soule hath desired thee in the Night . IJay: 26: 128

I.

ISAIAH 26. 6.

My Soul bath desired thee in the Night.

Ood God! what horrid darkness doth surround J My groping Soul! how are my fenses bound In utter shades; and muffled from the Light. Lurk in the bosom of eternal Night! The bold-fac'd Lamp of Heav'n can fet and rife . And with his morning Glory fill the Eyes Of gazing mortals; his victorious ray Can chase the shadows, and restore the day: Nights bashful Empres, though she often wain . As oft repents her Darkness, primes again; And with her circling horns doth re-embrace Her Brothers wealth, and orbs her Silver face. But ah ! my Sun'deep swallow'd in his fall . Is fet and cannot fhine, nor rife at all: My bankrupt wain can beg nor borrow Light; Alas, my Darkness is perpetual Night, Falls have their rifings, wainings have their primes, And desp'rate sorrows wait their better times; Ebbs have their Flouds, and Autumns have their Springs All States have changes hurried with the fwings Of Chance and Time, still riding to and fro: Terrestrial Bodies and celestial too. How often have I vainly grop'd about, With length'ned arms to find a passage out, That I might catch those beams mine Eye defires; And bathe my Soul in those celestial fires? Like as the haggard, cloistered in her mew. To fcowr her downy robes, and to renew

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Her broken flags, preparing t'overlook The tim'rous Mallard at the fliding brook, Jets oft from perch to perch; from flock to ground, From ground to window, thus surveying round Her Dove befeather'd Prison, till at length (Calling her noble birth to mind, and ffrength Whereto her wing was born) her ragged beak Nipps off her jangling jeffes, strives to break Her gingling fetters, and begins to bate At ev'ry glimple, and darts at ev'ry grate: Ev'n so my weary Soul, that long has bin An Inmate in this Tenement of fin . Lock'd up by cloud-brow'd Errour, which invites My cloift'red thoughts to feed on black delights, Now foorns her shadows, and begins to dart Her wing'd defires at thee, that only art The Sun she seeks, whose rising beams can fright These duskie clouds that make so Dark a Night: Shine forth great Glory, fhine; that I may fee Both how to losth my felf, and honour Thee: But if my weakness force thee to deny Thy flames, yet lend the twilight of thine Eye: If I must want those Beams, I wish; yet grant, That I, at least, may wish those Beams, I want.

S. AUGUST

III

S. AUGUST. Soliloqu. cap. 33.

There was a great dark Cloud of vanity before mine Eyes, so that I could not see the Sun of Justice and the Light of Truth: I being the Son of Darkness, was involved in Darkness: I loved my Darkness, because I knew not thy Light: I was Blind, and loved my blindness, and did walk from Darkness to Darkness: But Lord thou art my God, who hast led me from Darkness and the shadow of Death; hast called me into this glorious Light, and behold, I see.

EPIG. t.

My Soul, chear up; what if the Night be Long, Heav'n finds an Ear, when finners find a tongue, Thy tears are Morning show'rs: Heav'n bids me say, When Peter's Cock begins to Crow, 'tis Day.

II.



OLord thou knowest my foolishnesse and my Sinns are not hid from thee Ps: 69. 5.

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II.

PSALM 69. 3.

O Lord, thou knowest my foolishness, and my sins are not hid from thee.

CEeft thou this fullom Ideot? In what measure He seems transported with the antick pleasure Of childish baubles? Canst thou but admire The empty fulness of his vain defire? Canst thou conceive such poor delights as these Can fill th' infatiate Soul of man, or pleafe The fond afpect of his deluded Eye? Reader, fuch very Fools are thou and I: Falle puffs of honour; the deceicful streams Of wealth; the idle, vain, and empty dreams Of pleasure, are our traffick, and ensuare Our Souls, the threefold subject of our care: We toil for trash, we barter folid joyes, For aiery trifles, sell our Heav'n for toyes:
We snatch at barly grains, whilst pearls stand by Despis'd; such very Fools are thou and I. Aim'ft thou at honour? does not th' Ideot shake it In his left hand? fond man, step forth and rake it: Or would'ft thou wealth? fee now the fool prefents thee With a full basket, if such wealth contents thee: Would'ft thou take pleasure? if the Fool unstride His prancing Stallion, thou maift up and ride: fond man, such is the pleasure, wealth, and honour The Earth affords such Fools, as dote upon her; such is the game whereat Earth's ideots flie; such ideots, ah! fuch Fools are thou and I:

fi

Had rebell-man's Fool-hardiness extended No farther, than himself, and there had ended. It had been just; but thus enrag'd to fly Upon the eternal Eyes of Majesty, And drag the Son of Glory from the breft Of his indulgent Father; to arrest His great and facred Perfon: in diffrace To spit and spaul upon his Sun-bright-face; To caunt him with base terms; and being bound, To scourge his soft, his trembling sides; to wound His head with thorns; his heart with humane fears: His hands with Nails, and his pale flank with spears: And then to paddle in the purer stream Of his spilt Blood, is more, than most extreme: Great builder of mankind, canft thou propound All this to thy bright Eyes, and not confound Thy handy work? O! Canft thou choose but see. That mad'ft the Eye? Can ought be hid from thee? Thou feeft our persons, Lord, and not our guile: Thou feeft not, what shou mailt, but what thou wilt The hand that form'd us is enforc'd to be A Screen fer up between thy work and thee : Look, look upon that Hand, and thou finit fpic An open wound, a through-fare for thine Eye; Or if that wound be clos'd, that pallage be Deny'd between thy gracious Eyes and me. Yet view the fear; that fear will conntermand Thy wrath: O read my Formure in thy hand.

S. CHRYS

S. CHRYS. Hom. 4. Joan.

Feols seem to abound in wealth, when they want all things; they seem to enjoy happiness, when indeed they are only most mi-serable; neither do they understand that they are deluded by their sancy, till they be delivered from their solly.

S. GREG. in Mor.

By so much the more are we inwardly foolish, by how much we strive to seem outwardly wise.

EPIG. 2.

Rebellious Fool, what has thy folly done:
Centroll'd thy God, and crucifi'd his Son?
How fiveetly has the Lord of life deceiv'd thee?
Thou fhedd'ft his blood, and that fhed blood has fav'd thee.

III.

III.



Have mercy on me OLord for I am weake OL! heale me formy bones are vexed Ps: 62.

III

11.

III.

PSALM 6. 2.

Have Mercy Lord, upon me, for I am weak; O Lord, beal me, for my bones are vexed.

Soul.

Jesus.

Soul. A H, Son of David, help: Jef. What finful crie Implores the Son of David? Soul, It is I. Jef. Who art thou? Soul. Oh, a deeply wounded breft That's heavy laden and would fain have reft. Jefus. I have no scraps, and dogs must not be fed Like houshold Children, with the Childrens bread. Soul. True, Lord: yet tolerate a hungry whelp To lick their crumbs: O Son of David, help. Jef. Poor Soul, what ail'st thou? Soul. O I burn, I fry, I cannot rest, I know not where to fly To find some ease; I turn'd my blubber'd sace From man to man; I roll from place to place

From man to man; I roll from place to place Tavoid my tortures, to obtain relief,
But still I am dogg'd and haunted with my grief:
My mid-night torments call the sluggish Light,
And when the morning's come, they woo the Night.

Jest. Surcease thy tears, and speak thy free desires. (fires. So. Quench, quench my flames, and swage these scorching Jest. Canst thou believe, my hand can cure thy grief? Soul. Lord, I believe; Lord, help my unbelief. Jest. Hold forth thine arm and let my singers try

Thy pulse; where chiefly doth thy torment lie?

Soul. From head to foot; it reigns in ev'ry part,

But plays the self-law'd tyrant in my heart.

If. Canst thou digest? canst relish wholsom food? How stands thy tast? Soul. To nothing that is good: All sinsultrash, and Earths unlav'ry stuff I can digst, and relish well enough.

Jesus. Is not thy Blood as cold as hot, by turns?

Soul. Cold to what's good; to what is bad it burns!

Jesus. How old's thy grief? Soul. I took it at the fall
With Eating Fruit. Jesus. 'Tis Epidemical:
Thy blood's infected, and th' infection sprung
From a bad liver: 'Tis a seaver strong
And sull of death, unless, with present speed,

A vein be opened, thou must die, or bleed.

Soul. O I am faint and spent: that launce that shall
Let forth my Blood, lets forth my life withal:
My Soul wants cordials, and has greater need
Of Blood, then (being spent so far) to bleed:

I faint already, if I bleed, I dy.

Jesus. 'Tis either thou must bleed, sick Soul or I: My Blood's a cordial. He that sucks my veins, Shall cleanse his own, and conquer greater pains Than these: chear up; this precious Blood of mine Shall cure thy grief; my heart shall bleed for thine: Believe and view me with a faithful Eye, Thy Scul shall neither languish, bleed, nor die.

S. AUGUST.

III.

ST.

S. AUGUST. lib. 10. Confess.

Lord, be merciful unto me: Ah me: Behold, I hide not my mounds: Thou art a Physician, and I am sick; Thou art merciful, and I am miserable.

S. GREG. in Pafforal.

O Wisdom, with how sweet an art doth thy wine and Oyl restore health to my healthies Sout! How powerfully merciful, how mercifully powerful art thou! Powerful for me, merciful to me!

EPIG. 3.

Canst thou be fick, and such a Doctor by?
Thou canst not live, unless thy Doctor dy!
Strange kind of grief, that finds no Med'cine good
To swage her pains, but the Physicians Blood!

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IV.



Looke upon Affliction and mife: ry and Forgive mee all my finn.

IV.

IV.

PSALM 25. 18.

Look upon my affliction and my pain, and forgive all my Sins.

BOth work and strokes? both lash and sabour too? What more could Edom, or proud Ashur do? Stripes, after Stripes; and blows succeeding blows? Lord, has thy scourge no Mercy, and my woes No end? my pains no ease? no intermission? Is this the state? is this the sad condition Of those that trust thee? will thy goodness please T' allow no other favours? none but these? Will not the Rhet'rick of my torments move? Are these the symptoms, these the signs of love? Is't not enough, enough that I fulfil The toylfome task of thy laborious will? May not this labour expiate and purge My fin without the addition of a scourge? Look on my cloudy brow, how fast it rains Sad showers of swear, the fruits of fruitless pains: Behold these ridges; see what purple furrows Thy plough has made; O think upon those forrows That once were thine; wilt thou not be woo'd To Mercy by the charms of fweat and Blood? Canst thou forget that drowfie mount, wherein Thy dull Disciples sleep, was not my Sin There punish'd in thy Soul? did not this brow Then fweat in thine? were not those drops enow? Remember Golgotha, where that spring-tide O'reflow'd thy foveraign Sacramental fide:

There

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There was no fin, there was no guilt in thee, That caus'd those pains; thou fweat'it, thou bledst for me. Was there not Blood enough, when one small drop Had pow'r to ransom thousand worlds, and stop The mouth of Juffice? Lord, I bled before In thy deep wounds; can luffice challenge more? Or doft thou vainly labour to hedge in Thy losses from my fides? my Blood is thin, And thy free bounty fcorns such easie thrist; No, no, thy Blood came not as love but gift. But must I ever grind? And must I earn Nothing but ftripes? O wilt thou disaltern The rest thou gav'st? Hast thou perus'd the curse Thou laid'st on Adams fall, and made it worse? Can't thou repent of Mercy? Heav'n thought good Lost man should feed in swear; not work in Blood: Why doft thou wound th' already wounded breaft? Ah me! my life is but a pain at best : I am but dving dust: my day's a span; What pleasure tak'it thou in the Blood of Man? Spare . spare thy scourge , and be not so austere; Send fewer stroaks, or lend more strength to bear.

S. BERN.

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S. BERN. Hom. 81. Cant.

Miserable man! who shall deliver me from the reproach of this shameful bondage? I am a miserable man but a free man; free, because a man; miserable, because a servant. In regard of my bondage, miserable; in regard of my will, inexcusable: For my will, that was free, bestaved it self to sin, by assenting to sin; for be that committeth sin is the servant to sin.

EPIG. 4.

Tax not thy God: Thine own defaults did urge
This two-fold punishment; the mill, the scourge.
Thy sin's the authour of thy self-tormenting:
Thou grind'st for finning; scourg'd for not repenting.

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Remember I beforech thee that thow hast made me as the Clay Wilt thow bring me into duct again the way

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JOB 10. 9.

Remember I beseech thee, that thou hast made me, as the clay, and wilt thou bring me to dust again?

Hus from the bosom of the new made Earth Poor man was delv'd, and had his unborn birth; The same the stuff, the self same hand doth trim The plant that fades, the beaft that dies, and him: One was their Sire, one was their common Mother, Plants are his Sifters, and the beaft his Brother, The Elder too; beafts draw the felf-same breath, Wax old alike, and die the self-same death: Plants grow as he, with fairer robes arrai'd; Alike they flourish, and alike they fade: The beaft in fense exceeds him, and in growth, The three ag'd Oak doth thrice exceed them both : Why look'st thou then so big, thou little span Of Earth? what art thou more in being man? I, but thy great Creator did inspire My chosen Earth, with thy diviner fire Of reason; gave me judgment and a will: That, to know good; this, to choose good from ill: He put the reigns of pow'r in my free hand, And jurisdiction over Sea and Land, He gave me art to lengthen out my span Of life, and made me all, in being man: I, but thy passion has committed treason Against the sacred person of thy reason: Thy judgment is corrupt, perverse thy will; That knows no good, and this makes choice of ill:

The greater height fends down the deeper fall; And good declin'd turns bad, turns worst of all. Say then, proud inch of living Earth, what can Thy greatness claim the more in being man? O but my Soul transcends the pitch of nature, Born up by th' Image of her high Creator; Out-braves the life of reason, and beats down Her waxen wings, kicks off her brazen crown. My heart's a living Temple t' entertain The King of Glory , and his glorious train : How can I mend my title then? where can Ambition find a higher shile than man? Ah, but that Image is defac'd and soil'd: Her Temple's raz'd, her Altars all defil'd; Her veffels are polluted and distain'd With cloathed luft, her ornaments prophan'd; Her Oyl-forfaken lamps, and hallow'd tapours Put out : her incense breaths unsav'ry vapours: Why swell'st thou then so big, thou little span Of Earth? what art thou more in being man? Eternal Potter, whose bleft hands did lay My course foundation from a fod of clay, Thou know'ft my flender veffel's apt to leak; Thou know'ff my brittle temper's prone to break; Are my Bones brazil, or my flesh of Oak! O, mend what thou hast made, what I have broke: Look, look with gentle Eyes, and in thy day Of vengeance, Lord, remember I am clay.

S. AUGUST.

Who The The And

S. AUGUST. Solilog. 32:

Shall I ask, who made me? It was thou that madest me, without whom nothing was made: Thou art my maker, and I thy work. I thank thee, my Lord God, by whom I live, and by whom all things subsist, because thou madest me: I thank thee, O my Potter, because thy hands have made me, because thy hands have formed me.

EPIG. 5.

Why swell'st thou, man, pust up with same and purse?
Th'art better Earth, but born to dig the worse:
Thou cam'st from Earth, to Earth thou must return,
And art but Earth cast from the Womb to th'urn.

VI.

VI.



What shall I do vnto thee, 0 thow preserver of men why hast thou set

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VI.

JOB 7. 20.

I have sinned, what shall I do unto thee, O thou preserver of men; why dost thou set me, as a mark against thee?

Ord, I have done; and Lord, I have mildone; Tis folly to contest, to strive with one That is too strong; 'tis folly to affail Or prove an arm, that will, that must prevail. I've done, I've done; these trembling hands have thrown Their daring weapons down; the day's thine own: Forbear to strike where thou hast won the field. The palm, the palm is thine: I yield, I yield. Thefe treach'rous hands that were so vainly bold To try a thriveless combat, and to hold Self-wounding weapons up, are now extended For Mercy from thy hand; that knee that bended Upon her gardless guard doth now repent Upon his naked floor; See both are bent, And fue for pity: O my ragged wound Is deep and desp'rate, it is drench'd and drown'd In Blood and briny tears: It doth begin To flink without and putrefie within. Let that victorious hand that now appears Just in my Blood, prove gracious to my tears: Thou great preferver of prefumptuous man, What shall I do? what satisfaction can Poor dust and ashes make? O if that Blood That yet remains unshed were half as good As Blood of oxen; if my Death might be An offering to atone my God and mes

I would disdain injurious life and stand A fuiter to be wounded from thy hand. But may thy wrongs be measur'd by the span Of life? or balanc'd with the Blood of Man? No, no, eternal fin expects for guerdon, Erernal penance, or eternal pardon: Lay down thy weapons, turn thy wrath away. And pardon him that hath no price to pay; Enlarge that Soul, which base presumption binds; Thy juffice cannot lofe what Mercy finds: O thou that wilt not bruile the broken reed . Rub not my fores, nor prick the wounds that bleed. Lord, if the peevish infant fights and flies, With unpar'd wcapons, at his Mothers Eyes. Her frowns (half mixt with finiles) may chance to shew An angry love trick on his arm, or fo; Where if the Babe but make a lip and cry, Her heart begins to melt, and by, and by She coaks his dewy-cheeks; her Babe the bliffes, And choaks her language with a thousand killes: I am that child; Lo, here I proftrate ly, Pleading for Mercy; I repent and cry For gracious pardon: let thy gentle Ears Hear that in words, what Mothers judge in tears: See not my frailties, Lord, but through my fear, And look on ev'ry trespass through a tear : Then calm thy anger, and appear more mild; Remember, th' art a Father, I, a Child.

S. BERN.

But How But So a S. BERN. Scr. 21. in Cant.

Miserable man! Who shall deliver me from the reproach of this shameful bondage? I am a miserable man, but a free man: Free, because like to God; miserable, because against God: O keeper of mankind, why hast thou set me as a mark against thee? Thou hast set me, because thou hast not hindred me: It is just that thy Enemy should be my Enemy, and that he who repugneth three, should repugn me: I who am against thee, am against my self.

EPIG. 6.

But form'd, and fight? but born, and then rebel? How small a blast will make a bubble swell? But dare the floor affront the hand that laid it? So apt is dust to fly in's face that made it.

VII.

VII.



Wherefore hidest thou the face, or wallest wee for thing Enemy lb: 13.24

VII.

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VII.

JOB 13. 24.

Wherefore hidest thou thy face, and holdest me for thine Enemy?

Why dost thou shade thy lovely face? O why Does that eclipfing hand so long deny The Sun-shine of my Soul-enlivining Eye?

Without that Light, what Light remains in me? Thou art my Life, my Way, my Light, in Thee I live, I move, and by thy beams I see:

Thou art my Life, If thou but turn away, My life's a thousand deaths: thou art my way: Without thee, Lord, I travel not, but stray.

My Light thou art; without thy glorious fight, Mine Eyes are darkned with perpetual Night. My God, thou art my way, my Life, my Light:

Thou art my Way; I wander, if thou flie: Thou art my Light; if hid how blind am 1? Thou art my Life; if thou withdraw, I die.

Mine Eyes are blind and dark; I cannot see;
To whom or whither should my darkness flee,
But to the Light? 'And who's that Light but Thee?

My path is lost; my wandring steps do stray; I cannot safely go, nor safely stay; Whom should I seek, but Thee, my Path, my Way?

Q,

O, I am dead: to whom shall I, poor I, Repair? to whom shall my sad ashes fly But Life? And where is Life but in thine Eye?

And yet thou turn'st away thy face, and fliest me; And yet I sue for grace, and thou deny'st me; Speak, art thou angry, Lord, or only try'st me?

Unskreen those heav'nly lamps, or tell me why Thou shad'st thy face? perhaps thou think'st no Eye Can view those stames and not drop down and die.

If that be all, shine forth and draw thee nigher; Let me behold and die, for my desire Is Phanix-like to perish in that fire.

Death conquer'd Laz'rus was redeem'd by thee: If I am dead, Lord, fet deaths prisoner free; Am I more spent, or stink I worse than he?

If my puft life be out, give leave to tine
My shameless snuff at that bright Lamp of thine?
O what's thy Light the less for lightning mine?

If I have lost my Path, Great Shepherd, say, Shall I still wander in a doubtful way? Lord, shall a Lamp of Isrels sheepfold stray?

Thou are the Pilgrims Path, the blind mans Eye; The dead mans Life; on thee my hopes rely; If thou remove, I err; I grope; I die.

Disclose thy Sun-beams; close thy wings, and stay; See, see how I am blind, and dead, and stray, O thou that art my Light, my Life, my Way.

III

S. AUGUST. Solilog. cap. 1.

Why dost thou hide thy face? happily thou wilt say, none can see thy face and live: Ah Lord, let me die, that I may see thee; let me see thee, that I may die: I would not live, but die; that I may see Christ, I desire death; that I may live with Christ, I despise life.

ANSELM. Med. cap. 5.

O excellent hiding: which is become my perfection! My God thou hidest thy treasure, to kindle my desire; thou hidest thy pearl, to instame the seeker; thou delay st to give, that thou maist teach me to importune; seem'st not to hear, to make me persevere.

EPIG. 7.

If heav'ns all quickning Eyes vouchsafe to shine Upon our Souls, we slight; if not, we whine: Our Equinoctial hearts can never lie Secure, beneath the Tropicks of that Eye.

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O that my Head were waters, and mine eyes a fountaine of leares!

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cons. vallent; if nor , we whine :

JIIV the Tropicks of the Ego.

VIII.

JER. 9. 1.

O that my head were waters, and mine Fyes a Fountain of tears, that I might weep Day and Night.

That mine Eyes were springs, and could transform Their drops to Seas! my fight into a storm Of Zeal, and tacred violence, wherein This lab'ring vessel laden with her Sin, Might fuffer fudden shipwrack, and be split Upon that Rock, where my drench'd Soul may fit Orewelm'd with p'enteous passion; O and there Drop, Drop, into an everlasting rear! Ahme! that ev'ry fliding vein that wanders Through this vast Isle, did work her wild Meanders In brackish tears instead of Blood, and swell This flesh with holy Dropsies, from whose Well, Made warm with fighs, may fume my waiting breath, Whilft I dissolve in streams, and reek to Death! These narrow fluces of my dribling Eves Are much too streight for those quick springs that rise And hourly fill my Temples to the top; I cannot shed for ev'ry fin a drop: Great builder of mankind, why haft thou fent Such swelling floods, and made so small a vent? O that this flesh had been compos'd of Snow, Instead of Earth; and Bones of Ice, that so,

Feeling the fervor of my Sin; and loathing The fire I feel, I might be thaw'd to nothing! O thou that didst, with hopeful joy, entomb Me thrice three Moons in thy laborious womb, And then with joyful pain, brought'ft forth a Son, What worth thy labour has thy labour done, What was there? Ah! what was there in my birth That could deserve the easiest smile of mirth? A man was born: alas, and what's a man? A icuttle full of dust, a measur'd span Of flitting time; a furnish'd Pack, whose wares Are fullen Griefs, and Soul tormenting Cares: A vale of tears; a-veilel tunn'd with breath, By fickness broacht, to be drawn out by Death: A hapless helpless thing; that, born does cry To feed, that feeds to live, that lives to die. Great God and Man, whose Eye, spent drops so often For me that cannot weep enough; O fosten These marble brains, and strike this flinty rock; Or, if the musick of thy Peters Cock Will more prevail, fill, fill my hearkning Ears With that sweet found, that I may melt in tears! I cannot weep until thou broach mine Eye; Or give me vent, or else I burst, and die.

S. AMBROS.

S. AMBROS. in Pfal. 118.

He that commits Sins to be wept for, cannot weep for Sins committed: And being himself most lamentable, bath no tears to lament his offences.

NAZIANZ. Orat. 3.

Tears are the deluge of Sin, and the worlds Sacrifice.

S. HIERON. in Esaiam.

Prayer appeales God, but a tear compels him: that moves him, but this constrains him.

EPIG. 8.

Earth is an Island ported round with Fears; The way to Heav'n is through the Sea of tears, It is a stormy passage, where is found The wrack of many a ship, but no man drown'd.

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estronies ofhell have encompassed me

IX.

PSALM 18. 5.

The sorrows of hell compassed me about, and the snares of Death prevented me.

Is not this Type well cut? in ev'ry part I Full of rich cunning? fil'd with Zeuxian Art? Are not the Hunters, and their Stygian Hounds Limm'd full to th' life? Didft ever hear the founds The Musick, and the lip divided breaths Of the strong winded Horn, Recheats, and deaths, Done more exact? Th' infernal Nimrods hollow? The lawless purliews? and the Game they follow? The hidden Engines, and the snares that lie So undiscover'd, so obsecure to th' Eve? The new-drawn net, and her entangled Prey? And him that closes it? Beholder, fay, Is't not well done? feems not an em'lous strife Betwixt the rare cut picture and the life? These purliew men are Devils? and the hounds, (Those quick-nos'd Canibals, that scour, the grounds) Temptations and the Game the Fiends pursue, Are humane Souls, which still they have in view; Whose fury if they chance to scape, by flying, The skilful Hunter plants his net close lying On th' unsuspected Earth, baited with treasure, Ambitious honour, and felf wasting pleasure: Where, if the Soul but floop, death stands prepar'd To draw the net, and drown the Soul's enfnar'd.

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Poor Soul! how art thou hurried to and fro? Where canst thou safely stay? where safely go? If flay: these hot-mouth'd Hounds are apt to tear thee, If go: the snares enclose, the nets ensnare thee: What good in this bad World has pow'r t'invite thee A willing Gueft? wherein can Earth delight thee? Here pleasures are but itch: Her wealth, but Cares: A World of Dangers, and a World of snares: The close pursuers busie hands do plant Snares in thy substance; Snares attend thy want; Snares in thy credit; Snares in thy diferace; Snares in thy high estate; Snares in thy base; Snares tuck thy bed; and Snares furround thy boord; Snares watch thy thoughts; and Snares attach thy word; Snares in thy quiet; Snares in thy commotion; Snares in thy dyer; Snares in thy devotion; Snares lurk in thy resolves; Snares in thy doubt, Snares lie within thy heart, and Snares without, Snares are above thy head, and Snares beneath, Snares in thy fickness, Snares are in thy death: O, if these purliews be so full of danger, Great God of hearts, the worlds fole fov'raign Ranger, Preserve thy Deer, and let my Soul be bleft In thy fafe Forrest, where I seek for rest: Then let the Hell-hounds foar, I fear no ill, Rouze me they may, but have no pow'r to kill.

S. AMBROS.

S. AMBROS. lib. 4. in cap. 4. Lucz.

The reward of honours, the height of power, the delicacy of diet, and the beauty of an harlot are the snares of the Devil.

S. A M B R O S. de bono mortis.

Whilst thou seekest pleasures, thou runnest into snares, for the Eye of the harlot is the snare of the Adulterer.

SAVANAR.

In eating he sets before us Gluttony; in generation, luxury: in labour, fluggishness: in conversing, envy: in governing, covetousness: in correcting, anger: in honour, pride: in the heart, he sets evil thoughts: in the mouth, evil words: in assions, evil works: when awake, he moves us to evil assions: when asseep, to silthy dreams.

EPIG. 6.

Be fad, my Heart, Deep dangers wait thy mirth: Thy Soul's way-laid by Sea, by Hell, by Earth: Hell has her hounds: Earth, finares, the Sea a shelf; But most of all, my heart, beware thy self. X.



Finter not into judgment with the servant for no man living shall be instituted in the sight Will impose.

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PSALM 143. 2.

Enter not into judgment with thy Servant; for in thy sight shall no man living be justified.

Fesies.

Juftice.

Sinner.

Bring forth the pris'ner, Justice. Ju. Thy commands
Are done, just Judge: See here the pris'ner stands.

Justice Say; what's the cause
Of his commitment? Just. He hath broken the laws
Of his too gracious God; conspir'd the death
Of that great Majesty that gave him breath,
And heaps transgression, Lord, upon transgression.

His fins are crying; and they cry'd aloud! (fion: They cry'd to heav'n, they cry'd to heav'n for Blood.

He What fayst thou sinner? hast thou ought to plead, That Sentence should not pass? hold up thy head, And shew thy brazen, thy rebellious face.

Sin. Ah me! I dare not: I'm too vile and base To tread upon the Earth, much more, to lift Mine Eves to heav'n; I need no other shrift Than mine own conscience; Lord I must consess, I am no more than dust, and no whit less Than my indistment stiles me; Ah, if thou search too severe, with too severe a brow, What slesh can stand; I have transgrest thy laws; My merits plead thy vengeance; not my cause:

Just. Lord shall I strike the blow? Fest Hold, Justice, Sinner, fpeak on; what hast thou more to say? Sin. Vile as I am, and of my self abhorr'd, (ftay:

I am thy handy-work, thy creature, Lord, Stampt with thy glorious Image, and at first, Most like to thee, though now a poor accurst Convicted Caitiff, and degen'rous creature, Here trembling at thy bar. Just. Thy fault's the greater; Lord shall I strike the blow? Jest. Hold, Justice, stay, Speak sinner: hast thou nothing more to say?

Sin. Nothing but Mercy, Mercy; Lord my flate Is miferably poor and desperate;

I quite renounce my self, the World, and flee

From Lord to Jesus; from thy self, to thee, Fust. Cease thy vain hopes; my angry God has vow'd; Abused Mercy must have Blood for Blood: Shall I yet strike the blow? Fes. Stay, Justice, hold;

My bowels yearn, my fainting Blood grows cold, To view the trembling wretch? Methinks, I spie My Fathers Image in the pris'ners Eye.

Just. I cannot hold. Fes. Then turn thy thirsty blade Into my fides: let there the wound be made: Chear up, dear Soul; redeem thy life with mine: My Soul shall smart; my heart shall bleed for thine.

Sin O groundless deeps! O love beyond degree!

Th' offended dies, to fet th' offender free.

S. AUGUST.

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S. AUGUST.

Lord, If I have done that, for which thou mayest damn me; thou hast not lost that whereby thou mayst save me: Remember not, sweet Jesus, thy justice against the sinner, but thy benignity towards thy Creature: Remember not to proceed against a guilty Soul, but remember thy Mercy towards a miserable wretch: forget the insolence of the provoker, and behold the misery of the invoker; for what is Jesus but a Saviour?

ANSELM.

Have respect to what thy Son hath done for me, and forget what my Sins have done against thee: My flesh hath provoked thee to vengeance; let the flesh of Christ move thee to Mercy: it is much that my rebellions have deserved; but it is more that my Redeemer hath merited.

EPIG. 10.

Let not the wite or

Mercy of mercies! He that was my drudge is now my Advocate, is now my Judge: He suffers, pleads, and sentences, alone: Three I adore, and yet adore but One.

XI.



XL

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XI.

PSALM 69. 15.

Let not the Water-floods overflow me, neither let the deeps swallow me up.

He World's a Sea; my flesh a Ship that's man'd With lab'ring thoughts, and fleer'd by reasons hand; My Heart's the Sea-mans Card, whereby the fails; My loofeaffections are the greater Sails The Top-fail is my Fancie, and the Gufts That fill these wanton sheets, are worldly Lusts. my'r is the Cable, at whose end appears The Anchor hope, nev'r flip'd but in our fears: My will's th' unconstant Pilot, that commands The ftagg'ring Keel; my Sins are like the Sands: Repentance is the Bucket, and mine Eye The Pump, unus'd (but in extremes) and dry: dy Conscience is the Plummet that doth press The deeps, but seldom cries, A fathom less: mooth Calm's security; the Gulf, despair; ly Fraught's corruption, and this Life's my fair: ly soul's the Passenger, confus'dly driv'n comfear to fright; her landing Port is Heaven. ly Seas are stormy, and my Ship doth leak; ly Sailers rude; my Steers-man faint and weak: y Canvas torn, it flaps from fide to fide; y Cable's crackt, my Anchor's flightly ty'd, y Pilor's craz'd, my shipwrack-Sands are cloak'd; y Bucket's broken, and my Pump is choak'd; y Calm's deceitful; and my Gulf too near; Wares are flubber'd, and my Fare's too d a:: Plummer's light, it cannot fink nor found; hall my Rock-bethreatned Soul be drown'd;

M

Lord .

170

Lord, still the Seas, and shield my Ship from harm; Inftruct my. Sailours, guide my Stearmans arm: Touch thou my Compais, and renew my Sails, Send stiffer courage or fend milder gales; Make ftrong my Cable; bind my Anchor fafter; Direct my Pilot, and be thou his Mafter; Object the Sands to my more ferious view, Make found my Bucket, bore my Pump anew: New cast my Plummet, make it apt to try Where the Rocks lurk, and where the Quick-fands lie; Guard thou the Gulf with love, my Calms with Care; Cleanse thou my fraught; accept my slender Fare. Refresh the Sea-fick passenger; cut short His Voyage; land him in his wished Port: Thou, Thou, whom winds and ftormy feas obey, That through the deep gav'ft grumbling Isr'el way, Say to my Soul, be fafe, and then mine Eye Shall scorn grim death, although grim death stand by. O thou whose strength-reviving Arm did cherish Thy finking Peter, at the point to perish, Reach forth thy hand, or bid me tread the wave, I'll come, I'll come: the voice that calls will fave.

S. AMBROS

S. AMBROS. Apol. poft. pro David. Cap. 2.

The confluence of lusts makes a great tempest, which in this sea disturbeth the sea-faring soul, that reason cannot govern it.

S. AUGUST. Soliloqu. Cap. 35.

we labour in a boysterous Sea: Thou standest upon the shore and seek our dangers: Give us Grace to hold a middle course betwixt Scylla and Charybdis, that both dangers escaped, we may arrive at our Port secure.

EPIG. II.

hthese false coasts; O keep aloof; there's danger: Cut forth thy plummet; see a rock appears; Thy ship wants sea-room; make it with thy tears.

XIL

XII.



O that thou wouldst protect me in the grave and hideme until thy furie be past Job. 14.

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XII.

JOB 14. 13.

O that thou wouldst hide me in the grave, that thou wouldst keep me secret until thy wrath be past!

O Whither shall I flie; what path untrod
Shall I seek out to scape the flaming rod
of my offended, of my angry God?

Where shall I sojourn? what kind sea will hide will hide My head from thunder? Where shall I abide, Unil his slames be quench'd or laid aside?

What, if my feet should take their hasty slight, And seek protection in the shades of Night?

Alas, no shades can blind the God of Light.

What, if my Soul should take the wings of day,
And find some desart? if she spring away,
The wings of vengeance clip as fast as they.

What, if fome folid rock should entertain

My frighted Soul? Can solid rocks restrain

The stroke of Justice, and not cleave in twain?

Nor Sea, nor Shade, nor Shield, nor Rock, nor Cave, Nor filent Defarts, nor the fullen Grave, Where flame-ey'd fury means to fmite, can fave.

The Seas will part, Graves open, Rocks will split;
The Shiled will cleave; the frighted shadows flit;
Where Justice aims, her siery darts must hit.

41

No, no, if stern-brow'd vengeance means to thunder, There is no place above, beneath, nor under, So close, but will unlock, or rise in sunder.

'Tis vain to flee: 'tis neither here nor there Can scape that hand total that hand forbear; Ah me! Where is he not, that's every where?

'Tis vanity to fly; till gentle Mercy thew Her better Eye, the farther off we go, The swing of Justice deals the mightier blow.

Th' ingenuous Child, corrected, doth not flie His angry Mothers hand, but clings more nigh, And quenches with his tears her flaming Eye.

Shadows are faithless, and the rocks are false; No trust in brass; no trust in marble walls; Poor cots are even as safe as Princes halls,

Great God, there is no fafety here blow;
Thou art my Fortiels, though then feen it my foe,
'Tis thou that ftrik's the stroke, must guard the blow.

Thou art my God; by thee I fall or fland; Thy grace hath giv'n me courage to withfland All tortures, but my conference and thy hand.

I know thy Justice is thy self; I know,
Just God, thy very self is Mercy too;
If not to thee, where? Whither should I go?

Then work thy will? If passion bid me flee, My reason shall obey; my wings shall be Stretcht out no further than from thee to thee.

ŕ.

S. AUGUST. in Pfal. 33.

whither flie 1? To what place can I Jasely flie? To what mountain? To what den? To what strong House? What Castle shall hold? What walls shall hold me? Whither Joever I go, my self followeth me: For whatsoever thou fliest, O man, thou maist, but thy own conscience: Wheresoever O Lord I go, I find thee, If angry, a Revenger; if appeased, a Redeemer: What way have I, but to flie from thee to thee? That thou maist evoid thy God, address thee to thy Lord.

EPIG. 12.

No rocks to shield thee from her thund'ring hand?

Low'st thou not where to scape? I'll tell thee where;

My Soul make clean thy conscience; hide thee there.

M 4

XIII.

XIII.



Are not my dayes fen: Cease then and let me alone that I may bewail my selfe a little. Job 10.20.

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Need on this diel.

XIII.

JOB 10. 20.

Are not my dayes few? Cease then, and let me alone, that I may bewail my self a little.

MY Glass is half unspent; Forbear t' arrest My thristless day too soon; my poor request Is that my Glass may run but out the rest.

My time devoured minutes will be done
Without thy help; see, see how swift they run:
Cut not my thred before my thred be spun.

The gain's not great I purchase by this stay;
What loss sustain it thou by so small delay,
To whom ten thousand Years are but a day?

My following Eye can hardly make a fhift
To count my winged hours; they fly fo fwife,
They scarce deserve the bounteous name of gift:

The secret wheels of hurrying Time do give so that I so so short a warning, and so fast they drive, That I am dead before I seem to live.

And what's a Life? a weary Pilgrimage,
Whose glory in one day doth fill the stage
With Child-hood, Man-hood, and decrepit Age.

And what's a Life? the flourishing array
Of the proud Summer meadow, which to day
Wears her green plush, and is to morrow hay.

And what's a Life? A blast sustain'd with clothing, Maintain'd with food, retain'd with vile self-lothing, Then weary of it self, again'd to nothing.

Read

Read on this dial, how the shades devour My short-liv'd winters day; hour eats up hour; Alas, the totall's but from eight to four.

Behold these Lillies (which thy hands have made Fair copies of my life, and open laid To view) how soon they droop, how soon they fade!

Shade not that dial, Night will blind too foon; My non-ag'd day already points to noon; How simple is my suit! how small my boon!

Nor do I beg this stender inch, to while The time away, or fafely to beguile My thoughts with joy; here's nothing worth a smile.

No, no: 'tis not to please my wanton Ears
With frantick mirth; I beg but hours, not Years:
And what thou giv'st me, I will give to tears.

Draw not that Soul which would be rather led!
That Sud has yet not broke my ferpents head;
O shall I die before my Sins are dead?

Behold these rags; am I a sitting guest To tast the dainties of thy royal seast, With hands and sace unwash'd, ungirt, unblest?

First, let the Jordan streams (that find supplies From the deep Fountain of my heart) arise, And cleanse my spots, and clear my seprous Eyes.

I have a World of Sins to be lamented; I have a sea of tears that must be vented: O spare till then; and then I die contented.

S. AUGUST.

S. A UG. lib. de Civit. Dei, Cap. 10.

The time wherein We live is taken from the space of our life; and what remaineth is daily made less and less, in so much that the time of our life is nothing but a passage to Death.

S. GREG. lib. 9. cap. 44. 10. Job.

As moderate afflictions bring tears, so immoderate take away tears; in so much that sorrow becometh no sorrow, which swelling up the mind of the afflicted, taketh away the sense of the affliction.



EGIP. 13.

Fear'st thou to go, when such an Arm invites thee?

Dread'st thou thy loads of Sin? or what affrights thee?

If thou begin to fear, thy fear begins:

Fool, can he bear thee hence, and not thy Sins?

XIV.

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S AUG Ib de Civit Del Cer 10. wherein ne level take from in the et our life;

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Oh's they were nife, then they would underfund this; they would Consider they latter end. Deuteron: 32: 29.

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sering to four stay for begins

XIV.

DEUTERONOMY 32. 29.

O that men were wife, and that they underflood this, that they would consider their latter end.

dist of our success with and advisor

Flefb.

Fl. W Hat means my Sisters Eye so oft to pass
Through the long entry of that Optick glass? Tell me; what secret virtue doth invite Thy wrinkled Eye to fuch unknown delight? Sp. It helps the fight, makes things remore appear

In perfect view; It draws the objects near.

s make the rear long as pleaf

Fl. What sense-delighting objects dost thou spie? What doth that Glass present before thine Eye?

Sp. I fee thy foe, my reconciled friend, Grim Death, even standing at the Glasses end; His left hand holds a branch of Palm; his right Holds forth a two-edg'd fword. Fl. A proper fight And is this all? doth thy prospective please Th' abused fancie with no shapes but these?

Sp. Yes, I behold the dark'ned Sun bereav'n Of all his Light, the battlements of Heav'n Shelt'ring in flames; the Angel-guarded Son Of glory on his high Tribunal-Throne; I fee a Brimstone Sea of boyling fire, And Fiends, with knotted whips of flaming wire, Torering poor Souls, that gnash their teeth in vain, And gnaw their flame tormented tongues for pain. Look, Sifter, how the queazy-stomack'd Graves Vomit their dead, and how the purple waves

Scall'd

Scall'd their confumeless bodies, strongly cursing All wombs for bearing, and all paps for nursing.

Fl. Can thy diftemper'd fancy take delight
In view of tortures? these are shows t'affright:
Look in this glass triangular; look here,

Here's that will ravish eyes. Sp. What feelt thou there?

Fl. The World in colours, colours that distain
The cheeks of Proteus, or the filken train
Of Flora's Numphs; such various forts of hier,
As Sun-confronting Iria never knew:
Here, if thou please to beautifie a town,
Thou maist; or with a hand turn't upside down;
Here maist thou scant or widen by the measure
Of thine own will; make short or long at pleasure;
Here maist thou tire thy fancy, and advise
With shows more ups to please more curious Eyes.

Sp. Ah fool! that doe'ft on vain, on prefent toyes.

And difrespect's those true, those state joyes!

How strongly are thy thoughts befool'd, alas,

To done on goods that perish with thy glas!

Nay, vanish with the turning of a hand!

Were they but painted colours, it might stand

With painted reason that they might devote thee;

But things that have no being to befor thee?

Foresight of summe tormens is the way.

To baulk those ills which present joyes bewray.

As thou hast sool'd thy self, so now come hither,

Break that sool glass, and let's be wise together.

SEONAVENT

S. BONAVENT. de contemptu seculi.

O that men would be wise, understand, and foresee; Be wise, to know three things: The multitude of those that are to be damned: the sew number of those that are to be saved; and the vanity of transitory things: Understand three things, the multitude of Sins, the omission of good things, and the loss of time: Foresee three things, the danger of Death, the last judgment, and Eternal punishment.

EPIG. 14.

What Soul, no further yet? what nev'r commence Mafter in Faith? Still Batchelour of Sense? Is't insufficiency? Or what has made thee Orellip thy lost degree? thy lusts have staid thee. Chiat are woold it wing roda Lud, and frife; Be will , to be no circu things : " .. andritude of this fact are to be dang-

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S. RONAYENT



My life is front with greif and my yearer with

What Soul, no further yet? what nev's commence Mafter in Faith? Still Execuciour of Septe? ist intufficiency? Or what has made three Ty why loft degree ? thy Juffs have thaid slace.

XV.

PSALM 30. 10.

My life is spent with grief, and my years with sighing.

7 Hat fullen Star rul'd my untimely birth, That would not lend my days one hour of Mirth? How oft have these bare knees been bent to gain The slender alms of one poor smile, in vain? How often, tir'd with the fastidious Light, Have my faint lips implor'd the shades of Night? How often have my nightly torments pray'd For lingring twilight, glutted with the flade? Day worse than night, night worse than day appears, Infears I spend my nights, my days in tears: I moan unpiti'd, groan without relief, There is no end nor measure of my grief. The smiling flow'r salutes the day; it growes Untouch'd with care; it neither spins nor sowes: 0 that my redious life were like this flow'r, Or freed from grief, or finish'd with an hour: Why was I born? Why was I born a man? And why proportion'd by fo large a span? Or why suspended by thy common lot, And being born to die, why die I not? Ah me! why is my forrow-wasted breath Deni'd the easie priviledge of Death? The branded flave that tugs the weary oare, Obtains the Sabbath of a welcome shore? his ransom'd stripes are heal'd, his native soil Sweetens the mem'ry of his foreign toil;

But

SUE

But ah! my forrows are not half so bleft; My labour finds no point, my pains no rest: I barter fighs for tears, and tears for groans, Still vainly rolling Sifyphean stones: Thou just observer of our flying hours, That, with thy Adamantine fangs, devours The brazen monuments of renown'd Kings. Doth thy glass fland? Or be thy moulting wings. Unapt to flie? If not, why dost thou spare A willing breast; a breast that stands so fair? A dying breast, that hath but only breath To beg a wound, and strength to crave a death? O that the pleased Heav'ns would once dissolve These fleshly fetters, that so fast involve My hamp'red Soul; then would my Soul be bleft From all these ills, and wrap her thoughts in rest: Till then, my days are months, my months are years, My years are ages to be spent in tears: My grief's entail'd upon my wastful breath, Which no recov'ry can cut off, but death; Breath drawn in cottages, puft out in thrones Begins, continues, and concludes in groans.

INNOCENT

INNOCENT. de vilitare condit. humanæ.

O who will give mine Eyes a fountain of tears, that I may wail the miferable ingress of mans condition; the sinful proges of mans conversation, the damnable egress in mans dissolution? I will consider with tears, whereof man was made, what man doth, and what man is to do: Alas, he is formed of with, conceived in sin, born to punishment: He doth evil things, which are not lawful; He doth filthy things, which are not decut; He doth vain things, which are not expedient.

EPIG. 15.

My heart, Thy life's a debt by Bond, which bears A fecret date; the use is Groans and Tears: Plead not; usurious Nature will have all, As well the Int'rest as the Principal.

N. 2



My soule hath coneted to desire thy judgments . psal : 119

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THE FOURTH BOOK.

T.

ROM. 7. 23.

I see another Law in my members warring against the Law of my mind, and bringing me into captivity to the Law of Sin.

How my will is hurried to and fro,
And how my unrefolv'd refolves do vary!

Iknow not where to fix, fometimes I go
This way, then that, and then the quite contrary:
I like, diflike; lament for what I could not;
I do, undo; yet still do what I would not.

And at the self same instant will the thing I would not.

Thus are my weather-beaten thoughts oppress
With th' Earth-bred winds of my prodigious will;
Thus am I hourly tost from East to West
Upon the rowling streams of good and ill:
Thus am I driven upon these slipping suds
From real ills to salse apparent goods:
My life's a troubled Sea, compos'd of ebbs and floods.

The curious Penman, having trimm'd his page
With the dead language of his dabled quill,
Lets fall a heedless drop, then in a rage
Cashiers the fruits of his unlucky skill;
Ev'n so my pregnant Soul in th' Insant bud
Of her best thoughts showrs down a coal black flood
Of unadvised ills, and cancels all her good.

N

Some.

4

Sometimes a sudden flash of sacred heat
Warms my chill Soul, and sets my thoughts in frame:
But soon that fire is shouldred from her seat
By luftful Cupid's much inferiour flame.

I feel two flames, and yet no flame entire;
Thus are the mungrel thoughts of mixt desire
Consum'd between that heavn'ly and this earthly fire.

a see to are the tribe

Sometimes my trash-disdaining thoughts out pass
The common period of terrene conceit;
O then, methinks I scorn the thing I was,
Whilst I stand ravish'd at my new estate:
But when th' Icarian wings of my defire
Feel but the warmth of their own native fire,
O then they melt and plunge within their wonted mire,

6.

I know the nature of my wav'ring mind;
I know the frailty of my fleshly will:
My Passion's Eagle ey'd; my judgment blind;
I know what's good, but yet make choice of ill.
When th' Oftrich wings of my desires shall be
So dull, they cannot mount the least degree,
Yet grant my Soul desire but of desiring thee.

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S. BERNARD.

e:

S. BERN. Med. 9.

My heart is a vain heart, a vagabond and instable heart; while it is led by its own judgment, and wanting Divine cunsel cannot subsist in it self; and whilest it divers ways seekehrest, findeth none, but remaineth miserable through labour, and void of peace: it agreeth not with it self; it dissente from it self; it dissente from it self; it altereth resolutions, changeth the judgment, francth new thoughts, pulleth down the old, and buildeth them up again: It willeth and willeth not; and never remaineth in the same state.

S. AUGUS T. de verb. Apost.

Whin it would, it cannot; because when it might, it would not: Therefore by an evil will man lost his good power.



EPIG. I.

My Soul, how are thy thoughts disturb'd, confin'd, Enlarg'd betwixt thy members and thy mind! Fix here or there; thy doubt depending cause Can ne'r expect one verdict 'twixt two Laws.

N 4

II.



Oh that my wayes were directed to !

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PSALM 119. 5.

O that my wayes were directed to keep thy Statutes.

Hus I, the object of the Worlds difdain , With Pilgrim pace furround the weary Earth: I only relish what the World counts vain; Her mirth's my grief, her fullen grief my mirth; Her light my darkness; and her truth my errour:

Her freedom is my gaol; and her delight my terrour.

Fond Earth! proportion not my seeming love To my long flay; let not thy thoughts deceive thee; Thou art my Prison and my home's above; My life's a preparation but to leave thee :

Like one that feeks a door, I walk about thee: With thee I cannot live; I cannot live without thee.

The World's a lab'rinth, whose anfractuous wayes are all compos'd of rubs and crook'd Meanders: No resting here; He's hurried back that stayes A thought; and he that goes unguided wanders: Her way is dark, her path untrod, unev'n; So hard's the way from earth; so hard's the way to Heaven,

This gyring lab'rinth is betrench'd about On either hand with streams of sulph'rous fire, Streams closely fliding, erring in and out, But seeming pleasant to the fond descrier; Where if his footsteps trust their own invention, He falls without redress, and finks without dimension.

I.

Where

5

Where shall I seek a Guide? where shall I meet Some lucky hand to lead my trembling paces? What trusty Lanthorn will direct my feet To scape the danger of these dang'rous places? What hopes have I to pass without a Guide; Where one gets safely through, a thousand fall beside.

6.

An unrequested Star did gently slide

Before the Wise-men to a greater Light;

Back-sliding Isr'el found a double Guide;

A Pillar, and a Cloud; by Day, by Night:

Yet in my desp'rate dangers which be farr

More great than theirs, I have no Pillar, Cloud, nor

(Star.

7

O that the pinions of a clipping Dove
Would cut my passage through the empty Aire;
Mine Eyes being seal'd, how would I mount above
The reach of danger and forgotten care!
My backward Eyes should ne'r commit that fault,
Whose lasting guilt should build a monument of Salt.

8.

Great God that art the flowing Spring of Light,
Enrich mine Eyes with thy refulgent Ray:
Thou art my Path; direct my steps aright;
I have no other Light, no other Way:
I'll trust my God, and him alone pursue;
His Law shall be my Path; his heavenly Light my Clue.

tar.

T.

S. AUGUST. Soliloqu. Cap. 4.

O Lord; who art the Light, the Way, the Truth, the Life; in whom there is no darkness, errour, vanity nor Death: the Light, without which there is darkness; the way, without which there is wandring; the truth without which there is errour; the Life, without which there is Death: Say, Lird, let there be Light, and I shall see Light, and eschew dirkines; I shall see the way and avoid wandring; I shall see the Truth, and shart errour; I shall see Life, and escape Death: Illuninate, O illuminate my blind Soul, which sitteth in darkness, and the shadow of Death: and direct my seet in thy way of peace.



EPIG. 2.

Pilgrim trudge on: what makes thy Soul complain, Crowns thy complaint. The way to rest is pain: The road to resolution lies by doubt: The next way home's the farthest way about.

III.



Sing my stepps in thy Pathes that my feet do not stide . Ps. 17. 8. 196

III.

PSALM 17. 5.

Stay my steps in thy paths, that my feet do not slide.

Hen ere the old Exchange of profit rings
Her Silver Saints-bell of uncertain gains,
My Merchant-foul can ftretch both legs and wings,
How I can run, and take unwearied pains!
The charms of profit are fo strong, that I
Who wanted legs to go, find wings to flie.

If time-beguiling Pleasure but advance
Her lustful trump, and blow her bold alarms,
O how my sportful Soul can frisk and dance,
And hug that Syren in her twined arms!
The sprightly voice of sinew-strengthning pleasure
Can lend my bederid Soul both legs and leisure.

If blazing honour chance to fill my veins
With flatt'ring warmth, and flash of Courtly fire,
My Soul can take a pleasure in her pains:
My lofty flrutting steps disdain to tire;
My antick knees can turn upon the hinges
Of Complement, and scrue a thousand cringes.

But when I come to Thee, my God that art
The Royal Mine of everlasting treasure,
The real honour of my better part,
And living fountain of eternal pleasure,
How nerveless are my limbs! how faint and slow!
I have no wings to flie, nor Legs to go.

5.

So when the streams of swift-foot Rhene convey Her upland riches to the Belgick shore, The idle vessel slides the wat'ry lay Without the blast or tug, of wind, or oar; Her slipp'ry keel divides the Silver soame With ease; So facil is the way from home.

6.

But when the home bound vessel turns her sails
Against the breast of the resisting stream,
O then she slugs; nor sail, nor oar prevails;
The stream is sturdy, and her Tide's extream;
Each stroke is loss, and every tug is vain:
A Boat lengths purchase is a league of pain.

7

Great all in all that art my rest, my home;
My way is tedious and my steps are slow:
Reach forth thy helpful hand, or bid me come;
I am thy Child, • teach thy Child to go:
Conjoyn thy sweet commands to my desire,
And I will venture, though I fall or tire.

S. AUGUST.

S. A U G U S T. Ser. 15. de Verb. Apoft.

Be always displeased at what thou art, if thou descreet to attain to what thou art not: For where thou hast pleased thy silf, there thou abidest. But if thou sayest, I have enough, thou prishest: Always add, always walk, always proceed; neiter stand still, nor go back, nor deviate: He that standeth still poceedeth not; He goeth back, that continueth not; He deviate, that revolteth; He goeth better that creepeth in his way, than he that runneth out of his way.

EPIG. 3.

Fear not, my Soul, to lose for want of cunning;
Weep not; Heav'n is not always got by running:
Thy Thoughts are swift, although thy legs be flow;
True loye will creep, not having strength to go.

IV.

IV.



My flesh trembleth for feare of the er Jam afraide of the Indegments Ps: 119. 120

PSALM 119. 120.

My flesh trembleth for fear of thee, and I am afraid of thy judgements.

E T others boaft of luck, and go their ways With their fair game; know vengeance seldom plays To be too froward, but doth wifely frame Her backward Tables for an after-game: the gives thee leave to venture many a plot; And, for her own advantage, hits thee not; awhen her pointed Tables are made fair, That she be ready for thee, then beware; then, if a necessary blot be set, he hits thee; wins the Game; perchance the fet! posp'rous chances make thy casting high, wisely temp'rate; cast a serious Eye hafter-dangers, and keep back thy game; oforward feed-times make thy harvest lame: left hand Fortune give thee left-hand chances, wisely patient; let no envious glances pine to view thy Gamesters heap so fair; he hindmost hound takes oft the doubling Hare. worlds great Dice are falle; sometimes they go treamly high, formetimes extreamly low: all her Gamesters he that plays the least, most at ease, plays most secure and best: eway to win, is to play fair, and swear V. Welf a Servant to the Crown of fear: Fer

Fear is the Primmer of a Gamefters skill: Who fears not Bad stands most unarm'd to Ill: The Ill that's wifely fear'd, is half withftood; And fear of Bad is the best foyl to Good: True Fear's th' Elixir, which in daies of old Turn'd Leaden Crosses into Crowns of Gold: The Worlds the Tables; Stakes, Eternal life; The Gamesters, Heav'n and I; Unequal strife! My Fortunes are my Dice, whereby I frame My indisposed Life: this Life's the Game; My Sins are fev'ral Blots; the Lookers on Are Angels; and in death the Game is done: Lord, I'm a Bungler, and my Game doth grow Still more and more un!hap'd; my Dice run low: The Stakes are great; my careless Blots are many; And yet thou passest by, and hit'st not any: Thou art too strong; and I have none to guide me: With the least jog; the lookers on deride me: It is a Conquest undeserving Thee, To win a flake from such a Worm as me: I have no more to lofe; If we perfever. 'Tis loft; and that once loft I'm loft for ever. Lord, wink at faults, and be not too fevere. And I will play my Game with greater fear; O give me Fear, ere Fear has past her date: Whose blot being hit, then fears, fears then too late.

RN

S. BERN. Ser. 54. in Cant.

There is nothing so effectual to obtain Grace, to retain Grace, and to regain Grace, as always to be found before God not over-wise, but to fear: Happy art thou if thy heart be replenished with three fears; a fear for received Grace, a greater fear for lost Grace, a greatest fear to recover Grace.

S. A UG US T. Super Pfal.

Present sear begetteth Eternal security: Fear God, which is

EPIG. 4.

Lord, shall we grumble when thy flames do scourge us? Our Sins breath fire; that fire returns to purge us. Lord, what an Alchymist art thou, whose skill Transmuses to perfect Good from perfect Ill!

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V.



Turne away myne eyes least thay behold vanite pfal: 118.

V.

PSALM 119. 37.

Turn away mine eyes from regarding vanity.

How like the threds of flax
That touch the flame, are my inflam'd defires!
How like to yielding wax
My Soul dissolves before these wanton fires!
The fire but touch'd, the flame but felt,
Like Flax, I burn; like wax, I melt,

2.

O how this flesh doth draw

My setter'd Soul to that deceitful fire!

And how the Eternal Law

Is bassled by the Law of my defire!

How truly bad, how seeming good

Are all the Laws of Flesh and Blood!

3

O wretched state of men,
The height of whose ambition is to borrow
What must be paid again
With griping int'rest of the next days forrow!
How wild his thoughts! How apt to range!
How apt to vary! Apt to change!

How intricate and nice
Is mans perplexed way to mans defire!
Sometimes upon the Ice
He flips, and fometimes falls into the fire;
His progress is extream and bold,
Or very hot, or very cold-

0 3

th

5.

The common food he doth
Suffain his Soul-tormenting thoughts withal,
Is Honey in his mouth
To night, and in his heart, to morrow gall;
'Tis oftentimes, within an hour,
Both very sweet and very sowre.

6.

If sweet Corinna smile,
A Heav'n of joy breaks down into his heart:
Corinna frown a while?
Hells torments are but copies of his smart:
Within a lustful heart doth dwell
A seeming Heav'n, a very Hell.

7.

Thus worthless, vain, and void
Of comfort, are the Fruits of Earths employment,
Which e're they be enjoy'd,
Distract us, and destroy us in th' enjoyment;
These be the pleasures that are priz'd
When Heav'ns cheap pen'worth stands despis'd.

8.

Lord, quench these hasty stalkes,
Which dart as lightning from the thund'ring skies,
And every minute dashes
Against the wanton windows of mine Eyes:
Lord, close the casement, whilst I stand
Behind the curtain of thy hand.

IV,

S. A U G U S T. Solilog. Cap. 4.

O thou Sun that illuminatest both Heaven and Earth! We be unto those Eyes which do not behold thee: We be unto those blind Eyes which cannot behold thee: We be unto those which two away their Eyes that they will not behold thee: We be unto those that turn away their Eyes that they may behold vanity.

S. CHRY S. fup. Mat. 19.

What is the evil Woman but the Enemy of friendship, an unavoidable pain, a necessary mischief, a natural temptation, a desirable calamity, a domestick danger, a delestable inconvenience, and the nature of evil painted over with the colour of good.

EPIG. 4.

Tis vain, great God, to close mine Eyes from ill, When I resolve to keep the old man still:
My rambling heart must covenant first with thee,
Or none can pass betwixt mine Eye and me.

VI.

VI.



If I have found favour in thy sight, let my life be given mee at my petition. Ester. 7.3

VI

V.

VI.

ESTHER 7. 3.

If I have found favour in thy sight, and if it please the King, let my life be given me at my petition.

Hou art the Great Asurus, whose command Doth firetch from Pole to Pole ; the world's thy land ; Rebellious Vashti's the corrupted will, Which being call'd, refuses to fulfil Thy just command: Efther, whose rears condole The razed City's, the regen rate Soul : A captive maid, whom thou wilt please to grace With nuptial Honours in flout Valhta's place: Her kiniman, whose unbended knee did thwart Proud Haman's glory, is the fleshly part: The fober Eunuch, that recall'd to mind The new built gibbet (Haman had divin'd For his own ruin) fifty cubits high, His lustful-thought-controlling chastity; Infulting Haman is that fleshly lust Whose red-hor fury, for a season, must Triumph in pride, and fludy how to tread On Mordecai, till Royal Efther plead. Great King, my fent-for Vashti will not come; O let the oyl o'th bleffed Virgins womb Cleanse my poor Esther; look, O look upon her With gracious Eyes; and let thy Beams of honour So scour her captive stains, that she may prove

An holy Object of thy Heavenly love:

....

Anoint

Anoint her with the Spiknard of thy graces, Then try the sweetness of her chast embraces: Make her the partner of thy nuprial bed, And fer thy Royal Crown upon her head: If then ambitious Haman chance to spend His folcen on Mordecai, that scorns to bend The wilful stifness of his stubborn knee . Or basely crouch to any Lord but thee; If weeping Esther should prefer a grone Before the high tribunal Throne, Hold forth thy Golden Scepter, and afford The gentle audience of a gracious Lord: And let thy Royal Either be poffeft Of half thy Kingdom, at her dear request: Curb luftful Haman; him that would difgrace. Nay , ravish thy fair Queen before thy face: And as proud Haman was himself enfnar'd On that felf-gibbet that himfelf prepar'd; So nail my luft, both punishment and guilt, On that dear Cross that mine own lusts have built.

S. AUGUST.

S. AUGUST. in Ep.

O holy Spirit, always inspire me with holy works. Confrain me, that I may do: Counsel me, that I may love thee; confirm me, that I may hold thee; Conserve me, that I may ut lose thee.

S. AUGUST. Sup. Joan.

The Spirit lusts where the flesh resteth: For as the stesh is nowished with sweet things, the Spirit refreshed with sowre.

Ibidem.

Wouldst thou that thy flesh obey thy Spirit? Then let thy Spirit they thy God. Thou must be governed so is that thou maist govern.

EPIG. 6.

Of Mercy and Justice is thy Kingdom built; This plagues my Sin; and that removes my guilt; When ere I sue, Asurus like decline Thy Scepter; Lord, say, Half my Kingdome's thine.

VIL

VII.



Come my beloved let us goe forth into the fields, let us remaine in the villages. Cant: 7.11.

VII.

VII.

CANTICLES 7. 11.

Come, my beloved, let us go forth into the field, and let us remain in the villages.

I.

chrift.

Soul.

Chr. C Ome, Come, my dear, and let us both retire,
And whiff the dainties of the fragrant fields:
Where warbling Phil'mel, and the shrill mouth'd quire
Chaunt forth their raptures; where the Turtle builds
Her lovely nest; and where the new born brier.
Breaths forth the Sweetness that her April yields:
Come, come, my lovely fair, and let us try
These rural delicates; where thou and I
May melt in private slames, and sear no stander by.

2.

The earth's a blaft and all the world's a bubble?
Our City-mansion is the fairest home,
But Country sweets are tang'd with lesser trouble:
Let's try them both, and chuse the better; come;
A change in pleasure, makes the pleasure double:
On thy commands depends my go or tarry,
I'll stir with Martha, or I'll stay with Mary:
Our hearts are firmly sit, although her pleasures vary.

3.

Christ. Our Country-mansion (fituate on high)
With various Object, still renews delight:
Her arched roof's of unstain'd Ivory:
Her walls of fiery-sparkling Chrysolite;
Her pavement is of hardest Porphyry;
Her spacious windows are all glaz'd with bright
And flaming Carbuncles; no need require
Titans faint rays, or Vulcan's feeble fire;
And every Gate's a Pearl; and every Pearl, entire.

4.

Soul. Fool that I was! how were my thoughts deceiv'd!

How fallly was my fond conceit poffeft!

I took it for an Hermirage but pav'd

And daub'd with neighbr'ing dirt, and thacht at

Alas, I nev'r expected more, nor crav'd; (beft;

A Turtle hop'd but for a Turtles nest:

Come, come, my dear, and let no idle stay

Neglect th' advantage of the head-strong day;

How pleasure grates that feels the curb of dull delay.

.

Chr. Come then, my Joy; let our divided paces
Conduct us to our fairest territory;
O there we'll twine our Souls in sweet embraces;
Soul.
And in thine arms I'll tell my passion story:
Chr. O there I'll crown thy head with all my graces;
Soul.
And all these graces shall reslect thy glory:
O there I'll seed thee with celestial Manna
I'll be thy Elkana. Soul. And I, thy Hanna.
Christ. I'll sound my trump of joy. Soul. And I'll resound
(Hosana.

IV.

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ay.

14.

N.

S. BERN.

O blessed Contemplation! The death of vices, and the life of virtues! Thee, the Law and Prophets admire: Who ever attained perfection, if not by thee! O blessed Solitude, the Magazine of Celestial Treasure! by thee things earthly, and transtory, are changed into Heavenly, and Eternal.

S. BERN. in Ep.

Happy is that house, and bleffed is that Congregation, where Martha still complaineth of Mary.

EPIG. 7.

Mechanick Soul, thou must not only do With Martha; but, with Mary, ponder too: Happy's that house where these fair Sisters vary; But most, when Martha's reconcil'd to Mary.

VIII.

VIII.



Draw, me we will run after thee because of the savour of thy good Oyntments.

Cant: 1:3.

VIII

S.

VIII.

CANTICLES 1. 3.

Draw me; we will follow after thee by the savour of thy good Oyntments.

Thus, like a lump of the corrupted Mass,
I lie secure, long lost before I was:
And like a block, beneath whose burthen lies
That undiscover'd worm that never dies.
I have no will to rouze, I have no power to rise.

Can stinking Laz'rus compound or strive
With deaths entangling setters, and revive?

Or can the water-buried Axt implore
A hand to raise it, or it self restore,
And from her sandy deeps approach the dry-soot shore?

So hard's the task for finful flesh and Blood
To lend the smallest step to what is good.
My God, I cannot move the least degree.
A! If but only those that active be,
None should thy glory see, none should thy glory see.

Or fome strong hand remove the block away:
Their lowly fortunes soon are mounted higher:
That proves a vessel, which before was mire;
And this being hewn, may serve for better use than fire.

And if that life-refloring voice command

Dead Laz'rus forth; or that great Prophets hand

Should charm the fullen waters, and begin

To becken, or to dart a flick but in,

Dead Laz'rus must revive, and th' Ax must float again.

Lord, as I am, I have no pow'r at all
To hear thy voice, or Echo to thy call;
The gloomy Clouds of mine own guilt benight me;
Thy glorious beams, not dainty sweets invite me;
They neither can direct; nor these at all delight me.

See how my fin bemangled Body lies,
Not having pow'r to will, nor will to rife!
Shine home upon thy Creature, and infpire
My liveles Will with thy regen'rate fire;
The first degree to do, is only to defire.

Give me the power to will, the Will to do;
O raise me up, and I will strive to go:
Draw me, O draw me with thy treble twist,
That have no pow'r but meerly to resist;
O lend me strength to do, and then command thy list!

My Soul's a Clock, whose wheels (for want of use And winding up, being subject to th' abuse Of eating rust) wants vigour to sulfil Her twelve hours task, and shew her makers skill, But idly sleeps unmov'd, and standeth vainly still.

Great God, it is thy work; and therefore good.

If thou be pleas'd to cleanse it with thy Blood,
And wind it up with thy Soul-moving keys,
Her busie wheels shall serve thee all her days; (praise
Her hand shall point thy pow'r, her hammer strike thy

ain.

3

thy

S. BERN. Serm. 21. in Cant.

the run, let us run, but in the savour of thy Ointment, in the confidence of our merits, nor in the greatness of our ght: we trust to run, but in the multitude of thy mercies; though we run and are willing, it is not in him that willeth, in him that runneth, but in God that sheweth Mercy. On the Mercy return, and we will run: Thou, like a Gyant, all by the own power; we, unless the Ointment breath upon cannot run.

EPIG. 8.

peding motion from thy Maker's hand:
awound thee up, and cleans'd thy Cogs with blood;
Now thy wheels stand still thou art not good,

P 2

IX.

IX.



O that thou wert as my Brother, that Sucked the Brests of my Mother. Cont. 8.

X.

So th

IX.

CANTICLES 8. r.

0 that thou wert as my Brother, that sucked the breasts of my Mother; when I should find thee without, I would kis thee.

I.

Ome, come, my bleffed Infant, and immure thee
Within the Temple of my facred arms;
scure mine arms, mine arms shall then secure thee
From Herod's sury, or the High-Priests harms:
Or if thy danger'd life sustain a loss,
My solded arms shall turn thy dying cross.

2,

to tah; what favage Tyrant can behold

The beauty of fo fweet a face, as this is,
and not himfelf be by himfelf controul'd,
And change his fury to a thousand kisses?

One smile of thine is worth more Mines of treasure

Than there be Myriads in the days of Casar.

3.

), had the Tetrarch, as he knew by birth, So known thy stock, he had not sought to paddle thy dear Blood; but prostrate on the Earth Had vail'd his Crown before thy Royal Cradle, And laid the Scepter of his glory down, And begg'd a Heavenly for an Earthly Crown.

P. 3

Illustrious.

Ca

4

Illustrious Babe! how is thy handmaid grac'd With a rich armful! how dost thou decline Thy Majesty, that wert so late embrac'd In thy grear Fathers arms, and now in mine! How humbly gracious art thou, to refresh Me with thy Spirit, and assume my flesh!

5

But must the treason of a traitour's Hail
Abuse the sweetness of these ruby lips?
Shall marble hearted cruelty assail
These Alabaster sides with knotted whips?
And must these smiling Roses entertain
The blows of scorn, and flurts of base disdain?

6

Ah! must these dainty little springs that twine so fast about thy neck, be piere'd and torn With ragged nails? and must these brows resign Their Crown of Glory for a crown of thorn?

Ah, must the blessed infant taste the pain Of deaths injurious pangs; nay worse, be slain?

7.

Sweet Babe! At what dear rates do wretched I
Commit a Sin! Lord, ev'ry fin's a dart;
And ev'ry trespass lets a javelin flie;
And ev'ry javelin wounds thy bleeding heart:
Pardon, sweet Babe, what I have done amiss;
And seal that granted pardon with a kiss.

IV.

BONAVENT. Soliloqu. Chap. 1.

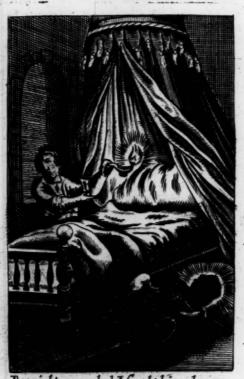
O sweet Jesu, I knew not that thy kisses were so sweet, nor thy society so delectable, nor thy attraction so virtuous: For when I love thee, I am clean; when I touch thee, I am chaste; when I receive thee, I am a Virgin: O most sweet Jesu, thy embraces defile not, but cleanse; thy attraction polluteth not but sandisfieth: O Jesu the sountain of universal sweetness, pardon me that I believed so late, that so much sweetness is in thy embraces.

EPIG. 9.

My burthen's greatest: let not Atlas boast: Impartial Reader, judge which bears the most: He bears but Heav'n, my folded arms sustain Heav'ns maker, whom Heav'ns Heav'n cannot contain;

P 4

X.



By night on my bed I fought him whom my Jouleloveth, I fought him but I found him not. Cant: 3:1.

of green let not out in both:

And a property which bears the mont:

The case, most block arms tulking

the state of the way to the comming

X,

H

X.

CANTICLES 3. 1.

In my bed by night I sought him whom my Soul loveth; I sought him, but I found him not.

HE learned Cynick having loft the way To honest men, did in the height of day, By Taper-light, divide his fteps about The peopled streets to find this Dainty out; But fail'd: The Cynick fearch'd not where he ought: The thing he fought for , was not where he fought. The Wife-mens task feem'd harder to be done The Wife-men did by Star-light feek the Sun, And found: the Wife-men fearth'd it where they ought; The thing he hop'd to find was where they fought. One feeks his wifhes where he should; but then Perchance he feeks not as he should; nor when. Another fearches when he should; but there He fails; not feeking as he should, nor where: Whose Soul defires the good it wants, and would Obtain, must seek Where, As, and When he should. How often have my wild affections led My wasted Soul to this my widow'd bed, To feek my lover, whom my Soul defires? (I speak not, cupid, of thy wanton fires: Thy fires are all but dying sparks to mine; My flames are full of Heav'n, and all Divine) How often have I fought this bed of Night, To find that greater by this leffer Light!

How

How oft have my unwitnest groats lamented Thy dearest absence! Ah, how often vented The bitter tempests of despairing breath, And toft my Soul upon the waves of death! How often has my melting heart made choice Of filent tears (tears louder than a voice) To plead my grief, and woo thy absent ear! And yet thou wilt not come, thou wilt not hear; O is thy wonted love become fo cold? Or do mine Eyes not feek thee where they should! Why do I feek thee, if thou art not here? Or find thee not, if thou art ev'ry where? I fee my errour, it is not strange I could not Find out my love: I fought him where I should not. Thou are not found in downy beds of ease; Alas, thy mulick strikes on harder keys: Nor art thou found by that false seeble Light Of Natures candle, our Egyptian Night Is more than common darkness; nor can we Expect a morning, but what breaks from thee, Well may my empty bed bewail thy lofs, When thou art lodg'd upon thy shameful cross : If thou refuse to share a bed with me, We'l never part, I'll share a cross with thee.

ANSELM

ANSELM in Protolog. 1.

Lord, if thou art not present, where shall I seek thee absent? If every where, why do I not see thee present? Thou dwellest in light inaccessible; and where is that inaccessible light? Or how shall I have access to Light inaccessible? I beseech thee, Lord, teach me to seek thee, and shew thy self to the seeker; because I can neither seek thee, unless thou teach me, nor find thee, unless thou shew thy felf to me: Let me seek thee, in desiring thee, and desire thee in seeking thee; Let me find thee in loving thee, and love thee in sinding thee.

EPIG. 10.

Where shouldst thou seek for rest, but in thy bed?
But now thy rest is gone, thy rest is sted:
'Tis vain to seek him there: My Soul be wise;
Go ask thy sin's; they'll tell thee, where he lies.

XI.



I will rise now and goe about so citie in so Streetes and in so broad wayes I will seeke him whom my Soule loveth. etc: Cant: 3.2. 228

XI.

CANTICLES 3. 2.

I will rise, and go about the City, and will seek him, mohw my Soul loveth: I sought him, but I sound him not.

I.

How my disappointed Soul's perplext!
How restless thoughts swarm in my troubled brest!
How vainly pleas'd with hopes, then crossly vext
With sears! And how betwixt them both distrest!
What place is left unransack'd? Oh, where next
Shall I go seek the Author of my rest?
Of what bless'd Angel shall my lips enquire
The undiscover'd way to that entire
And everlassing solace of my hearts desire?

9.

Look how the stricken Hart that wounded slies
Ov'r hills and dales, and seeks the lower grounds
For running streams, the whilst his weeping Eyes
Beg silent Mercy from the following Hounds;
At length, embost, he droops, drops down, and lies
Beneath the burthen of his bleeding wounds:
Ev'n so my gasping Soul, dissolv'd in tears,
Doth search for thee, my God, whose deafned ears
Leave me th' unransom'd Pris'ner to my panick fears.
Where

3

Where have my busic Eyes not pry'd? O where,
Of whom hath not my threel-baretongue demanded?
I scarch'd this glorious City; he's not here:
I sought the Country; she stands empty handed;
I search'd the Court; he is a stranger there:
I ask'd the land; he's shipp'd: the sea; he's landed:
I climb'd the air, my thoughts began t'aspire;
But ah! the wings of my too bold desire,
Soaring too near the Sun, were sindg'd with sacred fire.

4.

I mov'd the Merchant's ear; alas, but he
Knew neither what I faid, nor what to fay.

I ask'd the Lawyer, he demands a fee,
And then demurs me with a vain delay:
I ask'd the Schoolman: his advice was free,
But feor'd me out too intricate a way:
I ask'd the Watch-man (best of all the four)
Whose gentle answer could resolve no more,
Eut that he lately lest him at the Temple door.

5

Thus having fought, and made my great inquest
In ev'ry place, and search'd in ev'ry ear:
I threw me on my bed; but ah! my rest
Was poison'd with th' extremes of grief and sear,
Where looking down into my troubled brest,
The Magazine of wounds, I sound him there:
Let others hunt, and shew their sportful Art;
I wish to catch the Hare before she start,
As Potchers use to do; Heav'ns Form's a troubled heart.

It

S. AMBROS. lib. 3. de Virg.

Christ is not in the market, nor in the streets: For Christ is Peace, in the market are strifes: Christ is Justice, in the market is iniquity: Christ is a labourer, in the market is idleness: Christ is Charity, in the market is stander: Christ is Faith, in the market is fraud: Let us not therefore seek Christ, where we cannot find Christ.

S. HIERO M. Ser. 9. Ep. 22. ad Euftoch.

Jesus is jealous: He will not have thy face seen: Let foolish Virgins ramble abroad, seek thou thy love at home.

EPIG. II.

What lost thy love? will neither bed not board Receive him? Not by terrs to be implor'd? It is the Ship that moves, and not the Coast; I fear, I fear, my Soul, 'tis thou art lost.

5.

Ha

XII.



show ye him whom my Soule loveth; it was but a little if I passed from them but I found him whom my soule loveth I held him etc: Cont: 34

X II.

XII.

CANTICLES 3. 3.

Have you seen him whom my Soul loveths when I hast a little from them, then I found him, I took hold on him, and left him not.

i.

Hat secret corner? What unwonted way
Has scap'd the ransack of my rambling thought?
The Fox by night, nor the dull Owl by day,
Have never search'd those places I have sought,
Whilst they lamented, absence taught my breast
The ready road to grief, without request;
The ready road to grief, my night had rest.

2.

om had my unregarded language vented
The fad tautologies of lavish passion;
on often have I languish'd unlamented!
How oft have I complain'd, without compassion!
I ask'd the City-watch, but some deny'd me
The common street, whilst others would misguide me,
one would debar me; some, divert me; some, deride me,

3.

The faithful partner of her loyal heart,
The faithful partner of her long had been part
Herabsent Love, and her; at length unsped,
She re-betakes her to her lonely bed,
There bewails her everlasting Widow-head.

Sa

4

So when my Soul had progress ev'ry place,
That love and dear affection could contrive,
I threw me on my couch, refolv'd t'embrace
A death for him in whom I ceas'd to live:
But there injurious Hymen did present
His landskip ioys; my pickled Eyes did vent
Full streams of Briny tears, tears never to be spent.

5

Whilst thus my forrow-wasting Soul was feeding
Upon the rad'cal humour of her thought,
Ev'n whilst mine Eyes were blind, and heart was bleeding.
He that was sought, unfound, was found, unsought:
As if the Sun should dart his orbe of Light
Into the secrets of the black-brow'd Night;
Ev'n so appear'd my Love, my sole, my Souls delight.

6.

O how mine Eyes now ravish'd at the fight
Of my bright Sun-shot slames of equal fire!
Ah! how my Soul dissolv'd with o'r-delight,
To re-enjoy the Crown of chast defire?
How sov'reign joy depos'd and dispossest
Rebellious grief! And how my ravish'd breast
But who can press those heights, that cannot be express!

7.

O how these arms, these greedy arms did twine,
And strongly twist about his yielding wast!
The sappy branches of the Thespian Vine,
Nev'r cling'd their less beloved Elm so fast;
Boast not thy stames, blind boy, thy seather'd shot;
Let Hymens easie sharles be quite forgot:
Time cannot quench our fires, nor death dissolve our known.

CIV.

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cf!

hot;

OR

ORIG. Hom. 10. in divers.

o most holy Lord! and sweetest Master, how good art thou nthose that are of upright heart, and humble Spirit! O how hissed are they that seek thee with a simple heart! How happy but trust in thee! It is a most certain truth, that thou lovest all that love thee, and never for skest those that trust in thee; he behold thy Love simply sought thee, and undoubtedly sound hu: She trusted in thee, and is not for saken of thee, but hath hained more by thee, than she expected from thee.

BEDA in cap. 3. Cant.

The longer I was in finding whom I fought, the more earnest-

EPIG. 12.

What? found him? let strong embraces bind him; He'l slie perchance, where tears can never find him. New Sins will lose, what old repentance gains. Wisdom not only gets, but got retains.

Q 2

XIII

X III.



It is good for me to draw neare to the Lord, I have put my trust in Lord God. 136

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XIII

end weeks ratio

XIII.

PSALM 72. 28.

is good for me to draw near to God, I have put my trust in the Lord God.

Where is that Good, which wife-men pleafe to call The chiefest? Doth there any such befal hin mans reach? or is there such a Good at all?

fuch there be, it neither must expire, a change; than which there can be nothing higher: a good must be the utter point of man's defire.

ishe Mark, to which all hearts must tend;

abe defired for no other end,

afor it self, on which all other Goods depend.

nal Essential Excellent be? dorth it subsists and Essential Essent

tit a tatt. Idea, to procure

tig, and keep the practick Soul in ure,

audear Chymick dust, or puzling Quadrature?

reshall I seek this? Where shall I find Cath'lick pleasure, whose extreams may bind white? and fill the gulf of my infatiate mind?

Till tin Treasure? In full heaps untold?

Sowty Mammon's griping hand infold

and Saint in facred shrines of sov'reign gold?

No, no; she lies not there; wealth often sours In keeping; makes us hers, in seeming ours; She slides from Heav'n indeed, but not in Danae's showers.

Lives she in honour? no. The Royal Crown Builds up a creature, and then batters down: Kings raise thee with a smile, and raze thee with a frown

In pleasure? no. Pleasure begins in rage;
Acts the fools part on earth's uncertain stage;
Begins the Play in youth, and Epilogues in age.

These, these are Bastard goods; the best of these Torment the Soul with pleasing it, and please Like water's gulp'd in seavers with deceitful ease.

Earths flatt'ring dainties are but sweet distresses:
Mole-hills perform the mountains she professes,
Alas, can Earth confer more good than Earth possesses

Mount, mount my Soul, and let my thoughts cashier Earth's vain delights, and make the full cariere At Heav'ns eternal joys; stop, stop, thy Courser there.

There shall thy Soul possess uncareful treasure,
There shalt thou swim in never-sading pleasure:
And blaze in honour far above the frowns of Copar.

On thee, the chiefest Good, no need to call

For Earths inferiour trash; Thou, thou are All in All.

ok IV.

rown

r

S. AUGUS T. Soliloqu. Cap. 13.

Ifollow this thing: I pursue that, but am filled with nothing. But when I found thee, who art that immutable, individed, and only good, in my self, what I obtained, I wanted not; for what I obtained not, I grieved not; with what I was possess, my whole desire was satisfied.

S. BERN. Ser. 9. Sup. beati qui habent, &c.

Let others pretend merit: let him brag of the burthen of the day: let him boast of his Sabbath sasts, and let him glory that he is not as other men: but for me, it is good to cleave unto the Lord, and to put my trust in my Lord God.

EPIG, 13.

Let Boreas blafts, and Neptunes waves be join'd, Thy Eolus commands the waves, the wind: Fear not the Rocks or Worlds imperions waves: Thou climb'ft a rock (my Soul) a rock that faves.

0 4

XIV.

XIV.



I sat under the shaden of him whom I have destred. Cant: 2.

240

XIV.

XIV.

CANTICLES 2. 3.

I sat under his shadow with great delight, and his fruit was sweet to my taste.

T.

Ook how the sheep, whose rambling steps do stray

From the safe blessing of her Shepherds Eyes,

Istsoon becomes the unprotected prey

To the wing'd squadron of beleaging flies;

Where sweltered with the scorching beams of day,

She frisks from bush to brake, and wildly flies

From her own self, ev'n of her self asraid;

She shrouds her troubled brows in ev'ry glade,

And craves the Mercy of the soft removing shade.

vil sidmust of **20**000 viby visiting of it.

From her great Shepherd, is the hourly prey
of all my Sins. These vultures in my breast
Gripe my Promethean heart both night and day;
I hunt from place to place, but find no rest;
I know not where to go, nor where to stay:
The Eye of vengeance burns, her flames invade
My swelt'ring Soul: My Soul hath oft assa'd,
I've she can find no shroud, but she can feel no shade,
I fought

3

I fought the shades of Mirth, to wear away
My flow pac'd hours of Soul consuming grief;
I search'd the shades of sleep, to ease my day
Of griping sorrows with a nights reprief;
I fought the shades of death: thought there t'allay
My final torments with a full relief:
But mirth, nor sleep, nor death, can hide my hours
In the false shades of their deceiful bowrs;
The first distracts, the next disturbs, the last devours.

4

Where shall I turn? To whom shall I apply me?
Are there no streams where a faint Soul may wade?
Thy God-head, Jesus, are the slames that fry me;
Hath thy All-glorious Deity never a shade,
Where I may sit and vengeance never Eye me;
Where I might sit refresh'd or unastraid?
Is there no comfort? Is there no resection?
Is there no cover that will give protection.
T' a fainting Soul, the subject of thy wraths restexion?

ra'vo ni ano go trachi hat buc

Look up, my Soul, advance the lowly stature
Of thy sad thoughts; advance thy humble Eye:
See here's a shadow found: The humane nature
Is made th' Umbella to the Deity,
To catch the Sun-heams of thy just Creator:
Beneath this coverr thou maist safely lie:
Permit thine Eyes to climb this fruitful Tree,
As quick Zachens did, and thou shakesee
A cloud of dying field betwire those beams and thee.

GUIL. in cap. 2. Cant.

Who can endure the fierce rayes of the Sun of Justice? Who shall not be consumed by his beams? Therefore the Sun of Justice took stell, that through the conjunction of that Sun and this humane Body a shadow may be made.

S. AUGUST. Med. cap. 37.

Lord, let my Soul flee from the foorching thoughts of the world under the covert of thy wings, that being refreshed by the moderation of thy shadow, she may sing merrily, In peace will I lay me down and rest.



EPIG. 14.

Ah, treach'rous Soul, would not thy pleasures give That Lord, which made the living, leave to live? See what thy fins have done: thy fins have made The Sun of Glory now become thy shade. XV.



How shall we sing the song of the Lord in a strange L and .

XV.

X V.

PSALM 137. 4.

How shall we sing a song of the Lord in a strange Land?

Rge me no more: this airy mirth belongs
To better times: these times are not for songs. The sprightly twang of the melodious Lute Agrees not with my voice: and both unfute My untun'd fortunes : the affected measure Of strains, that are constrain'd, afford no pleasure. Musick's the Child of Mirth; where griefs affail The Troubled Soul, both voice, and fingers fail: Let fuch as ravel out their lavish dayes . In honourable riot; that can raise Dejected hearts, and conjure up a sp'ric Of madness by the Magick of delight; Let those of Cupids Hospital, that lie Impatient Patients to a smiling Eve. That cannot rest, until vain hope beguile Their flatter'd torment with a wanton fmile; Let such redeem their peace, and salve the wrongs Of froward Fortune with their frolick fongs: My grief, my grief's too great for imiling Eyes To cure, or counter-charms to exorcife. The Ravens dismal croaks, the midnight howls Of empty Wolves mixt with the screech of Owls. The nine fad knolls of a dull paffing Bell, With the loud language of a nightly knell,

And horrid out-cries of revenged crimes . loin'd in a medley's musick for these times; These are no times to touch the merry string Of O'pheus; no, these are no times to fing. Can hide-bound Pris'ners, that have fpent their Souls, And familh'd bodies in the noisome holes Of hell black dungeons, apt their rougher throats, Grown hoarse with begging alms, to warble notes? Can the fad Pilgrim, that hath loft his way In the vaft defart; there condemn'd a prey To the wild fubject, or his favage King, Rouze up his palfie smitten Spirits, and fing? Can I a Pilgrim, and a Pris'ner too, (Alas) where I am neither known, nor know Ought but my torments, an unransom'd stranger In this strange climate, in a land of danger? O, can my voice be pleasant or my hand. Thus made a Pris ner to a foreign land? How can my mufick relish in your ears That cannot speak for fobs, nor fing for tears? Ah, if my voice could, Orpheus-like, unspel My poor Eurydice, my Soul, from Hell Of Earths misconstru'd Heaven, O then my breast Should warble airs, whose rhapsodies should feast The ears of Seraphims, and entertain Heav'ns highest Deity with their lofty strain, A strain well drench'd in the true Thespian Well, Till then, Earths Semiguaver, mirth, Farewel.

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S. AUGUST. Med. cap. 33.

O infinitely happy are those heavenly virtues which are able to praise thee in holiness and purity, with excessive sweetness and inutterable exultation! From thence they praise thee, from whence they rejoice, because they continually see for what they rejoice, for what they praise thee? But we prest down with this burthen of sless, far removed from thy countenance in this pilgrimage, and blown up with worthly vanities, cannot worthly praise thee: We praise thee by Faith; not face to face; but those Angelical Spirits praise thee face to face, and not by Faith.

EPIG. 15.

Did I refuse to Sing? said I these times
Were not for songs? nor musick for these climes?
It was my errour: are not groans and tears
Harmonious raptures in th' Almighty's ears?

Tan Low

XVI.



I charge you ove daughters of Isrusalemif ye finds my beloved you tell him flam fichts of love. Cant: 5.8. 24

XVI.

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THE FIFTH BOOK.

CANTICLES 5. 8.

I charge you, O daughters of Jerusalem, if you find my beloved, that you tell him that I am fick of love.

O U holy Virgins, that so oft surround The cities Sapphire walls, whose snowy feet Measure the pearly paths of sacred ground And trace the new Jerus'lens Jasper street; Ah, you whose care-forsaken hearts are crown'd With your best wishes; that enjoy the sweet Of all your hopes; If e're you chance to spie My absent Love, O rell him that I lie Deep wounded with the flames that furnae'd from his Eye.

I charge you, Virgins, as you hope to hear The heav'nly musick of your Lovers voice; I charge you by the solemn Faith you bear To plighted vows, and to that loyal choice Of your affections, or, if ought more dear You hold; by Hymen, by your marriage joyes, I charge you tell him, that a flaming dart, Shot from his Eye hath pierc'd my bleeding heart; and I am fick of love, and languish in my smart.

Tell

3

Tell him, O tell him, how my panting breaft
Is fcorch'd with flames, and how my Soul is pin'd;
Tell him, O tell him, how I lie oppreft
With the full torments of a troubled mind;
O tell him, tell him, that he loves in jeft,
But I in earnest; tell him he's unkind:
But if a discontented frown appears
Upon his angry brow, accost his Ears
With soft and sewer words, and act the rest in tears.

4.

O tell him, that his cruelties deprive
My Soul of peace, while peace in vain she seeks;
Tell him those damask roses, that did strive
With white, both fade, upon my fallow cheeks;
Tell him, no token doth proclaim I live,
But tears, and sighs, and sobs, and sudden shrieks;
Thus if your piercing words should chance to bore
His hearkning ear, and move a sigh, give ore
To speak; and tell him-Tell him, that I could no more.

5.

If your elegious breath should hap to rouze
A happy tear, close harb'ring in his Eye,
Then urge his plighted Faith, the sacred vows,
Which neither I can break, nor he deny;
Bewail the torments of his loyal spouse,
That for his sake would make a sport to die:
O blessed Virgins how my passion tires
Beneath the burthen of her fond desires!
Heav'n never shot such slames, Earth never felt such fires

G

es

ST.

S. AUGUST. Med. cap. 40.

What shall I say? What shall I do? Whither shall I go? Where shall I seek him? Or when shall I find him? Whom shall I sak? Who will tell my beloved that I am sick of Love?

GULIEL. in cap. 5. Cant.

Ilive, but not I: it is my beloved that liveth in me: I love my self, not with my own love, but with the love of my beloved that loveth me: I love not my self in my self, but my self in him, and him in me.

EPIG. I.

Grieve not (my Soul) nor let thy love wax faint; Weep'st thou to lose the cause of thy complaint?

He'll come; Love ne'r was bound to times nor laws:

Till then thy tears complain without a cause.

Ro

II.



Stay me with Flowers; Comfort mee with Apples, for I am fick of love Cont: 2.5.

II.

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CANTICLES 2. 5.

Stay me with flowers, and comfort me with apples , for I am fick with love.

Tyrant love! how doth thy fov'reign pow'r Subject poor Souls to thy imperious thrall: They fay, thy cup's compos'd of fweet and fower; They fay, thy diet's hony mixt with gall; How comes it then to pals, these lips of ours Still trade in bitter; tast no sweet at all?
O Tyrant love! Shall our perpetual toil, Ne'r find a Sabbath to refresh a while Our drooping Souls? Art thou all frowns, and ne'r a

You bleffed Maids of honour that frequent The Royal courts of our renown'd Jehove, With flow'rs restore my Spirits faint and spent; O fetch me apples from Loves fruitful grove, To cool my palate, and renew my fent, For I am fick, for I am fick of love: These will revive my dry, my wasted pow'rs, And they will sweeten my unfav'ry hours; Refresh me then with fruit, and comfort me with flow'rs. R 2

O bring

3

O bring me apples to assume that fire,
Which Ætna-like inflames my flaming breast;
Nor is it every apple I defire,
Nor that which pleases every palate best:
'Tis not the lasting Denzan I require,
Nor yet the red-cheek'd Queening I request;
Nor that which first bestrew'd the name of wise,
Nor that whose beauty caus'd the golden strife;
No, no, bring me an apple from the tree of life.

Virgins, tuck up your filken laps, and fill ye
With the fair wealth of Flora's Magazine;
The purple violet and the pale fac'd Lily;
The pancy and the organ columbine;
The flowing thyme, the gift-bowl daffadilly;
The lowly pink, the lofty eglantine:
The blufhing rose, the queen of flowers, and best
Of Flora's beauty; but above the rest,
Let Jess sovereign flower persume my qualming breast,

Haste, Virgins, haste, for I lie weak and faint,
Beneath the pangs of love; why stand ye mute,
As if your silence neither car'd to grant;
Nor yet your language to deny my suit;
No key can lock the door of my complaint,
Until I smell this flower, or tast that fruit;
Go, Virgins, seek this tree, and search that bow'r;
O, how my Soul shall bless that happy hour,
That brings to me such fruit, that brings me such a flower.

Physic will revive by dry, my n And drey with weets my untay

GISTEN. in cap. 2. Cant. Expof. 2.

O happy sickness, where the infirmity is not to death, but to life, that God may be glorified by it! O happy seaver, that proceedeth not from a consuming, but a calcining fire! O happy disemper, wherein the Soul relisheth no earthly things, but only savoureth divine nourishment!

S. BERN. Serm. 51. in Cant.

By flowers understand Faith; by fruit, good works: As the flower or blossom is before othe fruit, so is Faith before good works: So neither is the Fruit without the flower, nor good works without Faith.



EPIG. 2.

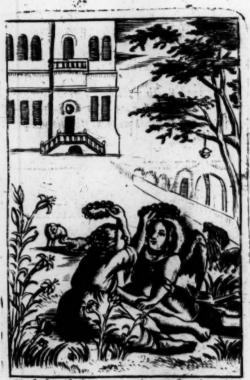
Why apples, O my Soul? Can they remove, The pangs of grief, or ease the flames of love? It was that fruit which gave the first offence; That sent him hither; than remov'd him hence.

R 4

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III

III.



My beloved is mine and I am his, hee fee: deth among the Lillies. Cont. 2.16.

III.

CANTICLES 2. 16.

My beloved is mine, and I am his; He feedeth among the Lilies.

I.

E V'n like two little bank-dividing brooks,
That wash the pebbles with their wanton streams,
And having rang'd and search'd a thousand nooks,
Meet both at length in Silver-breasted Thames,
Where in a greater current they conjoyn:
So I my best beloved's am; so he is mine.

2

Ev'n so we met; and after long pursuit,

Ev'n so we joyn'd, we both became entire;

No need for either to renew a suit,

For I was flax and he was flames of fire:

Our firm united Souls did more then twine;

So I my best-beloved's am; so he is mine.

3

If all those glirt'ring Monarchs that command
The servile quarters of this earthly ball,
Should tender, in exchange, their shares of land,
I would not change my fortunes for them all:
Their wealth is but a counter to my coin;
The World's but theirs; but my beloved's mine.

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Nay more; if the fair Thespian Ladies all
Should heap together their diviner treasure:
That treasure should be deem'd a price too small
To buy a minutes lease of half my pleasure;
'Tis not the sacred wealth of all the nine
Can buy my heart from him, or his, from being mine.

5.

Nor Time, nor Place, nor Chance, nor Death can bow
My least desires unto the least remove;
He's firmly mine by Oath; I his by vow;
He's mine by Faith; and I am his by love;
He's mine by Water; I am his by wine;
Thus I my best beloved's am; thus he is mine.

6.

He is my Altar; I, his holy Place;
I am his guest; and he, my living food;
I'm his by penitence; he mine by grace;
I'm his by purchase; he is mine by Blood;
He's my supporting elm; and I his vine:
Thus I my best beloved's am; thus he is mine.

7.

He gives me wealth, I give him all my vows:

I give him fongs; he gives me length of dayes:

With wreaths of grace he crowns my conquiring brows:

And I his Temples with a Crown of Praise,

Which he accepts as an evirlasting fign,

That I my best beloved's am; that he is mine.

S. AUGUST. Manu. cap. 24.

O my Soul flampt with the image of thy God, love him of whom thou art so much beloved: bend to him that boweth to thee, seek him that seeketh thee: Love thy lover, by whose love thon art prevented, being the cause of thy love: Be careful with those that are careful, want with those that want; be clean with the clean, and boly with the holy: choose this friend above all friends, who when all are taken away remaineth only saithful to thee: In the day of thy burial, when all leave thee, he will not deceive thee, but defend thee from the roaring Lions prepared for their prey.



EPIG. 3.

Sing, Hymen, to my Soul: what? loft and found? Welcom'd, espous'd, enjoy'd so soon, and crown'd! He did but climb the Cross, and then came down To th' gates of Hell; triumph'd, and setch'd a Crown.

IV.



Jam my beloveds er his Desire is towards mee, Cant: 7.50. W: simpson

IV.

CANTICLES 7. 10.

I am my Beloved's, and his desire is towards me.

I.

I lke to the Attick needle, that doth guide
The wand'ring shade by his magnetick pow'r,
And leaves his filken Gnomon to decide
The question of the controverted hour,
First franticks up and down, from side to side
And restless bears his crystal'd Iv'ry case,
With vain impatience; jets from place to place,
And seeks the bosome of his frozen bride,
At length he slacks his motion, and doth rest
His trembling point at his bright Poles beloved brest.

2

Ev'n fo my Soul, being hurried here and there,
By ev'ry object that presents delight,
Fain would be settled, but she knows not where;
She likes at morning what she loaths at Night:
She bows to honour; then she lends an ear
To that sweet swan-like voice of dying pleasure,
Then tumbles in the scatter'd heaps of treasure;
Now flatter'd with false hope; now soyl'd with fear:
Thus finding all the Worlds delights to be
But empty toyes, good God, she points alone to thee.

3

But hath the virtued fteel a power to move?

Or can the untouch'd needle point aright;

Or can my wandring thoughts forbear to rove,

Unguided by the virtue of thy Sp'rit?

O hath my leaden Soul the art t' improve

Her wafted talent, and unrais'd, afpire

In this fad moulting time of her defire?

Not first belov'd have I the power to love;

I cannot stir, but as thou please to move me,

Nor can my heart return thee love, until thou love me.

4.

The still commandress of the silent Night
Borrows her beams from her bright Brothers Eye;
His fair aspect fills her sharp horns with Light,
If he withdraw, her slames are quench'd and die:
Even so the beams of her enlightning Sp'rit
Insus'd and shot into my dark desire,
Inslame my thoughts and fill my Soul with fire,
That I am ravish'd with a new delight;
But if thou shroud thy face, my glory sades,
And I remain a Nothing, all compos'd of shades.

5.

Eternal God! O thou that only art
The facred Fountain of Eternal Light,
And bleffed Load-stone of my better part,
O thou my hearts defire, my Souls delight,
Reslect upon my Soul, and touch my heart,
And then my heart shall prize no good above thee;
And then my Soul shall know thee; knowing love thee;
And then my trembling thoughts shall never start

From thy commands, or swerve the least degree, or once presume to move, but as they move in thee.

S. AUGUST.

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S. AUGUST. Med. cap. 25.

If Man can love man with so entire affection, that the one can scarce brook the others absence? if a bride can be joyned to ber bridegroom with so great an ardency of mind, that for the extremity of love she can enjoy no rest, not suffering his absence without great anxiety, with what affection, with what servency ought the Soul whom thou hast espoused by Faith and compassion, to love thee her true God and glorious bridegroom?

EPIG. 4.

My Soul, thy love is dear: 'Twas thought a good And easie pen'worth of thy Saviours Blood:
But be not proud; All matters rightly scann'd, 'Twas over-bought: 'Twas fold at second hand.

V



My Soule melted, when my beloved spake. Cant: 3 6 Simpson scale

V

V.

CANTICLES 5 6.

My Soul melted whilest my Beloved spake.

Ord, has the feeble voice of flesh and Blood The power to work thine ears into a flood Of melted Mercy? or the strength t'unlock The gates of Heav'n, and to dissolve a rock Of marble clouds into a morning show'r? Or hath the breath of whining dust the pow'r To ftop or fnatch a falling Thunder-bolt From thy fierce hand, and make thy hand revolt From resolute confusion, and in stead Of viols pour full bleffings on our head? Or shall the wants of famish'd Ravens cry, And move thy Mercy to a quick supply? Or shall the filent suits of dropping flow'rs? Woo thee for drops, and be refresh'd with show'rs? Alas, what marvel then, great God what wonder If thy Hell-rouzing voice, that splits in sunder The brazen portals of Eternal Death; What number if that life-restoring breath Which dragg'd me from the infernal shades of Night, Should melt my ravish'd Soul with ore-delight? O can my frozen gutters choose but run, That feel the warmth of fuch a glorious Sun? Methinks his language like a flaming arrow, both pierce my bones, and melts their wounded marrow, Thy Thy flames, O Cupid (though the joyful heart Feels neither tang of grief, nor fears the smart Of jealous doubts, but drunk with full defires) Are torments, weigh'd with these celestial fires; Pleasures that ravish in so high a measure, That O I languish in excess of pleasure: What ravish'd heart, that feels these melting joys, Would not despise and loath the treach'rous toys Of dunghil Earth? What Soul would not be proud Of wry-mouth'd scorns, the worst that flesh and Blood Had rancor to devise? Who would not bear The Worlds derifion with a thankful ear? What palat would refuse full bowls of spight. To gain a minutes rafte of such delight? Great spring of Light in whom there is no shade But what my interposed fins have made. Whose narrow melting fires admit no screen But what my own rebellions put between Their precious flames and my obdurate ear? Disperse this plague distilling clouds, and clear My mungy Soul into a glorious day; Transplant this screen, remove this bar away: Then, then my fluent Soul shall feel the fires Of thy fweet voice, and my disfolv'd defires Shall turn a fov'reign balsome, to make whole Those wounds my Sins inflicted on thy Soul.

S. AUGUST,

M

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S. AUGUST. Solilog. cap. 34.

what fire is this that so war meth my heart? What Light is this that so enlightneth my Soul? O fire, that always burneth, and never goest out, kindle me: O light, which ever shinest, and art never dirkned, illuminate me: O that I had my heat from thee, most holy fire! How sweetly dost thou burn? How secretly dost thou shine? How desiderably dost thou instame me?

BONAVENT. Stim. amoris cap. 8.

It maketh God man, and man God; things temporal, Eternal, Mortal, immortal; it maketh an Enemy a Friend; a Servant, a Son; vile things, glorious; cold bearts, fery; and hard things, liquid.

EPIG. 5.

My Soul thy gold is true, but full of dross; Thy Saviours breath refines thee with some loss: His gentle surface makes thee pure as true; Thou must be melted ere that cast anew.

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VI.



Whom have I'm heaven but thee es what desire Ion earth in respect of the Ps. 73

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VI.

VI.

PSALM 73. 25.

Whom have I in Heaven but thee? and what desire I on Earth in respect of thee.

1.

I Love (and have some cause to love:) the Earth:
She is my Makers creature; therefore good:
She is my Mother, for she gave me birth;
She is my tender Nurse; she gives me food;
But what's a Creature, Lord, compar'd with thee?
Or what's my Mother, or my Nurse to me?

2

I love the Air: her dainty sweets refresh
My drooping Soul, and to new sweets invite me;
Her shril-mouth'd quire sustain me with their slesh,
And with their Polyphonian notes delight me:
But what's the Air or all the sweets that she
Can bless my Soul withal, compar'd to thee?

3.

Ilove the Sea: She is my fellow-Creature,
My careful perveyour; the provides me ftore;
She walls the round; the makes my diet greater,
She wafts my treasure from a foreign shore:
But Lord of Oceans, when compar'd with thee,
What is the Ocean, or he wealth to me?

S 3

4

To Heav'ns high City I direct my journey,
Whose spangled suburbs entertain mine Eye;
Mine Eye, by contemplations great Atturney,
Transcends the crystal pavement of the skie:
But what is Heav'n, great God, compar'd to Thee?
Without thy presence Heav'n's no Heav'n to me.

5:

Without thy presence Earth gives no resection;
Without thy presence Sea affords no treasure;
Without thy presence Air's a rank insection;
Without thy presence Heav'n it self's no pleasure:
If not possess, if not enjoy'd in thee,
What's Earth, or Sea, or Air, or Heav'n to me?

6.

The highest honour, that the World can boast,

Are subjects far too low for my desire;

The brightest beams of glory are (at most)

But dying sparkles of thy living fire:

The loudest flames that Earth can kindle, be

But nightly Glow-worms if compar'd to thee.

7.

Without thy presence, Wealth are bags of cares; Wisson, but folly; Joy, disquiet sadness:

Friendship is treason, and Delights are snares; Without thee, Lord, things be not what they be,

Nor have they being, when compar'd with thee.

8.

In having all things, and not thee, what have I?

Not having thee, what have my labours got?

Let me enjoy but thee, what farther crave I?

And having thee alone, what have I not?

I wish nor Sea, nor Land; nor would I be

Possest of Heav'n, Heav'n unposses of thee.

BONAV.

BONAVENT. Soliloqu. Cap. 1.

Alas! my God, now I understand (but blush to confess) that the beauty of thy Creatures hath deceived mine Eyes, and I have not observed that thou art more amiable than all thy Creatures; to which thou hast communicated but one drop of thy inestimable beauty : for who hath adorned the Heavens with stars? who hath stored the Air with Fowl, the waters with Fish, the Earth with Plants and Flowers! But what are all these but a small spark af divine beauty.

S. CHRYS. Hom. 5. in Ep. ad Rom.

In having nothing I have all things, because I have Christ; Having therefore all things in him, I feek no other reward, for he is the univerfal reward.

EPIG. 6.

Who would not throw his better thoughts about him, And fcorn this drofs within him; that without him? Cast up (my Soul) thy clearer Eye; Behold, If thou be fully melted, there's the mold. VII.

VII.



Woe is me that I am constrained to dwell with Mesech: exto have my habitation among the tents of Keder. Bal: 120 4.

VIL

VII.

PSALM 120. 5.

Woe is to me, that I remain in Mesheck, and dwell in the tents of Kedar.

S Natures course diffolv'd? doth times glass stand? Or hath some frolick heart set back the hand Of Fates perpetual Clock? will't never strike? Is crazy Time grown lazy, faint or fick, With very Age? or hath that great Pair-royal Of Adamantine Sifters late made trial Of some new trade? shall mortal hearts grow old In forrow? shall my weary arms infold, And underprop my panting fides for ever? Is there no charitable hand will fever My well-spun thred, that my imprison'd Soul My be deliver'd from thus dull dark hole Of dungeon flesh? O shall I, shall I never Be ransom'd, but remain a slave for ever? It is the lot of man but once to die, But e're that death, how many deaths have I? What humane madness makes the World afraid To entertain Heav'ns joy, because convey'd By th' hand of Death? will nakedness refuse Rich change of Robes, because the man's not spruse That brought them? or will poverty fend back Full bags of Gold, because the bringers black? Life is a bubble, blown with whining breaths, Fill'd with the torment of a thousand Deaths;

Which

Which being prick'd by death (while death deprives One life) presents the Soul a thousand lives: O frantick mortal, how hath Earth bewitch'd Thy Bedlam Soul, which hath fo fondly pitch'd Upon her false delights! Delights that cease Before enjoyment finds a time to please: Her fickle joys breed doubtful fears; her fears Bring hopeful griefs; her griefs weeps fearful tears! Tears coyn deceitful hopes; hopes careful doubt, And furly passion justles passion out: To day we pamper with a full repast Of lavish mirth , at Night we weep as fast: To night we swim in wealth, and lend, to morrow, We fink in want, and find no friend to borrow, In what a climate doth my Soul refide? Where palefac'd murther, the first born of pride, Sets up her Kingdom in the very smiles, And plighted faiths of men like Crocodiles ; A land, where each embroyd'red fattin word Is lin'd with fraud; where Mars his lawless sword Exiles Astrea's balance; where that hand Now flayes his Brother, that new fow'd his land; O that my days of bondage would expire In this lewd foyl! Lord, how my Soul's on fire To be dissolv'd, that I might once obtain These long'd for joys, long'd for so oft in vain! If Moses like I may not live possest Of this fair land; Lord, let me see't at least.

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S. AUGUST.

S. AUGUST. Solilogu. Cap. 12.

My life is a frail life; a corruptible life; a life, which the more it increaseth, the more it decreaseth: The further it goeth, the nearer it cometh to Death. A deceitful life, and like a shadow full of the snares of Death: Now I rejoice, now I languish, now I stourish, now insirm, now I live, and straight I die; now I seem bappy, always miserable; now I laugh, now I weep: Thus all things are subject to mutability, that nothing continueth an hour in one estate: O joy above joy, exceeding all joy without which there is no joy, when shall I enter into thee, that I may see my God that dwelleth in thee.



EPIG. 7.

Art thou so weak? O canst thou not digest
An hour of travel for a Night of rest?
Chear up my Soul: call home thy sp'rits, and bear
One bad good-friday, sull mouth'd Easter's near.

ST.

VIII.

VII



O wretched Man that I am who Shall .

Adiver me from the body of this death

Remir. 14

VIII.

VIII.

ROMANS 7. 24.

0 wretched man that I am! who shall deliver me from the Body of this Death?

B Ehold thy darling, which thy luftful care
Pampers, for which thy reftless thoughts prepare Such early cares: for whom thy bubbling brow So often sweats, and bankrupt Eyes do ow Such midnight scores to nature, for whose sake Base Earth is sainted, the infernal lake Unfear'd, the Crown of glory poorly rated : Thy God neglected, and thy Brother hated: Behold thy darling, whom thy Soul affects So dearly; whom thy fond indulgence decks And puppers up in foft, in filken weeds: Behold thy darling, whom thy fondness feeds With far-ferch'd delicates, the dear bought gains Of ill-spent time, the price of half thy pains: Behold thy darling, who, when clad by thee, Derides thy nakedness; and when most free, Proclaims her lover flave; and being fed Most full, then strikes th' indulgent feeder dead, What mean'ft thou thus, my poor deluded Soul, To love fo fondly? Can the burning cole. Of thy affection last without the fuel Of counter-love? Is thy compeer so cruel, And thou so kind, to love unlov'd again? Caust thou sow favours, and thus reap disdain?

Remember ,

Remember, O remember, thou art born Of Royal Blood; remember thou art fworn A Maid of Honour in the Court of Heaven; Remember what a coftly price was given To ransome thee from flav'ry thou wert in ; And wilt thou now, my Soul, turn flave again? The Son and Heir to Heav'n's Tri-une JE HOVE. Would fain become a futer for thy love, And offers for thy dow'r his Fathers throne . To fit for Seraphims to gaze upon; He'l give thee Honour, Pleasure, Wealth, and Things Transcending far the Majesty of Kings: And wilt thou proftrate to the odious charms Of this base scullion? Shall his hollow arms Hug thy foft fides? Shall these course hands untie The facred Zone of thy virginity? For shame degen rous Soul, let thy defire Be quickned up with more heroick fire; Be wifely proud, let thy ambitious Eye Read nobler objects; let thy thoughts defie Such am'rous baseness; let thy Soul disdain Th' ignoble profers of so base a swain; Or if thy vows be past, and Hymens bands Have ceremonied your unequal hands, Annul, at least avoid, thy lawless act With insufficiency, or percontract: Or if the act be good, yet maift thou plead A fecond Freedom; of the flesh is dead.

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NAZIANZ. Orat. 16.

How I am joyn'd to this Body I know not; which when it is healthful, provoketh me to war, and being damaged by war, affecteth me with grief; which I bath love as a fellow fervant, and hate as an utter Enemy: It is a pleasant foe, and a perfidious friend. O strange conjunction and alienation: what I fear I embrace, and what I love I am afraid of? before I make war, I am reconciled; before I enjoy peace I am at variance.

EPIG. 8.

What need that House be daub'd with Flesh and Blood? Hang'd round with filks and gold? repair'd with food? Cost idly spent! That cost doth but prolong Thy thraldome. Fool, thou mak'ft thy jail too strong.

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IX.



I am in a Streight betwixt two haveing a desire to De part & to be not Christ.

IX.

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IX.

PHILIPPIANS 1. 23.

I am in a straight between two, having a desire to be dissolved, and to be with Christ.

i.

HAT meant our careful parents so to wear;
And lavish out their ill extended hours;
To purchase for us large possessions here;
Which (though unpurchas'd) are too truly ours?
What meant they, ah, what meant they to endure Such loads of needless Labour, to procure
And make that thing our own, which was our own too sure.

2.

What mean these liv'ries and possessive keyes?

What mean these bargains, and these needless sales?

What need these jealous, these suspicious ways

Of law-devis'd, and law-dissolv'd entails?

No need to sweat for gold, wherewith to buy

Estates of high-priz'd land; no need to the

Earth to their heirs, were they but clogg'd with Earth, as 1.

3.

O were their Souls but clogg'd with Earth, as I,

They would not purchase with so salt an itch;

They would not take of alms, what now they buy?

Nor call him happy, whom the World counts rich;

They would not take such pains, project and prog,

To charge their shoulders with so great a log:

Who hath the greater lands, hath but the greater clog.

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I cannot do an act which Earth disdains not;
I cannot think a thought which Earth corrupts not;
I cannot speak a word which Earth profanes not
I cannot make a vow Earth interprets not:
If I but offer up an early groan,
Or spread my wings to Heav'ns long-long'd for throne,
She darkens my complaints, and draggs my offering down.

5.

Ev'n like the hawk, (whose keepers wary hands
Have made a pris'ner to her wethring stock)
Forgetting quite the pow'r of her fast bands,
Makes a rank bate from her forsaken block,
But her roo salthful leash doth soon retain
Her broken slight, attempted oft in vain;
It gives her loins a twich, and tuggs her back again.

6.

So, when my Soul directs her better Eye
To Heav'ns bright Palace (where my treasure lies)
I spread my willing wings, but cannot flie,
Earth hales me down, I cannot, cannot rise:
When I but strive to mount the least degree,
Earth gives a jerk, and soils me on my knee;
Lord, how my Soul is rack'd betwixt the World and thee!

7.

Great God, I spread my seeble wings in vain?
In vain I offer my extended hands:
I cannot mount till thou unlink my chain:
I cannot come till thou release my bands:
Which if thou please to break, and then supply
My wings with Spirit, th' Eagle shall not flie
A pitch that's half so fair, nor half so swift as I.

BONAVENT

ne,

BONAVENT. Solilog. Cap. 1.

Ab sweet Jesus, pierce the marrow of my Soul with the healthful shades of thy love, that it may truly burn and melt and languish with the only desire of thee; that it may desire to be dissolved, and to be with thee: Let it hunger alone for the bread of life: let it thirst after thee, the spring and fountain of eternal light, the stream of true pleasure: let it always distrethee, seek thee, and find thee, and sweetly rest in thee.

EPIG. 9.

What, will thy shackles neither loose nor break? Are they too strong, or is thy arm too weak? Art will prevail where knotty strength denies; My Soul, there's Aqua sortis in thine Eyes.

Ta

X



Bring my foule out of Prison that I may praise thy Name : Pr 142.7 will simplen fails ?

7

X.

PSALM 142. 7.

Bring my Soul out of Prison, that I may praise thy Name,

A Y Soul is like a Bird, my flesh the cage, Wherein she wears her weary pilgrimage Of hours, as few as evil, daily fed With facred Wine, and Sacramental Bread; The keyes that lock her in, and let her out, are Birth and Death; 'twixt both she hops about from pearch to pearch, from sense to reason; then from higher reason down to sense again: from sense she climbs to Faith; where for a season he firs and Sings; then down again to reason: from reason back to Faith, and straight from thence he rudely flutters to the perch of sense: from sense to hope; then hops from hope to doubt, from doubt to dull despair; there seeks about or desp'rate Freedom, and at ev'ry grate, he wildly thrusts, and beggs th' untimely date the unexpired thraldom, to release h'afflicted captive, that can find no peace. hus am I coop'd within this fleshly cage wear my youth, and wast my weary Age, ending that breath which was ordain'd to chaunt arins praises forth, in fighs and sad complaint: hillt happier birds can spread their nimble wing om shrubs to Ced. r., and there chirp and fing. X.

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In choice of raptures, harmonious flory Of mans Redemption, and his Makers glory: You glorious Martyrs, you illustrious stoops, That once were cloyfter'd in your fleshly coops, As fast as I, what rhet'rick had your tongues? What dextrous Art had your Elegiack fongs? What Paul-like pow'r had your admir'd devotion What shackle-breaking Faith infus'd such motion To your strong Prayer, that could obtain the boon To be enlarg'd; to be uncag'd so soon? When I, poor I, can fing my daily tears, Grown old in bondage, and can find no Ears: You great partakers of Eternal glory, That with your Heav'n-prevailing Oratory, Releas'd your Souls from your terrestrial cage, Permit the paffion of my holy rage To recommend my forrows, dearly known To you, in days of old, and once your own, To your best thoughts, (but oh't doth not besit ve To move your Pray'rs: you love joy, not pitie:) Great Lord of Souls to whom should pris ners flie, But thee? Thou hadft thy cage, as well as I; And for my fake, thy pleasure was to know The forrows that it brought, and feltst them too; O fer me free, and I will spend those days, Which now I waste in begging, in thy praise.

ANSELM.

ANSELM. in Protolog. cap. r.

O miserable condition of mankind, that has lost that for which he was created! Alas, what hath he lost? And what hath he sound? He hath lost happiness for which he was made, and found misery for which he was not made: What is gone? And what is lest? That thing is gone, without which he is unhappy? That thing is lest, by which he is miserable: O wretched men? From whence are we expelled? To what are we impelled? Whence are we thrown? And whither are we hurried? From our home into banishment; from the sight of God into our own blindness; from the pleasure of immortality to the bitterness of death: miserable change! From how great i good, to how great an evil? Ah me, what have I enterprised? What have I done? Whither did I go? Whither am I come?



EPIG. 10.

Paul's midnight-voice prevail'd; his muficks thunder: Unhing'd the prison-doors, split bolts in sunder: And sitt'st thou here, and hang'st the feeble wing? And whin'st to be enlarg'd? Soul, learn to Sing.

T 4



As the Hart panteth after y Water brooks for pantith my foule after thee of Lord Pf: 42.1

DFTG. 10.

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PSALM 24. 2.

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As the Hart panteth after the mater-brooks; so panteth my Soul after thee, O God.

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How shall my tongue express that hallow'd fire
Which Heav'n hath kindled in my ravish'd heart?
What Muse shall I invoke, that will inspire
My lowly quill to act a lotty part!
What Art shall I devise t' express defire,
Too intricate to be express'd by Art!
Let all the Nine be filent; I resule
Their aid in this high task, for they abuse
The flames of love too much: affist me, Davids Muse.

2.

Not as the thirsty soil defires soft show'rs

To quicken and refresh her Embryon grain;

Nor as the drooping cress of fading flow'rs

Request the bounty of a morning rain,

Do I defire my God: these in sew Hours,

Re-wish what late their wishes did obtain,

But as the swift-soot Hart doth wounded slie

To th' much defired streams, even to do I

Pantaster thee, my God, whom I must find, or die.

Before

Pelore

3.

Before a pack of deep-mouth'd lusts I flee;
O, they have singled out my panting heart,
And wanton cupid, sitting in a Tree,
Hath piere'd my bosome with a flaming dart;
My Soul being spent, for refuge seeks to thee,
But cannot find where thou my refuge art:
Like as the swift-soot Hart doth wounded slie
To the desired streams, ev'n so do I
Pant after thee, my God, whom I must find, or die.

4.

At length by flight, I over-went the pack;
Thou drew'lt the wanton dart from out my wound
The Blood that follow'd, left a purple track,
Which brought a Serpent, but in shape a Hound:
We strove, he bit me; but thou brak'st his back,
I left him grov'ling on th' envenom'd ground;
But as the Serpent-bitten Hart doth slie
To the long-long'd for streams, ev'n so did I
Pant after thee, my God, whom I must find, or die.

5.

If Lust should chase my Soul, made swift by fright,
Thou are the stream, whereto my Soul is bound:
Or if a Jav'lin wound my sides in slight,
Thou are the Balsom that must cure my wound,
If Poyson chance t'insest my Soul in sight,
Thou are the Treacle that must make me sound:
Ev'n as the wounded Hart, embost, doth slie
To th' streams extremely long'd for, so do I
Pant after thee, my God, whom I must find, or die.

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CYRIL. lib. 5. in Joh. cap. 10.

O precious Water, which quencheth the noysom thirst of this World, scoureth all the stains of Sinners, that watereth the Earth of our Souls with heavenly showers, and bringeth back the thirsty heart of man to his only God!

S. A UGUST. Solilog. 35.

O fountain of life, and vein of living waters, when shall I leave this for saken, impassible, and dry Earth, and taste the waters of thy sweetness, that I may behold thy virtue and thy grory, and slake my thirst with the streams of thy Mercy; Lord, I thirst: Thou art the spring of life, satisfieme; I thirst Lord, I thirst after thee the living God!



EPIG. II.

The arrow smitten Hart, deep wounded, slies To th' springs with Water in his weeping Eyes: Heav'n is thy spring: If Satans siery dart Pierce thy faint sides; do so, my wounded Heart.

XII.

XII.



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XII.

PSA L M 42. 2.

When shall I come and appear before God?

With holy fire? What boots it to be coyn'd With Heavens own stamp? What vantage can there be To Souls of Heav'n descended pedigree, More, than to beafts that grovel? Are not they Fed by th' Almighties hand? And ev'ry day, Fill'd with his bleffing too? Do they not fee God in his Creatures, as direct as we? Do they not tafte thee? Hear thee? may, what fense Is not partaker of thine excellence? What more do we? Alas, what ferves our reason. But, like dark Lanthorns, to accomplish treason With greater closeness? It affords no Light, Brings thee no nearer to our pur-blind fight : No pleasure rises up the least degree, Great God , but in the clearer view of thee: What priv'ledge more than sense hath reason then? What vantage is it to be born, a man? How often hath my patience built, dear Lord, Vain towrs of hope upon thy gracious Word? How often hath thy Hope-reviving Grace Woo'd my suspicious Eyes to seek thy face ? How often have I fought thee? O how long Hath expectation taught my perfect rongue Repeated pray'rs, yet pray'rs could ne'r obtain; In vain I feek thee, and I beg in vain:

If it be high presumption to behold Thy face, why didft thou make mine Eyes fo bold To feek it? If that object be too bright For mans aspect why did thy lips invite Mine Eye t'expect it? If it might be feen, Why is this envious curtain drawn between My darkhed Eye and it? O tell me, why Thou dost command the thing thou dost deny? Why dost thou give me so unpriz'd a treasure, And then deny'ft my greedy oul the pleasure, To view thy gift: Alas, alas that gift is void, And is no gift, that may not be enjoy'd: If those refulgent beams Heavens great Light Gild not the day, what is the day, but Night? The drouzy shepherd sleeps; flowers droop and fade; The birds are fullen, and the beaft is fad: But if bright Titan dart his golden ray, And, with his riches, glorifie the day, The jolly shepherd pipes; flowers freshly spring; The beafts grow gamesome, and the birds they Sing. Thou art my Sun, great God: O when shall I View the full beams of thy Meridian Eye? Draw, draw this fleshly curtain, that denies The gracious presence of thy glorious Eyes; Or give me Faith; and by the Eye of grace, I shall behold thee, though not face to face.

S. AUGUST.

Behi But Thy

S. AUGUST. in Pfal. 39.

Who created all things is better than all things; who beautified all things is more beautiful than all things: who made frength is fironger than all things: who made great things is greater than all things: Whatsoever thou lovest, he is that to thee: Learn to love the workman in his work, the Creatour in his creature: Let not that which was made by him possess thee, lest thou lose him by whom thy self was made.

S. AUGUST. Med. cap. 37.

O thou most sweet, most gracious, most amiable, most fair, when shall I see thee? When shall I be satisfied with thy beauty? When wilt thou lead me from this dark dungeon, that I may consess thy name.

EPIG. 12.

How are thou shaded in this veil of Night, Behind thy curtain slesh? thou sees no Light, But what thy pride doth challenge, as her own; Thy slesh is high: Soul, take this curtain down.

XIII.

XIII.



Oh VI had y Wings of a Dove for then I would fly away and beat reft PJ: 35: 8.

EFF G. 125.

How in then thadeo to this veil of teletin befind thy curtain fields? thou field no thing the what thy pride doth challenge, as her own,

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XIII.

PSALM 55. 6.

0 that I had the wings of a Dove, for then I would flie away and be at rest!

T.

A N D am I fworn a dunghil-flave for ever
To Earths base drudg'ry? shall I never find
A Night of rest? Shall my indentures never
Be cancell'd? did injurious Nature bind
My Soul Earths prentice, with no clause to leave her?
No day of Freedom: must I ever grind?
O that I had the pinions of a Dove,
That I might quit my bands and soar above,
And pour my just complaints before the great Jehove!

2.

How happy are the Doves, that have the pow'r,
When ere they please, to spread their airy wings!
Or cloud-dividing Eagles, that can towre
Above the scent of these inseriour things!
How happy is the Lark, that ev'ry hour
Leaves Earth, and then for joy mounts up and sings!
Had my dull Soul but wings as well as they,
How I would spring from Earth, and clip away!
As wise Asrea did, and scorn this ball of clay:

oft

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3.

O how my Soul would spurn this ball of clay,
And loath the dainties of Earths painful pleasure?
O how I'de laugh to see men Night and Day
Turmoi! to gain that trash, they call their treasure!
O how I'de smile to see what plots they lay
To carch a blast, or own a smile from Casar!
Had I the pinions of a mounting Dove,
How I would soar and sing, and hate the love
Of transitory toys, and seed on joys above!

4

There should I find that everlasting pleasure, (not;
Which change removes not, and which chance prevens
There should I find that everlasting treasure,
Which force deprives not, fortune disaugments not;
There should I find that everlasting Casar,
Whose hand recalls not, and whose heart repents not;
Had I the pinions of a clipping Dove,
How I would climb the skies, and hate the love
Of transitory toys, and joy in things above!

5

No rank mouth'd flander there shall give offence,
Or blast our blooming names, as here they do;
No liver-scalding lust shall there incense
Our boiling veins. There is no Cupid's bow;
Lord, give my Soul the Milk-white innocence
Of Doves, and I shall have their pinions too:
Had I the pinions of a sprightly Dove,
How I would quit this Earth, and soar above
And Heav'ns blest Kingdom find, with Heav'ns blest King
(Jehove.

V.

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T.

S. AUGUST. in Pfal. 138.

What wings should I defire, but the two precepts of love, on which the Law, and the Prophets depend! O if I could obtain this wings, I could fly from thy face to thy face, from the face of thy Justice to the face of thy Mercy: Let us find those wings in love, which we have lost by lust.

S. AUGUST. in Pfal. 76.

Let us cast off whatsoever hindereth, entangleth, or burlineth our flight, until we attain that which satisfieth; beund which, nothing is; beneath which, all things are; of which all things are:

EPIG. 13.

Tell me, my wishing Soul, did'ft ever trie How fast the wings of red-crost Faith can flie? Why begg'ft thou then the pinions of a Dove? Faiths wings are swifter, but the swiftest love.

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XIV.

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XIV.



Horo amiable are the Tabernacles O Lord of Hosts my Soule longeth, yea even faint the forthe courts of the Lord: Ps: 84:1

that, the winding Soul Fold of the enter that the wings of red-cool Faith can the health the liber wheap's that then the pinions of a Dove the wines are failer, but the free free 3 love.

XIV.

XIV.

PSALM 84. I.

How amiable are thy tabernacles, O God of Hosts!

A Ntient of dayes to whom all times are Now, Before whose Glory Seraphims do bow Their blushing cheeks, and veil their blemish'd faces, That uncontain'd, at once doth fill all places; How glorious, O how far beyond the height Of puz'led quills, or the obtuse conceit of Flesh and Blood, or the too flat reports of mortal tongues are thy expresses courts Whose glory to paint forth with greater Art, wish my fancy, and inspire my heart; Excuse my bold attempt, and pardon me for shewing sense, what Faith alone should see. Ten thousand Millions, and ten thousand more of Angel measured leagues, from th' Eastern shore of dungeon-earth this glorious Palace stands, lefore whose pearly gares ten thousand bands of armed Angels wait to entertain Those purged Souls, for which the Lamb was flain: Whose guiltless Death and voluntary yielding If whose given life, gave the brave court her building: The luke-warm Blood of this dear Lamb being spilt; Torubies turn'd whereof her posts were built; and what dropp'd down in a kind gelid gore, urn rich Sapphires, and did pave her floor:

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The brighter flames, that from his Eye balls ray'd . Grew Chrysolites, whereof her walls were made: The milder glances sparkled on the ground, And groundfild every door with Diamond; But dying, darted upwards, and did fix A battlement of purest Sardonyx. Her ffreers with burnish'd gold are paved round, Stars ly like pebbles scatt'red on the ground: Pearl mixt with Onyx; and the Jasper stone, Made gravell'd cause-ways to be trampled on. There shines no Sun by day no Moon by Night, The Palace glory is the Palace Light: There is no time to measure motion by There Time is swallow'd with Eternity: Wry-mouth'd Disdain, and corner hunting Lust, And twy-fac'd Fraud, and beetle-brow'd Diffrust, Soul-boyling Rage, and trouble state Sedition. And giddy Doubt, and goggle-ey'd Suspition, And lumpish Sorrow, and degen'rous Fear Are banish'd thence, and Death's a stranger there: But fimple Love, and fempiternal Joys Whose sweetness neither gluts nor fulness cloys; Where face to face our ravish'd Eye shall see Great ELOHIM, that glorious One in Three, And Three in One, and seeing him shall bless him, And bleffing, love him, and in love possess him, Here flay my Soul and ravish in Relation: Thy words being spent, spend now in contemplation.

S. GREG.

G.

S. GREG. in pfal. 7. pœnitent.

Sweet Jesus, the word of the Father, the brightness of patural glory, whom Angels delight to view, teach me to do thy will; that led by the good Spirit, I may come to that blessed City, where day is Eternal, where there is certain security, and secure eternity, and Eternal peace, and peaceful bappiness, and bappy sweetness, and sweet pleasure; where thou, O God, with the Father and the boly Spirit livest and nignest world without end.

Ibidem.

There is Light without darkness; joy without grief; desire without punishment; Love without sadness; satiety without loathing; safety without Fear; health without disease; and life without Death.



EPI G. 14.

My Soul, pry not too nearly; the complexion

Of Sols bright face is feen but by reflexion:

But would'ft thou know what's Heav'n? I'l tell thee what,

Think, what thou canst not think, and Heav'n is that.

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XV.



Make hast my beloved and be thou like to a Roe or to a young Hart upon y Mount: taines of Spices Cant: 8: 14.

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would'it should grow where Heav'n? I'l tell thee what

X V.

CANTICLES 8. 14.

Make hast, my Beloved, and be like the Roe, or the young Hart upon the mountains of Spices.

O, gentle ryrant, go; thy flames do pierce
My Soul to deep; thy flames are too too fierce;
My marrow melts, my fainting Spirits fry
I'th' torrid Zone of thy Meridian Eye:
Away, away, thy sweets are too persuming:
Turn, turn thy face, thy fires are too consuming:
Hast hence, and let thy winged steps our go

The frighted Ro-buck, and this flying Ro.
But wilt thou leave me then? O thou that are
Life of my Soul, Soul of my dying heart,
Without the sweet aspect of whose fair Eyes?
My Soul doth languish, and her solace dies,
Art thou so easily woo'd? so apt to hear
The frantick language of my soolish sear?

Leave, leave me not, nor turn thy beauty from me;
Look, look upon me, though thine eyes o'recome me.
O how they wound! but how my wounds content me!
How sweetly these delightful pains torment me!
How I am tortur'd in excessive measure
Of pleasing cruelties too cruel pleasure!
Turn, turn away, remove thy scorching beams;
I languish with these bitter-sweet extremes:

Hast then and let thy winged steps out go
The fling Ro-buck, and his frighted Ro.
Turn back, my dear; O let my ravish'd Eye
Once more behold thy face before thou sly;
What shall we part without a mutual kis?
O who can leave so sweet a face as this?
Look full upon me; for my Soul desires
To turn a holy Martyr in those fires:

O leave me not, nor turn thy beauty from me;
Look, look upon me, though thy flames o'recome me.
If thou becloud the Sun-shine of thy Eye,
I freeze to Death, and if it shine, I fry;
Which like a feaver, that my Soul hath got,
Makes me to burn too cold, or freeze too hot:
Alas, I cannot bear so sweet a smart,
Nor canst thou be less glorious, than thou art.

Hast then and let thy winged steps out-go
The frighted Ro-buck, and this flying Ro.
But go not far beyond the reach of breath;
Too large a distance makes another Death:
My youth is in her spring; Autumnal vows
Will make me Riper for so sweet a Spouse,
When after-times have burnish'd my desire,
I'l shoot thee slames for slames, and fire for fire.
O leave me not, nor turn thy beauty from me;

O leave me not, nor turn thy beauty from me; Look, look upon me, though thy flames o'recome me.

Tura nen awaya rente.

Autor scalæ Paradisi. Tom. 9. Aug. cap. 8.

Fear not, O Bride, nor despair; think not thy self contemned, if thy Bridegroom withdraw his face awhile: all things cooperate for the best: both from his absence, and his presence thou gainest Light: He cometh to thee, and he goeth from thee: He cometh to make thee consolate; he goeth, to make thee cautious, less thy abundant consolation puss thee content, that thy languishing Soul may be comforted; he goeth, less samiliarity should be contemned; and being absent to be more desired; and being desired, to be more earnessly sought: and being long sought, to be more acceptably sound.



EPIG. 15.

My Soul Sins Monster, whom with greater ease Ten thousand fold, thy God could make than please; What would'st thou have? nor pleas'd with Sun, nor shade? Heav'n knows not what to make of what he made.

THE



Fidelag Cormat and aras

THE

FAREWEL.

REVELATION 2. 10.

Be thou faithful unto Death, and I will give thee the Crown of Life.

Believe: 'tis easie to believe; but what?

Believe: 'tis easie to believe; but what?

That he whom thy hard heart hath wounded,
And whom thy scorn hath spit upon,
Hath paid thy fine, and hath compounded
For these foul deeds thy hands have done:
Believe, that he whose gentle palms
Thy needle-pointed sins have nail'd,
Hath born thy slavish load (of alms)
And made supply where thou hast fail'd:

Did ever mis'ry find so strange relief?

It is a love too strange for mans belief.

Believe that he, whose side
Thy crimes have pierc'd with their rebellions, di'd,
To save thy guilty Soul from dying
Ten thousand horrid deaths, from whence
There was no scape, there was no slying,
But through his dearest Bloods expence:
Believe, this dying Friend requires
No other thanks for all his pain,
But ev'n the truth of weak defires,
And for his love, but love again:
Did ever mis'ry find so true a Friend?
It is a love too vast to comprehend.

Book V.

3

With floods of tears baptize

And drench these dry, these unregen'rate Eyes;

Lord, whet my dull my blunt belief,

And break this slessly rock in sunder,

That from this Heart, this Hell of grief,

May spring a Heave'n of love and wonder:

O if thy Mercies will remove

And melt this lead from my belief,

My grief will then refine my love,

My love will then refresh my grief:

Then weep mine Eyes as he hath bled; vouchsafe

To drop for every drop an Epitaph.

4.

But is the Crown of Glory

The wages of a lamentable ftory?

Or can so great a purchase rise

From a salt humour? can mine Eye

Run fast enough t' obtain this prize?

If so, Lord, who's so mad to die?

Thy tears are trifles; thou must do:

Alas, I cannot then endeavour:

I will! but will a tug or two

Suffice the turn? thou must persever:

I'l strive till Death; and shall my seeble strife

Ee crown'd? I'l Crown it with a Crown of life.

5

But is there such a dearth

That thou must buy, what is thy due by birth?

He whom thy hands did form of dust

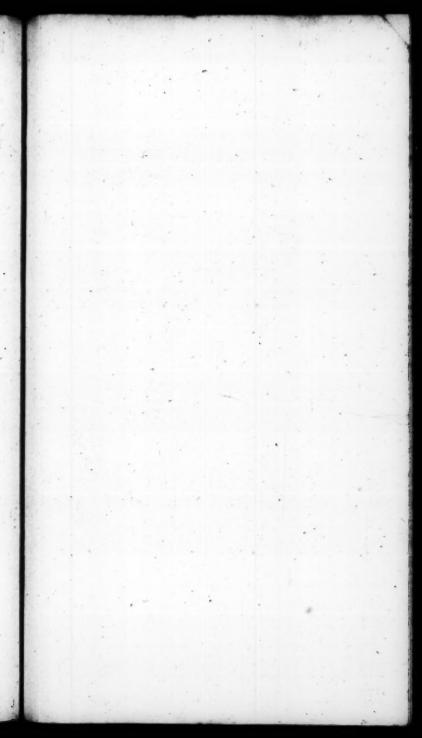
And gave him breath upon condition;

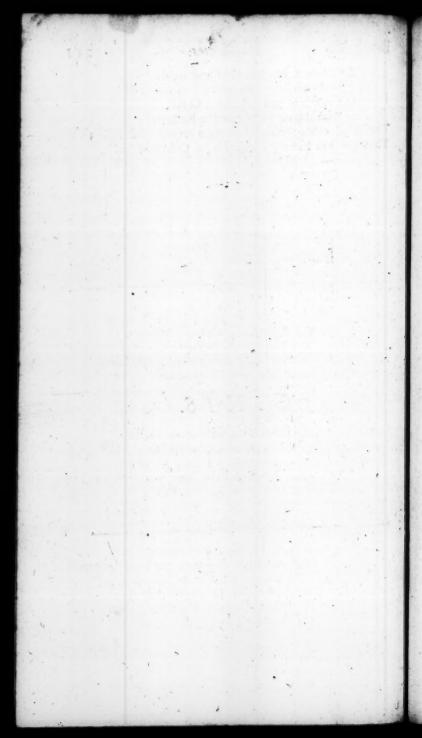
To love his great Creatour, must

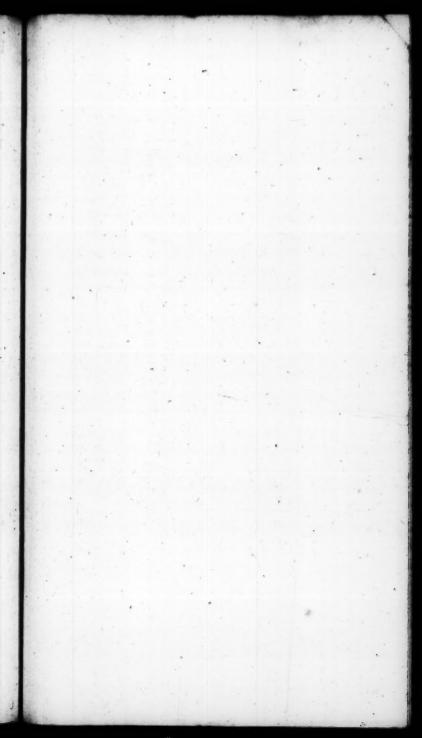
He now be thise by composition?

Art thou a gracious God and mild,
Or head-strong man rebellious rather?
O, man's a base rebellious Child,
And thou a very gracious Farher;
The gift is thine; we strive thou crown'st our strife;
Thou giv st us Fairh; and Faith, a Crown of life.

FINIS.

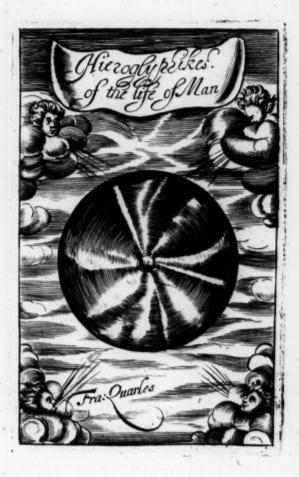


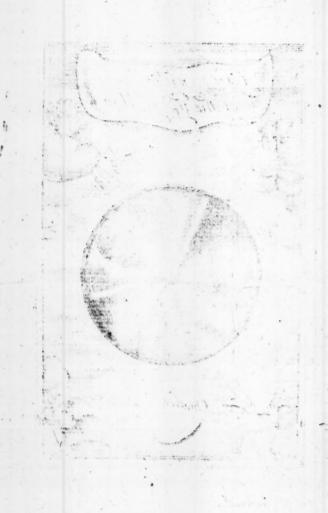




The mind of the Frontispiece.

This Bubble's Man: Hope, Fear, false Joy and Trouble, Are those four Winds which daily toss this Bubble.





Bo

P



To the Right Honourable

Both in BLOOD and VIRTUE, and most accomplish Lady

MARY,

COUNTESS of DORSET,
Lady Governess to the most
Illustrious

CHARLES,

PRINCE of Great BRITAIN, and

JAMES,

DUKE of YORK.

Excellent Lady

I Present these Tapours to burn under the safe protection of your Honourable Name: where, I presume, they stand secure from the Damps of Ignorance, and Blasts of X 4 Censure,

The Epistle Dedicatory.

Censure, It is a small part of that ibundant service which my thankful heart owth your incomparable goodness. Be pleased to honour it with your noble Acceptance, which shall be nothing but what your own esteem shall make it.

MADAM,

Your Ladiships most

humble Servant,

FRA. QUARLES.

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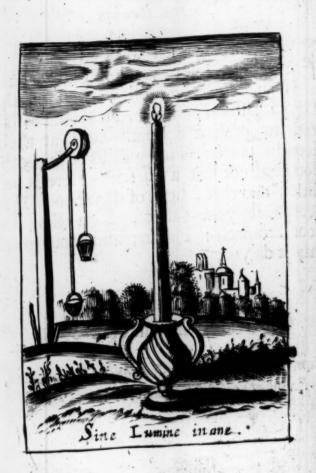
To the Reader.

If you are fatisfied with my Emblems, I here fet before you a fecond Service. It is an Ægyptian dish, drest on the English fashion: They, at their Feasts, used to present a Deaths-head at their second Course: This will serve for both. You need not fear a surfeit: Here is but little; and that, light of digestion: If it but please your Palate, I question not your Stomach: Fall to; and much good may it do you.

Convivio addit Minerval. E. B.

Rem, Regem, Regimen, Regionem, Religionem, Exornat, celebrat, laudat, honorat, amat.

Hieroglyph. I.



PSALM I. 5.

chold I was shapen in iniquity, and in Sin did my Mother conceive me.

An is mans A. B. C. There is none that can Read God aright, unless he first spell Man: in is the stairs, whereby his knowledge climbs, his Creatour, though it oftenrimes ambles for want of Light, and fometimes trips r want of careful heed; and fomerimes flips brough unadvised hast; and when at length weary steps have reach'd the rop, his strength falls to fland; his giddy brains turn round, d Phaeton-like, falls headlong to the ground: hese stairs are often dark, and full of danger him, whom want of practice makes a stranger, o this blind way: the Lamps of nature lends ta falle Light; and Lights to her own ends: hele be the ways to Heaven, thele paths require Light that springs from that Diviner fire, hole humane Soul-enlightning Sun beams dart brough the bright crannies of th'immortal part. And here, thou great Original of Light, Whose errour-chasing beams do unbenight The very Soul of darkness, and untwift The clouds of ignorance, do thou affift My feeble quill; reflect thy facred rayes Upon these lines, that they may light the ways That lead to thee; so guide my heart, my hand, That I may do what others understand. Let my heart practife what my hand shall write; Till then, I am a Tapour wanting Light:

This golden Precept, Know thy felf, came down From Heavn's high Court: It was an Art unknown To flesh and Blood, The men of Nature took Great journeys in it: their dim Eyes did look But through a mift, like Pilgrims they did spend Their idle steps, but know no journeys end. The way to knew thy felf, is first to cast The frail beginning, Progress, and the laft: This is the Sum of Man : But now return And view this rapour standing in this Urn. Behold her substance fordid and impure, Useles and vain; and (wanting light) obscure: "Tis bur a span at longest, nor can last Beyond that fpan; ordain'd and made to wast: Ewh such was Man (before his Soul gave light To his vile substance) a meer child of night; Ere he had life, estated in his Urn, And marke for Death; by nature, born to burn: Thus liveles, lightless, worthless first began That glorious that perfumptuous thing call'd Man.

S. AUGUST.

consider, O man, what thou wert before thy birth, and hat thou art from thy birth to thy Death, and what thou stead after Death: Thou wert made of an impure substance, clothed inourished in thy Mothers Blood.

EGIP. I.

and, fond Tapour: what thou feek'st, is fire; wandestruction's lodg'd in thy defire.

That are far more safe than their supply:

The begins to live, begins to die.

Hieroglyph. II.



GENESIS 1. 3.

And God said, Let there be Light; and there was Light.

I.

This flame expecting tapour hath at length
Received fire, and now begins to burn:
It hath no vigour yet, it hath no ftrength;
Apr to be puft and quencht at every turn:
It was a gracious hand that thus endow'd
This fnuff with flame: But mark this hand doth shroud
It self from mortal Eyes, and fold it in a cloud.

2.

Thus man begins to live. An unknown flame
Quickens his finisht Organs, now possest
With motion; and which motion doth proclaim
An active Soul, though in a feeble breast:
But how, and when infus'd ask not my pen;
Here slies a cloud before the Eyes of men:
I cannot tell thee how, nor canst thou tell me when.

3

Was it a parcel of Celestial fire
Infus'd by Heav'n into this fleshly mold?
Or was it (think you) made a Soul entire?
Then, Was it new created? Or of old?
Or is't a propagated Spark, rak'd out
From Natures embers? While we go about,
Byreason to resolve, the more we raise a doubt.

If it be part of that celestial Flame, It muit be ev'n as pure, as free fro in spot As that eternal Fountain whence it came: If pure and tpotless, then whence came the blot? It felf being pure could not it felf defile; Nor hath unactive matter pow'r to foil Her pure and active form, as Jarrs corrupt their Oyl.

Or if it were created, tell me when? If in the first fix Dayes, where kept till now? Or if the Soul were new created, then Heav'n did not at all, at first, he had to do: Six Days expired, all creation ceast; All kinds, ev'n from the greatest to the least, Were finisht and complete before the day of rest.

But why should Man, the Lord of Creatures, want That priviledge which Plants and Beafts obtain? Beafts bring forth Beafts, the Plant a perfect Plant; And ev'ry like brings forth her like again : Shall Fowls and Fishes, Beafts and Plants convey Life to their iffue, and Man less than they? Shall these get living Souls? and Man dead lumps of clay?

Must humane Souls be generated then? My water ebbs; behold, a Rock is nigh: If Natures work produce the Souls of men, Mans Soul is mortal: All that's born must die, What shall we then conclude? What sun-shine will Disperse this gloomy cloud? till then, be still, My vainly striving thoughts; lie down, my puzled quill.

ISIDOR.

ISIDOR.

Why dost thou wonder, O man, at the beight of the Stars, or the depth of the Sea? Enter into thine own Soul, and wonder there.

Thy Soul by creation is insused, by insusion, created.



EPIG. 2.

What are thou now the better by this flame?
Thou know'st not how, nor when, nor whence it came:
Poor kind of happiness, that can return
No more account but this, to say, 1 butn.

Hieroglyph. III.



2 D193

of but the, to tay, I gwe.

now'n eer sow, norwhen, aor when na sa b'ypjuets, that cop cearn

formalistic very product to the win to the

PSALM 103. 16.

The wind passeth over it, and it is gone.

No fooner is this lighted Taper fet Upon the transitory stage Of Eye-bedarking Night, But it is straight subjected to the threat Of envious winds, whose wastful rage Diffurbs her peaceful Light, And makes her substance wast, and makes her stame less

No fooner are we born, no fooner come To take possession of this vast, This Soul afflicting Earth, But danger meets us at the very womb,

And forrow with her full mouth'd blaft Salutes our painful birth,

To put out all our joyes, and puff our all our mirth.

Nor infant innocence, nor childish tears, Nor youthful wit, nor manly power,

Nor politick old Age, Nor virgins pleading, nor the widows Prayers,

Nor lowly cell, nor lofty tower, Nor Prince, nor Peer, nor Page

Can scape this common blaft, or curb her stormy rage.

Our life is but a Pilgrimage of blafts, And every blaft brings forth a fear; And every fear, a Death;

The more it lengthens, ah, the more it wastes:

Were, were we to continue here The dayes of long liv'd Seth,

Our forrows would renew, as we renew our breath,

5

Tost to and fro, our frighted thoughts are driv'n
With every pust, with every tide
Of self-consuming care;
Our peaceful flame, that would point up to Heav'n,
Is still disturb'd, and turn'd aside;
And every blast of Air
Commits such waste in man as man cannot repair.

6.

W' are all born debters, and we firmly stand
Oblig'd for our first parents debt,
Besides our interest;
Alas! we have no harmless counter-band,
And we are every hour beset
With threatnings of arrest,
And till we pay the debt we can expect no rest.

7.

What may this forrow-shaken life present
To the false relish of our tast
That's worth the name of sweet?
Her minutes pleasur's choak'd with discontent:
Her glory foil'd with every blast;
How many dangers meet
Poor man betwixt the biggin and the winding sheet.

S. AUGUST.

D

S. AUGUST.

In this world, not to be grieved, not to be afflicted, not to be in danger, is impossible.

Ibidem.

Behold, the World is full of trouble, yet beloved: What if is were a pleasing World? How wouldst thou delight in her calms, that canst so well endure her Storms.

EPIG. 3.

Art thou consum'd with Soul-afflicting crosses?

Difturb'd with grief? annoy'd with worldly losses?

Bold up thy head; the Tapour listed hie

Will brook the Wind, when lower Tapours die.



Curando Labascit. 334

. with ward concerd a februardily to Fig. to water the Tapair blowd: Tapair dis-

MATTHEW 9. 12.

The whole need not the physician,

Lways pruning, always cropping?
Is her brightness still obscur'd?
Ever dressing, ever topping?
Always curing, never cur'd?
Too much snuffing makes a waste;
When the Spirits spend too sast,
They will shrink at ev'ry blast.

You that always are bestowing
Costly pains in life repairing,
Are but alwayes overthrowing
Natures work by overcaring:
Nature meeting with her so,
In a work she hath to do,
Takes a pride to over throw.

Nature knows her own perfection,
And her pride disdains a tutour,
Cannot stoop to Arts correction,
And she scores a co-adjutor.
Saucy Art should not appear
Till she whisper in her Ear:
Hagar slees, if Sara bear.

Nature worketh for the better,

If not hindred that she cannot;

Art stands by as her abetter,

Ending nothing she began not;

If distemper chance to seise

Nature foil'd with the disease,

Art may help her if she please.

But

5

But to make a trade of trying
Druggs and doses always pruning,
Is to die for fear of dying;
He's untun'd, that's always tuning.
He that often loves to lack
Dear bought drugs hath found a knack
To foyl the man, and feed the Quack.

6.

O the fad, the frail condition
Of the pride of Natures glory!
How infirm his composition,
And at best how transitory!
When this riot doth impair
Natures weakness, then his care
Adds more ruine by repair.

8.

Hold thy hand, healths dear maintainer,
Life perchance may burn the stronger:
Having substance to sustain her,
She untouch'd, may last the longer?
When the Artist goes about,
To redress her stame, I doubt,
Oftentimes he snuffs it out.

NICOCLES.

Physicians of all men are most happy; what good success soever they have, the world proclaimeth, and what faults they commit, the Earth covereth.

EPIG. 4.

My purse being heavy, if my Light appear
But dim, Quack comes to make all clear;
Quack leave thy trade; thy dealings are not right,
Thou tak'st our weighty gold to give us light.

S.



Te auxiliante resurgo.

A

You

And

Neg

PSALM 91. 11.

And he will give his Angels charge over thee.

I.

How mine Eyes could pleafe themselves, and spend
Perpetual Ages in this precious sight?

How I could woe Etermity, to lend
My wasting day an antidote for Night

And how my flesh could with my flesh contend,
That views this object with no more delight!
My work is great, my Taper spends too fast:
'Tis all I have, and soon would out or wast
Did not this blessed screen protect it from this blass.

2.

O, I have loft the jewel of my Soul,
And I must find it out, or I must die?
Alas! my Sin-made darkness doth controul
The bright endeavour of my careful Eye:
I must go search and ransack every hole;
Nor have I other Light to seek it by:
O if this Light be spent, my work not done,
My labour's worse than lost; my jewel's gone,
And I am quite forlorn, and I am quite undone.

3

You bleffed Angels, you that do joy
The full fruition of Eternal glory,
Will you be pleas'd to fancy such a toy
As man, and quit your glorious territory,
And stoop to Earth, vouchsafing to employ
Your care to guard the dust that lies before ye?
Disdain you not these lumps of dying clay,
That, for your pains, do oftentimes repay
Neglect, if not disdain, and send you griev'd away?

4

This tapour of our lives, that once was plac'd
In the fair suburbs of Eternity,
Is now alas confin'd to ev'ry blast,
And turn'd a Maypols for the sporting Fly;
And will you, sacred Spirits, please to cast
Your care on us, and lend a gracious Eye?
How had this slender inch of Tapour been
Blasted and blaz'd, had not this heavenly Screen
Curb'd the proud blast, and timely stept between!

5.

O goodness, far transcending the report
Of lavish tongues! too vast to comprehend!
Amazed quill, how far dost thou come short
T' express expressions that so far transcend!
You blessed Courtiers of th' Eternal Court,
Whose sull-mouth'd Hallelujahs have no end,
Receive that World of praises that belongs
To your great Sov'reign; fill your holy tongues
With our Hosanna's mix'd with your Seraphick songs.

S. BERN.

If thou defirest the help of Angels, fly the comforts of the world, and refist the temptations of the Devil.

He will give his Angels charge over thee. O what reverence, what love, what confidence deserveth so sweet a saying? For their presence, reverence; for their good will, love; for their tuition, considence.



EPIG. 5.

My flame, art thou difturb'd, diseas'd and drive'n
To death with storms of grief? Point thou to Heav'n:
One Angel there shall ease thee more alone,
Than thrice as many thousands of thy own.



Tempus erits

342

ECCLESIASTES 3. i.

To every thing there is an appointed time.

Time.

I Title mind

Death

Time. B Ehold the frailty of this flender fauff,
Alas, it hath not long to laft!
Without the help of either thief or puff,
Her weakness knows the way to wast:
Nature hath made her fubstance apt enough
To spend it self, and spend too fast:
It needs the help of none
That is so prone
To lavish our untouch'd, and languish all alone.

2.

Death. Time, hold thy peace, and flake thy flow pac'd fand;

Thy idle minutes make no way:

Thy glass exceeds her hour, or elfe doth fland,

I cannot hold, I cannot flay.

Surcease thy pleading, and enlarge my hand,

I surfeit with too long delay:

This brisk, this bold-fac'd Light

Doth burn too bright;

Darkness adorns my throne, my day is darkest Night.

2.

Time. Great Prince of darkness, hold thy needless hand;
Thy captive's fast and cannot flee:
What arm can rescue? who can countermand?
What pow'r can set thy Pris'ner free?
Or if they could, what close, what foreign land
Can hide that head that flees from thee?
But if her harmless Light
Offend thy fight, (at Night?

What need'st thou snatch at noon, what will be thine

4

Death. I have out staid my patience; my quick trade
Grows dull and makes too slow return:
This long-liv'd debt is due, and should been paid
When first her slame began to burn:
But I have staid too long, I have delaid
To store my vast, my craving Urn.
My patient gives me pow'r
Each day, each hour, (tow'r
To strike the Peasants thatch, and shake the Princely

5.

Time. Thou count'st too sast: thy patent gives no pow'r

Till Time shall please to say, Amen. (hour?

Death. Canst thou appoint my shast? Time. Or thou my

Death. 'Tis I bid, do. Time. 'Tis I bid, When:

Alas! thou canst not make the poorest flow'r

To hang the drooping head till then:

Thy shasis can neither kill,

Nor strike, until (will

My power give them wings, and pleasure arm thy

S. AUGUST.

Thou knowest not what time he will come: wait always that because thou knowest not the time of his coming, thou mayest be prepared against the time he cometh. And for this perchance, thou knowest not the time, because thou mayest be prepared against all times.

EPIG. 6.

Expect, but fear not Death: Death cannot kill, Till Time, (that first must seal her Patent) will: Would'st thou live long? keep Time in high esteem; Whom gone, if thou canst not recal, redeem.



Nec sine nec Tecum

W

The Ibu

lift

rea ron

th Word, burter he Drach: Death etonos kill, the Biller F. Seet) will: the Biller F. Seet) will: the World's thou I've long! keep Time in high effects will one for the burtern.

JOB 18. 6.

His Light shall be dark, and his Candle shall be put out.

İ

W HAT ails our tapour? Is her lustre fled, Or foyl'd? What dire disaster bred This change, that thus she vails her golden head?

t was but very now she shin'd as fair to be to b

There was no cave-begotten damp that mought buse her beams; no wind that went about to break her peace; no puff to put her out.

ift up thy wond'ring thoughts, and thou shalt spie cause, will clear thy doubts, but cloud thine Eye: bjects must vail, when as their Sov'reign's by.

inst thou behold bright Phiebus, and thy fight whit impair'd? the object is too bright; the weaker yields unto the stronger Light.

teat God, I am thy Tapour, thou my Sun; from thee, the Spring of Light, my Light begun; for if thy Light but shine, my Light is done.

thou withdraw thy Light, my Light will shine, thine appear, how poor a Light is mine?

y Light is darkness if compared to thine.

Z 2

8.

Thy Sun beams are too firong for my weak Eye; If thou but shine, how nothing, Lord, am I! Ah, who can see thy visage, and not die!

9.

If intervening Earth should make a Night, My wanton flame would then shine forth too bright, My Earth would even presume t' eclipse thy Light.

10

And if thy Light be shadow'd, and mine sade, If thine be dark, and my dark Light decay'd, I should be clothed with a double shade.

II.

What shall I do? O what shall I desire? What help can my distracted thoughts require, That thus am wasting twixt a double fire?

12.

In what a strait, in what a strait am I?
'Twixt two extremes how my rackt fortunes lie?
See I thy face, or see it not, I die.

13.

O let the steam of my Redeemers bloud, That breaths from my fick Soul, be made a cloud, To interpose these Lights, and be my shroud.

14.

Lord, what am I? or what's the Light I have? May it but Light my ashes to their grave. And so from thence, to thee; 'tis all I crave.

15.

O make my Light, that all the World may fee Thy Glory by t: If not, it feems to me Honour enough, to be put out by thee.

O Light

II th

thy the O Light inaccessible, in respect of which my Light is utter wheels; so restect upon my weakness, that all the world may hold thy strength: O Majestic incomprehensible, in respect of hich my glory is mere shame: so shine upon my misery that all a World may behold thy glory.

EPIG. 7.

thou complain, because thou art bereav'n thy Light? wish thou vie Lights with Heav'n? thy bright Eye not brook the daily Light? Theed: I fear thou art a Child of Night.



Nec virtus obscura petit.

MATTHEW 5. 16.

Let your Light so shine, that men seeing your good works may glorifie your Father which is in Heaven.

13

A S it for this, the breath of Heaven was blown
Into the nostrils of this Heavenly creature?
Was it for this, that facred Three in One
Conspir'd to make this quintesfence of Nature?
Did Heavenly providence intend
So rare a fabrick for so poor an end?

Was Man, the highest master-piece of Nature,
The curious abstract of the whole Creation,
Whose Soul was copied from his great Creatour,
Made to give Light, and set for observation,
Ordain'd for this? to spend his Light
In a dark-lanthorn cloystred up in Night?

Tell me, recluse Monastick, can it be
A disadvantage to thy beams to shine?
A thousand rapours may gain Light from thee:
Is thy Light less or worse for lighting mine?
If wanting Light, I stumble, shall
Thy darkness not be guilty of my fall?

Why dost thou lurk so close? Is it for fear
Some busic Eye should pry into thy slame,
And spie a thief, or else some blemish there?
Or being spy'd, shrink'st thou thy head for shame?
Come, come fond Tapour, shine but clear,
Thou needst not shrink for shame, nor shroud for fear.

Z 4 Remember

5

Remember, O remember, thou wert fet
For men to see the great Creatour by;
Thy flame is not thy own: It is a debt
Thou ow'st thy Maker: And wilt thou deny
To pay the int'rest of thy Light?
And skulk in corners, and play least in sight?

6.

Art thou afraid to trust thy easie slame
To the injurious wast of Fortunes pust?
Ah, coward, rouze, and quit thy self for shame;
Who dies in service, hath liv'd long enough:
Who shines, and makes no Eye partaker,
Usurps himself, and closely robs his Maker.

7

Make not thy self a Pris'ner, that art free:
Why dost thou turn thy Palace to a jail?
Thou art an Eagle: And befits it thee
To live immured like a cloyster'd snail?
Let toyes seek corners; things of cost
Gain worth by view: hid jewels are but lost.

R.

My God, my Light is dark enough at lightest,
Encrease her slame, and give her strength to shine:
'I is frail at best: 'tis dim enough at brightest,
But 'tis her glory to be foyl'd by thine.

† Let others surk: My Light shall be
Propos'd to all men; and by them to thee.

S. BERN.

If thou be one of the foolish virgins, the congregation is necessary for thee; if thou be one of the wife virgins, thou art necessary for the congregation.

HUGO.

Monasticks make Cloysters to inclose the outward man: O would to God they would do the like to restrain the inward man.

EPIG: 8.

Afraid of Eyes? what, fill play least in fight? 'Tis much to be presum'd all is not right:
Too close endeavours bring forth dark events:
Come forth, Monastick; here's no Parliaments.



Ut Luna Infuntia torpet.

JOB 14. 2.

He cometh forth like a flower and is cut down.

Bebold
How short a span
Was long enough, of old,

In those well temper'd dayes his time was then
Survey'd, carr up, and found but threescore years and ten.

Alas
And what is that?
They come, and flide, and pass,
Before my pen can tell thee what.

The posts of time are fwift, which having run
Their seav'n shore stages 'ore, their shore-liv'd task is done.

Our dayes

Begun we lend

To fleep, to antick playes

And toyes, until the first stage end:

12 waining moons, twice 5 times told, we give

To unrecover'd los: We rather breatch than live.

We spend
A ten years breath,
Before we apprehend
What 'tis to live, or fear a Death:
Our childish dreams are fill'd with painted joyes,
Which please our sense a while, and waking, prove but toys.
How

How vain,

How wretched is

Poor man, that doth remain

A flave to fuch a State as this!

His dayes are short, at longest; few, at most;

They are but bad, at best; yet lavisht out, or lost.

They be
The secret springs,
That make our minutes slee
On wheels more swift than Eagles wings:
Our life's a Clock, and every gasp of breath
Breaths forth a warning grief, till Time shall strike a death.

How foon
Our new-born Light
Attains to full-ag'd Noon!
And this, how foon to gray-hair'd Night!
We fpring, we bud, we blofforn, and we blaft
E't we can count our dayes, our dayes they flee so fast.]

8.
They end
When scarce begun;
And ere we apprehend
That we begin to live, our life is done:
Man, count thy dayes; and if they flie too fast
For thy dull thoughts to count, count every day thy last.

Our infancy is consumed in eating and sleeping; in all which time what differ we from beasts, but by a possibility of

reason and a necessity of Sin?

O misery of mankind, in whom no sooner the Image of God appeareth in the act of his Reason, but the Devil blurs it in the corruption of his Will!

EPIG. 9.

To the decrepit man.

Thus was the first seventh part of thy sew dayes Consum'd in sleep, in food, in toyish playes: Know'st thou what tears thine Eyes imparted then! Review thy los, and weep them o're agen.



JOB 20. 11.

His bones are full of the Sins of his youth.

I.

THE swift-foot Post of Time hath now begun His second stage; The dawning of our Age Is lost and spent without a. Sun: The Light of Reason did not yet appear Within th' Horizon of this Hemisphere.

2.

The infant Will had yet none other guide
But twilight Sense;
And what is gain'd from thence
But doubtful steps, that tread aside?
Reason now draws her curtains; her clos'd Eyes
Begin to open, and she calls to rife.

3.

Youths now disclosing bud peeps out, and shows

Her April head;

And, from her grass green bed,

Her Virgin Primerose early blowes:

Whil'st waking Philomel prepares to Sing

Her warbling sonets to the wanton spring.

4

His stage is pleasant, and the way seems short,
All strow'd with flowers;
The dayes appear but howers,
Being spent in time-beguiling sport.
Her griefs do neither press, nor doubts perplex;
Here's neither sear to curb, nor care to vex.

5

His downy cheek grows proud, and now disdains
The tutours hand;
He glories to command
The proud-necks steed with prouder reins:
The strong-breath'd horn must now salute his Ear
With the glad downsal of the falling Deer.

6.

His quicknos'd armie, with their deep-mouth'd founds,
Most now prepare
To chase the tim'rous Hare.
About his yet unmorgag'd grounds;
The ill he hates, is counsel and delay,
And fears no mischief but a rainy day.

7.

The thought he takes, is how to take no thought

For bale nor bliss;

And late repentance is

The last dear pen'worth that he bought:

He is a dainty morning, and he may,

If lust orecast him not, b'as fair a day.

8.

Proud bloffom, use thy Time: Times head strong horse
Will post away:
Trust not the foll'wing day,
For ev'ry day brings forth a worse:
Take time at best: believe't, thy dayeswill fall
From good to bad, from bad to worst of all.

S. AMBROS.

Humility is a rare thing in a young man, therefore to be adsired: when youth is vigorous, when strength is firom, when blood is hot, when cares are strangers, when mirth is free, then prides welleth, and humility is despised.

EPIG. 10.

To the old man.

Thy years are newly gray, his newly green; is youth may live to see what thine hath seen; le is thy Parallel: his present stage
and thine are the two Tropicks of mans Age.
A a



Jam ruit in Venerem

e old man,

trace newly or the newly green; the approlition with the define the bisecute that the secure to the secure to the secure
ECCLESIASTES 11. 9.

Rejoyce, O young man, and let thy heart cheer thee, but know, Oc.

I

Ow flux! how alterable is the date
Of transitory things!
How hurry'd on the clipping wings
Of Time, and driv'n upon the wheels of Fate!
How one condition brings
The leading Prologue to another state!
No transitory things can last?
Change waits on Time, and Time is wing'd with hast;
Time present's but the ruine of Time past.

Behold how Change hath inch'd away thy Span,
And how thy Light doth burn
Nearer and nearer to thy Urn:
For this dear wafte what fatisfaction can
Injurious Time return
Thy (hortned dayes, but this, the style of Man?
And what's a man? a cask of care,
Now tunn'd and working; he's a middle stair
Twixt birth and Death; a blast of full-ag'd air.

His breast is tinder, apt to entertain

The sparks of cupids fire,

Whose new-blown flames must now enquire
A wanton julep out, which may restrain

The rage of his defire,

Whose painful pleasure is but pleasing pain,

His life's a sickness that doth rise

From a hot liver, Whilst his passion lies

Expecting cordials from his mistris Eyes.

Hiji

4.

His stage is strow'd with thorns, and deck'd with flowers:

His year sometimes appears

A minute; and his minutes, years:

His doubtful weather's Sun-shine mixt with showers;

His traffique, Hopes and Fears;

His life's a needley, made of Sweets and Sowrs;

His pains reward is Smiles and Pouts;

His diet is fair language mixt with Flouts;

He is a No-thing, all compos'd of Doubts.

5.

Do, wast thy inch, proud Span of living Earth,
Consume thy golden days
In slavish freedom; let thy ways
Take best advantage of thy frolick mirth;
Thy stock of Time decayes,
'And lavish plenty still fore-runs a dearth:
The bird that's flown may turn at last;
And painful labour may repair a wast;
But pains nor price can call thy minutes past.

SEN.

Expect great joy when thou shalt lay down the mind of a Child, and deserve the style of a wise man; for at those Years childhood is past, but oftentimes childishness remaineth, and what is worse, thou hast the authority of a man, but the vices of a Child.

EPIG. II.

To the declining man.

Why ftand'st thou discontented? Is not he
As equal distant from the top as thee?
What then may cause thy discontented frown?
He's mounting up the hill; thou plodding down.



Ut Sol ardore virili.

DEUTER ONOMIE 33. 25.

As thy Dayes, so shall thy strength be.

The Post
Of swift-foot Time
Hath now at length begun
The Calends of our middle stage:
The number'd steps that we have gone, do show
The number of those steps we are to go:
The buds and blossoms of our Age
Are blown, decay'd, and gone,
And all our prime
Is lost;

And what we boaft too much, we have least cause to boast!

Ah me!
There is no rest;
Our Time is always sleeing.
What rein can curb our head-strong hours;
They post away: They pass we know not how:
Our Now is gone, before we can say Now:
Time past and future's none of ours:
That hath as yet no being;
And this hath ceast

What is, is only ours, How short a Time have we!

And now Apollo's Ear

Expects harmonious strains

New minted from the Thracian Lyre;

For now the virtue of the twi-fork'd Hill
Inspires the ravish'd fancy, and doth fill

The veins with Pegasan fire;

The veins with Pegalean fire
And now those steril brains
That cannot show,

Nor bear

Some Fruits, shall never wear Apollo's facred Bow.

Excess
And surfeit uses
To wait upon these days;
Full seed, and flowing cups of wine
Conjure the sancy, forcing up a Spirit
By the case Magick of debauch'd delight;
Ah pity, twice-born Bacchus Vine
Should starve Apollo's Bayes,
And drown those Muses

That bless
And calm the peaceful Soul, when storms of cares oppress.

Strong Light
Boast not those beams
That can but only rise
And blaze a while, and then away:
There is no Solstice in thy day;
Thy midnight Glory lies
Betwixt th' extremes

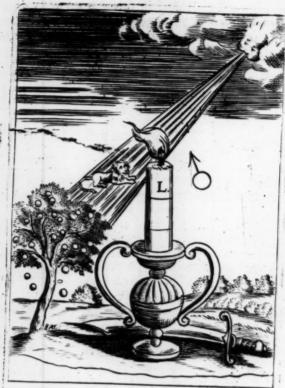
A glory foil'd with shame, and sool'd with false delight.

Hast thou climbed up to the full Age of thy few Days?
Look backwards and thou shalt see the frailty of thy years; the folly of thy childhood, and the waste of thy infancy: Land forwards, thou shalt see the cares of the World, the troubles of thy mind, the diseases of thy Body.

EPIG. 12.

To the middle-aged.

Thou that art prancing on the lufty Noon.
Of thy full Age, boaft not thy felf too foen:
Convert that breath to wail thy fickle flare;
Take heed; thou'lt brag too foon, or boaft too late.



Et Martem Spirat et arman

JOHN 3. 30.

He must encrease, but I must decrease.

IM E voids the table, dinner's done ; And now our daies declining Sun Harh hurried his diurnal load To th' borders of the Western road; Fierce Phlegon, with his fellow freeds. Now puffs and pants, and blows and bleeds. And froths and fumes, remembring still Their lashes up th' Olympick hill, Which having conquer'd, now disdain The whip, and champ the frothy rein. And with a full carieer they bend Their paces to their journeys end: Our blazing Tapour now hath loft Her better half, Nature hath croft Her forenoon book, and clear'd that score. But scarce gives trust for so much more: And now the generous sap forsakes Her fire-grown twig: a breath ev'n sbakes The down ripe fruit; fruit foon divorc'd From her dear branch, untoucht, unforc'd. Now Sanguin Venus doth begin To draw her wanton colours in, And flees neglected in difgrace, Whil'ft Mars supplies her luke-warm place: Blood turn to choler: what this Age Loses in strength it finds in rage: That rich emamel, which of old, Damask'd the downy cheek, and told,

A harmlefs

A harmless guilt, unask'd, is new Worn off from the audacious brow: Luxurious dailiance, midnight revels, Loofe riot, and those venial evils Which inconfiderate youth of late Could plead, now want an Advocate: And what appear'd in former times Whisp'ring as faults, now roar as Crimes; And now all ye whose lips were wont To drench their Coral in the font Of fork'd Parnassus; you that be The Sons of Phæbus, and can flee On wings of fancy to difplay The flagg of high invention, stay, Repose your quills; your veins grow sower, Tempt not your Salt beyond her power: If your pall'd fancies but decline, Censure will strike at every line, And wound your names, the popular Ear Weighs what you are, not what you were. Thus hackney like, we tire our Age, Spur-gall'd with change from stage to stage. Seeft thou the daily Light of the greater World? when attained to the highest pitch of Meridian glory, it stayeth not, but by the same degrees, it ascended, it descendeth. And is the Light of the lesser world more permanent? Continuance is the Child of Eternity, not of Time.

EPIG. 13.

To the young man.

Young man, rejoyce; and let thy rifing days Cheer thy glad heart: think'st thou these uphil ways Lead to Deaths dungeon? no, but know withal, Arising is but Prologue to a fall.



Invidiosa Senectus.

JOHN 12. 35.

Tet a little while is the Light with you.

I.

The day grows old, the low-pitcht lamp hath made
No less than treble shade,
And the descending damp doth now prepare
T'uncurl bright Titans hair;
Whose Western wardrobe now begins t'unfold
Her purples, fring'd with gold,
To cloath his Evening glory, when th' alarms
Of rest shall call to rest in restless Thetis arms.

2.

Nature now calls to supper, to refresh
The Spirits of all flesh;
The toyling plowman drives his thirsty teams,
To taste the slipp'ry streams:
The droyling swine-herd knocks away, and seasts
His hungry whining guests:
The boxbil Ouzle, and the dapled Thrush
Like hungry rivals meet at their beloved bush.

3.

And now the cold Autumnal dews are feen
To cobweb every green;
And by the low-shorn Rowins doth appear
The fast-declining year:
The sapless branches doff their Summer suits
And wain their Winter Fruits;
And stormy blasts have forc'd the quaking trees
To wrap their trembling limbs in suits of mostly freez.

4

Our wasted Taper now hath brought her Light
To the next door to Night;
Her sprightless flame grown with great souff, doth turn
Sad as her neighb'ring Urn:
Her slender inch, that yet unspent remains,
Lights but to further pains,
And in a silent language bids her guest
Prepare his weary limbs to take Eternal rest.

5.

Now careful Age hath pitch'd her painful plough
Upon the furrow'd brow;
And fnowy blafts of discontented care
Have blanch'd the falling hair:
Suspicious envy mixt with jealous spight
Disturb's his weary Night:
He threatens youth with Age; and now alas,
He owns not what he is, but vaunts the man he was.

6.

Gray-hairs, peruse thy dayes, and let thy past
Read Lectures to thy last:
Those hasty wings that hurry'd them away
Will give these days no day:
The constant wheels of Nature scorn to tire
Until her works expire:
That blast that nipt thy youth, will ruin thee;
That hand that shook the branch will quickly strike the tree.

S. CHRY.

30

Sec

Th

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S. CHRYS.

Gray hairs are bonourable, when the behaviour suits with gray hairs: But when an ancient man hath childish manners, he becometh more ridiculous than a Child.

SON.

Thou art in vain attained to old years, that repeatest thy youthfulness.

EPIG. 14.

To the Touth.

Seeft thou this good old Man; he represents
Thy Future, thou, his Preterperset tense:
Thou goest to labour, he prepares to rest:
Thou break st thy fast, he supps: now which is best?

B b



Plimbus in terram.

Th

S ind idv

PSALM 90. 10.

The days of our years are threescore years and ten.

I.

So have I feen th' illustrious Prince of Light Rising in glory from his Crocean bed, and trampling down the horrid shades of Night, dvancing more and more his conqu'ring head, Pause first, decline, at length begin to shroud His fainting brows within a cole-black cloud.

2.

o have I feen a well-built Castle stand
Ilpon the tip-toes of a losty Hill,
Whose active pow'r commands both Sea and Land,
And curbs the pride of the beleag'rers will:
At length her ag'd soundation fails her trust,
And layes her tott'ring ruins in the dust.

3.

So have I feen the blazing Taper shoot Her Golden head into the feeble Air, Whose shadow-gilding ray spread round about, Makes the foul face of black-brow'd darkness fair; Till at the length her wasting glory sades, And leaves the Night to her invertage shades.

4.

Ev'n fo this little World of living Clay,
The pride of Nature, glorified by Art,
Whom Earth adores, and all her Hofts obey,
Ally'd to Heav'n by his Diviner part,
Triumphs a while, then droops, and then decays,
And worn by Age, Death cancels all his days,

Bb 2

5.

That glorious Sun, that whilom shone so bright, Is now ev'n ravish'd from our darkned Eyes:
That sturdy Castle, mann'd with so much might, Lies now a Mon'ment of her own disguise:
That blazing Taper, that disdain'd the puff Of troubled Air, scarce owns the name of south.

6.

Poor bed-rid Man! where is that glory now,
Thy Youth io vaunted? where that Majesty
Which fat enthron'd upon thy manly brow?
Where, where that braving arm? that daring Eye?
Those buxom tunes? those Bacchanalian tones?
Those swelling veins? those marrow flaming bones?

7.

Thy drooping glory's blurr'd, and proftrate lies Grov'ling in dust; and frightful horrour, now, Sharpens the glaunces of thy gashful Eyes, Whilst fear perplexes thy distracted brow:

The panting breast vents, all her breath by groans, And Death enerves thy marrow-wasted bones.

8

Thus Man that's born of Woman can remain
But a short time: his dayes are full of sorrow;
His life's a penance and his Death's a pain.
Springs like a slow'r to day, and fades to morrow;
His breath's a bubble, and his day's a span:
Tis glorious misery to be born a Man.

CYPR.

When Eyes are dim, Ears Deaf, visage pale, Teeth deeayed, skin withered, breath tainted, Pipes surred, knees trembling, hands sumbling, Feet failing, the sudden downsal of thy stessibly house is near at hand.

S. AUGUST.

All vices wax old by age : covetoufness alone groweth young.



EPIG. 15. To the Infant.

What he doth spend in groans, thou spend'st in tears: Judgment and strength's alike in both your years; He's helples; so art thou; what difference then? He's an old Infant; thou, a young old Man.

FINIS.